**English 8 – ĐÁP ÁN BÀI TẬP THỰC HÀNH Tuần 3/ HKII (ViettelStudy)**

* **Phần a. Write the words under the pictures** (Sách bài học/ trang 60)

1. Sculpture
2. Clay
3. Pottery
4. Photography
5. Spray paint
6. Graffiti

* **Phần New words. Look at the pictures and do the crossword puzzle** (Sách bài tập/ trang 58)

1. Pottery
2. Sculpture
3. Graffiti
4. Clay
5. Spray paint
6. Photography

* **Phần a. Read the magazine article and choose the best headline** (Sách bài học/ trang 61)

The best headline: 2. The young Artists Biennale

* **Phần b. Read the article again and answer the questions** (Sách bài học/ trang 61)

1. Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam
2. All artists aged between 18 and 45
3. Yes, I can
4. Hai Phong
5. in 2011

* **Phần Reading a. Read the article and circle True or False** (Sách bài tập/ trang 58)

1. False
2. True
3. True
4. False
5. True
6. True

* **Phần Reading b. Read the article and circle the correct answers** (Sách bài tập/ trang 59)

1. C
2. A
3. A
4. C
5. B

**\*\*\* Bài tập bổ trợ:**

**1.** One of the festivals in the Buddhist tradition is called Vesak. It takes place in April or May, and it lasts for three days. The festival celebrates the life of the Buddha, and it also marks the beginning of the Buddhist year. During the festival, Buddhists decorate their houses and streets with flowers and paper lanterns. They give presents to monks and to poor people, and they send each other cards. In India, they sometimes buy birds in cages and ***set*** them ***free***.

1.The beginning of the Buddhist year is Vesak. **a. True** b. False

2. Vesak lasts for a month. a. True **b. False**

3. Vesak is held from April to May. a. True **b. False**

4. Buddhists held Vesak to celebrate the life of Buddha. **a. True** b. False

5. What do people do?

a. They decorate their houses and streets. b. They send each other cards.

c. They give presents to monks and to poor people. **d. All are correct**.

6. What does ***‘set free’*** mean?

**a. let an animal go out of a cage** b. take and hold an animal

c. kill an animal d. run behind an animal to catch it

**2.** Two of the most important holidays in the United States are Independence Day and Thanksgiving Day. The fourth of July marks the American declaration of Independence from Britain. Most towns, big or small, celebrate the fourth of July (1)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_parades and fireworks. Families (2) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_with barbecues or picnics. Thanksgiving Day is celebrated in fall, on the fourth Thursday in November. It is a day (3) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_people give thanks to the harvest. Most families (4) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a large dinner with roast turkey. (5) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_Independence Day and Thanksgiving Day are public (6) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

1. A. in B. by **C. with** D. of

2. A. celebrating B. celebration **C. celebrate** D. celebrated

3. A. where B. when **C. which** D. in which

4. **A. have** B. buy C. help D. take

5. A. Besides **B. Both** C. Either D. Nor

6. A. chances B. months **C. holidays** D. times

* **Reading. Complete the conversation …** (Sách bài học/ trang 62)

1. F
2. A
3. H
4. E
5. G

* **Part 1. Read the descriptions of different types of art and festivals. … Write the words.** (Sách bài tập/ trang 60)

1. B
2. B
3. A
4. A
5. C

* **Part 2. Complete the five conversations.** (Sách bài tập/ trang 60)

1. Graffiti
2. July 23rd – July 25th
3. Greenwood City Center
4. Great art on the walls
5. Some of the art made by the artists

**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**

**REVISION FOR 15-MINUTE TEST**

**(Ôn tập kiểm tra 15 phút)**

**Word family (Theme 6)**

1. celebrate (v): tổ chức, kỉ niệm 🡪 celebration (n)
2. decorate (v): trang trí 🡪 decoration (n)
3. locate (v): nằm ở 🡪 location (n): vị trí, địa điểm
4. relax (v): thư giãn 🡪 relaxation (n) 🡪 relaxing (a)
5. amaze (v): làm kinh ngạc 🡪 amazement (n) 🡪 amazing / amazed (a)
6. interest (v, n): làm say mê 🡪 interesting / interested (a) 🡪 interestingly (adv)
7. dance (v): khiêu vũ 🡪 dancer (n)
8. excite (v): làm hào hứng 🡪 excitement (n) 🡪 exciting / excited (a) 🡪 excitedly (adv)
9. photograph (n): bức ảnh 🡪 photographer (n): thợ chụp ảnh 🡪 photography (n): thuật nhiếp ảnh, nghề nhiếp ảnh
10. paint (v): vẽ, sơn 🡪 painting (n): bức vẽ 🡪 painter (n): họa sỹ, thợ sơn
11. art (n): môn mỹ thuật 🡪 artist (n): họa sỹ
12. differ (v): làm khác biệt🡪 difference (n) 🡪 different (a) 🡪 differently (adv)

**ĐÁP ÁN BÀI TẬP THỰC HÀNH**

1. **Multiple Choice**
2. The festival ……………… place every 2 years.

**A. takes** B. gets C. happens D. puts

1. A lot of artists take part ……………… the festival.

A. on B. at **C. in** D. of

1. Which is the ……………… relaxing festival? - I think it’s the Green Man.

A. good **B. most** C. more D. best

1. ……………… is an area of land covered with trees.

A. park B. stadium C. garden **D. woods**

1. People ………… sky lanterns and release them into the sky at the festival.

A. do **B. decorate** C. color D. draw

1. People crowd the streets to watch colorful ……………… on Easter Day.

A. festival B. lights **C. parades** D. costumes

1. Holi is a(n) ……………… festival in India. It only happens once a year.

A. weekly B. daily C. monthly **D. annual**

1. Is Ha Noi different ………………Tokyo?

A. on B. for **C. from** D.as

1. Vivid Sydney attracts a lot of tourists from all ……………… the world.

A. in **B. over** C. around D. to

1. The lights make the building looks ……………… .

**A. beautiful** B. beauty C. beautifully D. beautify

1. Remember ……………… your phone when you come out.

A. bringing B. bring C. brings **D. to bring**

1. Nam: Can I use your dictionary for a while? - Nga: ………………

A. No, thanks **B. Sure. No problem** C. Yes, I can D. Yes, I’d love to

1. You can see many beautiful paintings and sculptures at the ………………

**A. art gallery** B. market C. fair D. theater

1. ……………… is a traditional holiday in many Asian countries.

A. Easter B. Holi C. Thanksgiving **D. Lunar New Year**

1. People throw ........................... at each other and clean the streets with fire trucks in La Tomatina festival.

A. chocolate eggs **B. tomatoes** C. potatoes D. shoes

1. Which is the most exciting festival? - …………………….

**A. I think it’s the Rio Carnival** B. It’s the most exciting one here

C. I like watching samba parades D. I don’t like watching fireworks

1. Festivals can be in different ……………… like at the beach, in the woods, or near a mountain.

A. buildings **B. locations** C. days D. activities

1. What can I see at the festival? -……………………….

A. See you on Monday B. You can release sky lanterns into the sky

C. It’s the most interesting festival. **D. You can see thousands of lanterns all over the city**

1. Everyone celebrates ………………. holidays, on which they don’t have to go to school or work.

A. birthday **B. public** C. parade D. costume

1. People wear costumes and watch parades ………………. Mardi Gras.

A. in B. by **C. during** D. at

1. Diwali festival is only held ………………. October.

**A. in** B. at C. on D. by

1. People throw tomatoes ………………. each other.

**A. at** B. on C. in D. to

1. They ………………. tomatoes at each other and have tomato fights.

**A. throw** B. bring C. take D. make

1. During Diwali, people ………………. their houses with lights.

A. sell **B. decorate** C. color D. throw

1. **Word forms:**
2. Everyone loves to sing and **dance** on the streets during the festival. (dancer)
3. Traditionally, people **decorate** a Christmas tree with lights and gifts. (decoration)
4. New Year is **celebrated** on January 1st. (celebration)
5. There are **interesting** festivals which take place at the beach. (interest)
6. The festivals can be in different **locations** like at a beach or in the woods. (locate)
7. There are lighting shows by local and international **artists.** (art)
8. Over a million **visitors** go to Sydney every year to enjoy this festival. (visit)
9. People can join mud skiing **competitions** at the beach. (compete)
10. I think the Green Man Festival is the most **relaxing** festival. (relax)
11. There are many **amazing** shows during the festival. (amaze)
12. Making sky lanterns is an interesting **activity** in some Asian countries. (active)
13. **Traditionally**, people watch fireworks on New Year’s Eve. ( tradition)
14. His **painting** won the first prize at the competition. (paint)
15. You can see beautiful pictures of people, plants and animals at the **photography** festival. (photograph)
16. The boys sometimes do things **differently.** (different)
17. He is the youngest **photographer** at the contest. (photograph)
18. We should **relax** after a hard working week . (relaxation)
19. Khanh Thi is one of the famous **dancers** in Viet Nam. (dance)
20. There are many ice **buildings** which are decorated with colorful lights. (build)
21. Which is the most **exciting** festival in Spain? – I think it’s La Tomatina. (excite)
22. **Transformation:**

**\* Passive forms of Modal verbs** (Thể bị động của động từ khiếm khuyết)

S + **will/ can/ should/ must/ have to/ … V** + O (AP) (AT)

↔ S + **will/ can/ should/ must/ have to/ … + BE + V3/ed** + (AP) (by O) (AT)

1. Climate change **will affect** many animals.

S + will V + O

* Many animals **will be affected** by climate change.

S + will + be + V3/ed + by O

1. We should recycle trash so as to reduce land pollution.

* Trash **should be recycled so as to reduce land pollution.**

1. People can make floor covering from old car tires.

* Floor covering **can be made from old car tires.**

1. They must turn off all lights before leaving the room.

* All lights **must be turned off before leaving the room**.

1. People can wear colorful costumes at the Carnival festival.

* Colorful costumes **can be worn at the Carnival festival.**

1. People should collect old paper for recycling.

* Old paper **should be collected for recycling.**

1. The students must wear helmets while riding motorbikes.

* Helmets **must be worn while riding motorbikes by the students.**

1. We will plant trees around the school yard next Sunday.

* Trees **will be planted around the school yard next Sunday.**

1. You should water flowers every morning.

* Flowers **should be watered every morning**.

1. They can reuse the glass bottles of milk many times.

* The glass bottles **of milk can be reused many times.**

1. The boys should do the test carefully.

* The test **should be done carefully by the boys**.

1. We have to keep drugs in locked cupboard.

* Drugs **have to be kept in locked cupboard**.

1. People will build a high school in my town.

* A high school **will be built in my town**.

1. My sister can make toys from plastic bottles.

* Toys **can be made from plastic bottles by my sister**.

1. You ought to finish your work before 6 p.m.

* Your work **ought to be finished before 6 p.m**.

**\* Phrases of purpose** (Cụm từ chỉ mục đích**): in order (not) to/ so as (not) to + V**

1. I enter the room quietly. ~~I don’t want to~~ wake my younger sister up.

→I enter the room quietly **so as not to** wake my younger sister up.

2. He is staying up late. He wants to see the ﬁnal football match.

→ He is staying up late in order **to see the final football match.**

3. I have to put on my glasses. I want to see that ﬁlm.

→ I have to put on my glasses so **as to see that ﬁlm.**

4. I am studying hard. I don’t want to fail the examination.

→ I am studying hard **so as not to fail the examination**.

5. I try my best to study because I want to get a good job.

→ I try my best to study in **order to get a good job.**

6. I spend much time practicing English. I want to speak English well.

→ I spend much time practicing English so **as to speak English well.**

7. I checked my test carefully because I don’t want to make any mistakes.

→ I checked my test carefully in order **not to make any mistakes.**

9. I’m going to the hospital. I want to visit a friend.

→ I’m going to the hospital in **order to visit a friend.**

10. My father often plays badminton. He wants to keep fit.

→ My father often plays badminton so **as to keep fit.**

1. **Unscramble the words to make meaningful sentences:**
2. lighting shows/ There are/ international artists./ by/ local and

→ **There are lighting shows by local and international artists.**

1. and 45./ aged /The festival/ artists /is /for all /between 18 /

→ **The festival is for all artists aged between 10 and 45.**

1. can see /full-size buildings/ from / We/ big blocks/ of ice./ made/

→ **We can see full-size buildings made from big blocks of ice**.

1. You can/ bonfires/ enjoy music/ and make/ in Green Man Festival.

→ **You can enjoy music and make bonfires in Green Man Festival**.

1. sky lanterns/ People/ decorate/ into the sky./ and release them

→ **People decorate sky lanterns and release them into the sky**.

1. People/at each other/ throw tomatoes/ tomato fights./ and have

→ **People throw tomatoes at each other and have tomato fights**.

1. \*lanterns / activity /that/ is an / often do/ Making/at /the festival./ people /

→ **Making lanterns is an activity that people often do at the festival**.

1. \*I think/ interesting festival/ Green Man/ is the most/ in the UK.

→ **I think Green Man is the most interesting festival in the UK**.

1. \*People/ and join/ parades./ colorful costumes/ wear

→ **People wear colorful costumes and join parades**.

1. \*a leaf boat/ sail/ People/ and make/ wishes.

→ **People sail a leaf boat and make wishes**.

🙦🙦🙦🙦🙦🙤🙤🙤🙤🙦

**English 8 – Tuần 4/ HKII (ViettelStudy)**

\***HS LƯU Ý**:

- **ĐÂY LÀ NỘI DUNG BÀI MỚI** NÊN CÁC EM CỐ GẮNG GHI BÀI VÀ LÀM BÀI TẬP ĐẦY ĐỦ THEO HƯỚNG DẪN NHÉ! GVBM SẼ THEO DÕI, KIỂM TRA VÀ ĐÁNH GIÁ VIỆC HỌC TẬP TẠI NHÀ CỦA TỪNG EM, NÊN PHẦN NÀO CHƯA NẮM RÕ CÁC EM CỨ MẠNH DẠN ĐẶT CÂU HỎI.

- ĐÁP ÁN CHO CÁC BÀI TẬP THỰC HÀNH CỦA TUẦN NÀY SẼ ĐƯỢC GỬI KÈM NỘI DUNG BÀI MỚI VÀO ĐẦU TUẦN SAU CÁC EM NHÉ!

**Tiết 1:**

1. **LÝ THUYẾT: (Các em chép phần này vào vở bài học)**

**THEME 7: GOING OUR (ĐI RA NGOÀI)**

**Lesson 1: (p. 64)**

1. **New words:**
2. pick up (v): lấy
3. pass (v): đưa, chuyền
4. order (v): đặt (hàng)
5. lend (v): cho vay, cho mượn
6. borrow (v): vay, mượn
7. popcorn (n): bỏng ngô (bắp rang)
8. **Useful Language:**

**Đưa ra lời yêu cầu/ xin phép lịch sự**

**1.** Would you mind **lending me your phone**? (Bạn có phiền cho tôi mượn điện thoại được không?)

- No, I don’t mind. (không, tôi không thấy phiền)

**2.** Can you **order a pizza**? (Bạn có thể đặt 1 cái bánh pizza được không?)

- Yes, sure. (Vâng, chắc chắn rồi)

**Note:**

**Đưa ra lời yêu cầu/ xin phép lịch sự**

**Would you mind/ Do you mind +Ving……………?**

**\* Để đồng ý lời yêu cầu:**

**-** No, that’s fine/ No, I don’t mind. (không, tôi không thấy phiền

**\* Để từ chối lời yêu cầu:**

I’m sorry. I can’t. (Tôi xin lỗi, tôi không thể)

I’m sorry. That’s not possible. (Tôi xin lỗi. Điều đó là không thể)

1. **BÀI TẬP THỰC HÀNH: (Các em làm phần này trực tiếp vào sách nhé!)**

* **Phần a. Fill in the blanks using the words in the box.** (Sách bài học/ trang 64)
* **Phần b. With your partner, add more words to the table below.** (Sách bài học/ trang 64)
* **Phần New words.**
* **a. Complete the words with the vowels (a, e, i, o, u) and y. Number the pictures** (Sách bài tập/ trang 62).
* **b. Complete the word webs using the words in Exercise a, and in the box.** (Sách bài tập/ trang 62)

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**Tiết 2:**

**THEME 7: GOING OUR (ĐI RA NGOÀI)**

**Lesson 1: (cont) (p. 65)**

**\* GRAMMAR:**

* **Fill in the blanks with the correct form of the verbs.** Bài này các em chỉ làm phần chia động (Sách bài học/ trang 65)

**\* BÀI TẬP THỰC HÀNH: (HS làm trực tiếp vào sách bài tập)**

* **Phần a. Read the sentences. Circle the correct answers.** (Sách bài tập/ trang 63)
* **Phần b. Write the questions using “Would you mind….? Or “Can you….?** (Sách bài tập/ trang 63)
* **HS viết trực tiếp vào vở**

EX: Can you pass me some water, please?

* Would you mind passing me some water?

1. Can you lend me some money?

* Would you mind................................................................................................?

1. Can you drive me to the movie theater?

* Would you mind................................................................................................?

1. Will you order some burgers?

* Would you mind................................................................................................?

1. Could you turn off the TV, please?

* Do you mind.....................................................................................................?

1. Can you clean the floor?

* Do you mind....................................................................................................?

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