**UNIT 9: NATURAL DISATERS**

1. **Choose the best answer:**
2. Many people become \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ because of the natural disasters every year.

 A. homeland B. homesick C. homeless D. homework

1. Tornadoes are \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ storms which pass overland below a thunderstorm.

 A. funnel-shaped B. circle-shaped C. tropical D. snow

1. A funnel-shaped storm passing overland below a thunderstorm is called a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

 A. tidal wave B. cyclone C. volcano D. tornado

1. Thousands of lives were \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ thanks to the timely warning.

A. stored B. saved C. reserved D. limited

1. Lava hit the town during the volcanic \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. accident B. eruption C. earthquake D. storm

1. The word \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ means “big wind” in Chinese.

 A. volcano B. tornado C. tsunami D. typhoon

1. The last tsunami caused a lot of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to the countries along the Pacific coast.

 A. eruption B. disasters C. violence D. damage

1. Can you \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ what the weather will be like on the weekend?

A. announce B. suggest C. predict D. warn

1. Every year, natural \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ cause millions of dollars worth of damage.

 A. events B. accidents C. temperatures D. disasters

1. The hurricane swept in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ without any warning.

 A. abruptly B. slowly C. gradually D. softly

1. Nowadays scientists can \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ us about the volcanic eruption.

 A. inform B. give C. warn D. say

1. Many people were injured when the building \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

 A. collapsed B. destroyed C. struck D. erupted

1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is a sudden strong shaking of the ground.

 A. flood B. volcano C. earthquake D. tidal wave

1. In Australia, a tropical storm is known as \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

 A. typhoon B. hurricane C. cyclone D. earthquake

1. We need to fix the roof because there must be strong wind \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

 A. blow B. to blow C. blowing D. blew

1. There may be a power cut, so you need to buy \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and matches.

 A. food B. candles C. blankets D. ladder

1. Pompeii was completely \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in AD 79 by an eruption of Mount Vesuvius.

 A. destroyed B. destruction C. construct D. construction

1. A disastrous volcanic eruption happened in the Philippines \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 1991.

 A. on B. in C. at D. since

1. Please, turn \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the television. It’s too loud, and I’m working.

A. on B. up C. down D. round

1. Tornadoes can suck up anything that is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ their path.

 A. on B. in C. at D. for

1. **Use the right form of words**:
2. Thousands of people were \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ killed in that morning. (**disaster**)
3. In America hurricanes are \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ storms that reach 120 kilometers per hour. (**tropic**)
4. All of the children were \_\_\_\_\_ taken out of the building when the fire started. (**safe**)
5. HCM city and areas to the south will be \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. (**sun**)
6. My uncle is an \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ doctor. He has saved a lot of people. (**experience**)
7. Today is a gloomy day. It’s a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ day. (**cloud**)
8. She isn’t satisfied with her \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ for her live show. (**prepare**)
9. Lunch is being \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ by my mother in the kitchen now. (**prepare**)
10. The most \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ earthquake in Japanese history occurred in 1923. (**disaster**)
11. The hurricane swept in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ without any warning. (**abrupt**)
12. Thousands of people were saved because scientists had warned them about the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of the volcano in the Philippines in 1991. (**erupt**)
13. Our program tonight is about \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ disasters. (**nature**)
14. This is the man who luckily escaped from a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ eruption last week. (**volcano**)
15. Indonesia has suffered from \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ waves which always cause too much damage. (**tide**)
16. The Tsunami \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in December 2004 in South East Asia killed more than 160,000 people. (**disastrous**)
17. He is one of the best \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in the world. (**science**)
18. If a building collapses, it \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ falls down. (**sudden**)
19. I don’t like these flowers because they look \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. (**nature**)
20. This volcano has \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_five times during the last twenty years. (**erupt**)
21. The terrible \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of the storm made thousands of people homeless. (**destroy**)
22. **Rewrite**:
23. This is the first time I’ve seen a volcano.

→ I’ve

1. When was the last time you saw Mary?

→How long

1. The book is very interesting. I lent it to you yesterday.

→The book

1. The young women are all from Japan. We met them at the meeting last night.

→The young

1. Did you thank Mr. Pike? He opened the door for you.

→Did you

1. Henry is a journalist. His tape recorder was stolen.

→Henry

1. He must be the boy. We saw him running away.

→He

1. John was friendly and intelligent. John found a good job.

→John

1. The Moon reflects the light to the Earth. The Moon can be compared to a large mirror.

→The Moon

1. Mr. Pike can play tennis. He is over seventy.

→Mr. Pike

1. That earthquake was very strong. It struck Kobe in 1995.

→The earthquake

1. Dang Thuy Tram’s diary is a beautiful book. I’ve read it twice.

→Dang Thuy Tram’s diary which

1. A tsunami killed more than 300,000 people. It hit some Asian countries in 2004.

→The tsunami which

1. Although she is seriously ill, she enjoyed life very much.

→Despite

1. Cars cause pollution but people still want them.

→Though

1. The wind was cold this morning but we went for a walk.

→In spite of

1. His tiredness after the long drive did not prevent him from finishing his work.

→Although

1. In spite of the heat in the afternoon, we decided not to go for a swim.

→Although

1. He stayed home because he had a stomachache.

→He had a stomachache,

1. I’m ill, so I can’t go to Hoa’s birthday party.

→If