

# **REVISION FOR THE SECOND FINAL TEST – ENGLISH 8**

## **SCHOOL YEAR: 2024 – 2025**

**I. Choose the word whose underlined part differs from the other three.**

1. A. <u>disappeared</u>	B. <u>decided</u>	C. <u>traveled</u>	D. <u>claimed</u>
2. A. <u>exciting</u>	B. <u>living</u>	C. <u>gravity</u>	D. <u>billion</u>
3. A. <u>added</u>	B. <u>painted</u>	C. <u>stayed</u>	D. <u>posted</u>
4. A. <u>dream</u>	B. <u>team</u>	C. <u>bread</u>	D. <u>tease</u>
5. A. <u>believed</u>	B. <u>reported</u>	C. <u>appeared</u>	D. <u>raised</u>
6. A. <u>heat</u>	B. <u>bread</u>	C. <u>bean</u>	D. <u>peach</u>
7. A. <u>cheap</u>	B. <u>thread</u>	C. <u>dead</u>	D. <u>health</u>
8. A. <u>played</u>	B. <u>stopped</u>	C. <u>dreamed</u>	D. <u>planned</u>
9. A. <u>great</u>	B. <u>waste</u>	C. <u>surface</u>	D. <u>chase</u>
10. A. <u>recognized</u>	B. <u>lifted</u>	C. <u>completed</u>	D. <u>lasted</u>

**II. Choose the word that has stress pattern differs from the other three.**

1. A. common	B. alike	C. boring	D. ethnic
2. A. traditional	B. embroidery	C. activity	D. population
3. A. assistant	B. astronaut	C. doctor	D. pilot
4. A. affect	B. attend	C. generate	D. pollute
5. A. culture	B. support	C. headscarf	D. silver
6. A. engineer	B. musician	C. designer	D. director
7. A. gigabyte	B. vehicle	C. battery	D. disaster
8. A. utensils	B. exciting	C. pottery	D. tradition

### ***III. Multiple choice***

**decorate with; take up; thanks for/to; on + date;  
popular with; in + year/place**

A. under

B. with

C. in

D. from

#### IV. Multiple choice

1. Do you fancy coming to the football match?  
A. That doesn't sound like fun.      C. Nothing special.  
B. Let's go out for football match      D. No problem

2. You: The song is very excellent, Tommy! You are a great musician.    Tommy: \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. Don't mention it      B. That right      C. Thanks, I think so      D. Thanks, I'm glad you like it

3. A: "Hello, can you help me choose a laptop?" B: "\_\_\_\_\_"  
A. Yes, you can.      B. Yes, I do.  
C. Yes, you can choose a laptop.      D. Yes. What do you use your laptop for?

4. A: "What do you think about my new tablet?" B: "\_\_\_\_\_.  
A. Of course, it is      B. It is great      C. I like it      D. Thank you

5. Jack: Where will people live in 100 years? Ben: \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. Why not go there for some fresh air?      C. On another planet, maybe!  
B. It's a good place to live.      D. It's not suitable for people to live here.

6. Kayla: How was your vacation? – Katie: \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. I stayed in a beautiful homestay.  
B. I spent a whole week in Da Lat.  
C. We tried all the local food and visited lots of tourist attractions there.  
D. It was amazing. Everything was great.

7. Andy: "Would you mind helping me with a survey?" – Anna: "....."  
A. No, I wouldn't      B. What's it about? C. Nevermind      D. Don't mention it.

8. Elle: "I've got two *London has fallen* tickets. Would you like to go with me?" – Elaine: "\_\_\_\_\_"  
A. You can say that again.      B. I don't think that's true.  
C. How about going to the cinema?      D. Well, I'm not really into crime films.

9. He refused to give up work \_\_\_\_\_ he'd won a million pounds.  
A. despite      B. though      C. so      D. because

10. My sister gave me this card, \_\_\_\_\_ I don't know who sent it.  
A. and      B. but      C. however      D. or

11. I'll call you \_\_\_\_\_ soon as I get home from work.  
A. so      B. as      C. like      D. too

12. Jim doesn't speak English clearly, \_\_\_\_\_ it's difficult to understand him .  
A. because      B. so      C. and      D. but

13. Their parents are always proud of them \_\_\_\_\_ they are good children.  
A. and      B. because      C. so      D. But

14. . \_\_\_\_\_ he is poor, he is a hard-working and honest man.  
A. As      B. Because      C. When      D. Although

15. The rock star decided to buy a \_\_\_\_\_ in order to explore beautiful islands and shores.  
A. bus      B. coach      C. trolley      D. yacht

16. This is a type of boat that people use for racing or leisure travel that has sails and possibly an engine.

A. yacht                    B. jet                    C. helicopter                    D. plane

17. \_\_\_\_\_ is a person who serves airplane passengers.  
 A. Engineer                B. Actor                C. Flight attendant            D. Game designer

18. -Ann: I spend every summer vacation with my family on a luxury yacht.  
 -David: She said that she \_\_\_\_\_ every summer vacation with \_\_\_\_\_ family on a luxury yacht.  
 A. spent / hers            B. spend / her        C. spent / her                D. spent / their

19. The Mường, Chăm, Ê-đê are some \_\_\_\_\_ groups in Viet Nam.  
 A. ethnic                    B. crowded                C. famous                    D. peaceful

20. The new device comes with a bigger display. Its \_\_\_\_\_ is 11.9 inches.  
 A. storage space            B. powerful chip        C. screen size                D. home button

21. Snails and hearts are common \_\_\_\_\_ on Hmong clothes.  
 A. patterns                    B. performances        C. decisions                    D. clothes

22. This is a type of aircraft that has no wings, but it has one or more very large fans on top.  
 A. train                        B. motorbike                C. helicopter                    D. hot-air balloon

23. Vietnam is home to 54 \_\_\_\_\_ groups; each of them has its own unique traditions.  
 A. minor                        B. tiny                        C. small                        D. ethnic

24. I love the \_\_\_\_\_ on H'mong clothing. They look like flowers, animals, and stars.  
 A. patterns                    B. signs                        C. materials                    D. colors

25. My whole family is \_\_\_\_\_ because my grandmother is in hospital.  
 A. terrified                    B. strange                    C. stressed                        D. excited

26. Hmong women decorate their clothes with lots of colorful \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A. silver                        B. embroidery                C. corn                            D. pottery

27. People will take \_\_\_\_\_ of robots to do household chores.  
 A. chance                        B. condition                C. advantage                    D. success

28. Email, and chat rooms let children \_\_\_\_\_ with friends and family members.  
 A. talk                            B. say                            C. speak                            D. communicate

29. Among the \_\_\_\_\_, the Kinh have the largest population.  
 A. ethnic minorities            B. ethnic groups        C. ethnic cultures                D. majorities

30. If I work hard and save my money, I can become a \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A. celebrity                    B. mansion                    C. millionaire                    D. helicopter

31. Sam and I live in that house because it's \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A. mine                            B. yours                        C. theirs                            D. ours

32. Some people believe that aliens from \_\_\_\_\_ space have visited our earth.  
 A. outer                            B. abroad                        C. inner                            D. aboard

33. There are a lot of strange \_\_\_\_\_ that are not discovered in the solar system.  
 A. craters                        B. gemstones                C. planets                        D. spots

34. In my free time, I go on \_\_\_\_\_ to stay in touch with friends.  
 A. social media                B. games                        C. smartphones                D. text messages

35. People sometimes call \_\_\_\_\_ "the Red Planet".  
 A. Venus                            B. Mars                            C. oxygen                            D. Earth

36. \_\_\_\_\_ does the tablet weigh?

A. How much      B. How many      C. How      D. How heavy

37. \_\_\_\_\_ is the space on your phone or computer where you store data such as pictures.

A. screen      B. storage      C. battery      D. gigabyte

38. Some people live and work in space, but most people live on \_\_\_\_\_.

A. Mars      B. Earth      C. Venus      D. Space station

39. Women in the future will do all the housework with the help of modern \_\_\_\_\_.

A. kitchen      B. equipment      C. household      D. cooking

40. I think she is sick. She \_\_\_\_\_ to school tomorrow.

A. will go      B. won't go      C. is going      D. doesn't go

41. People \_\_\_\_\_ on Mars someday, but it is too expensive to travel there now.

A. live      B. are living      C. lived      D. will live

42. What \_\_\_\_\_ life be like if we live on the moon in the 23<sup>rd</sup> century?

A. was      B. do      C. is      D. will

43. Now we drive petrol cars, but in 2040, all transport \_\_\_\_\_ electric.

A. was      B. is      C. will be      D. have to be

44. The students \_\_\_\_\_ to school next Friday.

A. don't go      B. doesn't go      C. won't go      D. not go

45. Nick and his friends \_\_\_\_\_ to Vung Tau city tomorrow.

A. will travel      B. travel      C. traveled      D. don't travel

#### **V. Use the correct form of the word given in each sentence.**

1. He had a \_\_\_\_\_ look while listening to the folk music. (dream)

2. The valley was covered in a \_\_\_\_\_ morning mist. (dream)

3. The \_\_\_\_\_ wrote about ethnic festivals. (journal)

4. A \_\_\_\_\_ interviewed an artisan about embroidery. (journal)

5. She felt \_\_\_\_\_ before the traditional dance performance. (stress)

6. He was \_\_\_\_\_ about remembering the folk song lyrics. (stress)

7. Teaching folk dances in schools is a \_\_\_\_\_ to preserving traditions. (solve)

8. The elders found a \_\_\_\_\_ to keep traditional crafts alive. (solve)

9. The \_\_\_\_\_ market sells many traditional handmade crafts. (center)

10. The tour guide gave the \_\_\_\_\_ to the ethnic village. (direct)

11. He followed the \_\_\_\_\_ to the traditional festival. (direct)

12. The house was filled with colorful \_\_\_\_\_ for the festival. (decorate)

13. Traditional \_\_\_\_\_ made the ceremony more beautiful. (decorate)

14. The Tay people \_\_\_\_\_ wear embroidered clothes on special occasions. (tradition)

15. Vietnamese families \_\_\_\_\_ gather for Tet celebrations. (tradition)

16. The Khmer people celebrate their New Year festival, and \_\_\_\_\_, the Cham people have their own traditional New Year. (similar)

17. Teenagers enjoy folk games, and \_\_\_\_\_, they love traditional music. (similar)

18. He felt \_\_\_\_\_ for the long traditional dance performance. (fitness)

19. Modern houses seem \_\_\_\_\_ for traditional decorations. (fitness)

20. The traditional costume didn't \_\_\_\_\_ him properly. (fitness)

21. She is \_\_\_\_\_ in performing traditional dances. (experience)

22. The \_\_\_\_\_ singer was nervous during the traditional music contest. (experience)

23. The teacher paid special \_\_\_\_\_ to students learning traditional crafts. (attend)

24. His \_\_\_\_\_ at the cultural workshop was highly appreciated. (attend)

25. Many students \_\_\_\_\_ the ethnic festival last weekend. (attend)

26. She \_\_\_\_\_ beautiful flowers on the traditional dress. (embroider)

27. The \_\_\_\_\_ on the ethnic costume was colorful and detailed. (embroider)

28. The journalist \_\_\_\_\_ an artisan about his weaving techniques. (interview)

29. The \_\_\_\_\_ shared stories about his family's embroidery tradition. (interview)

30. The \_\_\_\_\_ asked many questions about traditional customs. (interview)

**VI. Look at the signs. Choose the best answer (A, B, C or D) for each sign.**

<b>1. What does the sign say?</b>	 <p>A. Road will be slippery when it is wet.      B. Road is always slippery.      C. Road won't be slippery even when it is wet.      D. Road won't be slippery at all.</p>
<b>2. What does the notice say?</b>	<p><b>Cinema</b>  <b>We cannot change your seats after you've paid for tickets.</b></p> <p>A. You can change your seats after paying for tickets      B. You can change your seats before paying for tickets.      C. You should change your seats if you can see the film.      D. You can change your seats if you like.</p>
<b>3. What does the sign say?</b>	 <p>A. Using mobile phones is allowed when pumping gas.      B. Using mobile phones is prohibited when pumping gas.      C. Making a phone call when pumping gas is possible.      D. Using mobile phones isn't dangerous when pumping gas.</p>
<b>4. What does the sign mean?</b>	 <p>A. This road is only for motorbikes.      B. This road is only for cars.      C. This road is only for cars and motorbikes.      D. Cars and motorbikes are forbidden</p>
<b>5. What does the sign mean?</b>	 <p>A. Dancing not permitted here.      B. No loose clothing while operating this machine.      C. Do not stand near the machine.      D. Do not enter.</p>

<p><b>6. What does the sign mean?</b></p> <p><b>CAUTION</b></p> 	<p>A. Be careful because you must use wet paint on this item.      B. Be careful because the paint is still wet.      C. You can find only wet paint here.      D. Be careful when you use wet paint.</p>
<p><b>7. What does the notice say?</b></p> <p><b>SORRY!</b>  <b>No shower in the Sports centre</b>  <b>this week</b></p>	<p>A. You should take shower this week.      B. You can wash in the Sport centre.      C. You will not be able to wash yourself here for a few days.      D. Shower is very convenient for a few days.</p>
<p><b>8. What does the sign mean?</b></p> 	<p>A. There are a lot of policemen.      B. Be careful because cameras are installed.      C. The police don't take care of this area.      D. You can do anything illegally here</p>

**VII. Look at the entry of the word ..... in a dictionary. Use what you can get from the entry to complete the sentences with two or three words.**

**1. Look at the entry of the word 'attend' in a dictionary. Use what you can get from the entry to complete the sentences with two or three words.**

## attend *verb*

 A2

 /ə'tend/

 /ə'tend/

### + Verb Forms

### Phrasal Verbs

1   [intransitive, transitive] (rather formal) to be present at an event

- *We'd like as many people as possible to attend.*
- **attend something** *The meeting was attended by 90% of shareholders.*
- *to attend a wedding/funeral/service/ceremony*
- *Everyone is welcome to attend the free event.*
- *All members are requested to attend this meeting.*
- *5,000 people from around the world were invited to attend the conference.*

1. Students and parents are \_\_\_\_\_ the science fair.

2. Did you \_\_\_\_\_ interesting at the conference?

**2. Look at the entry of the word 'population' in a dictionary. Use what you can get from the entry to complete the sentences with two or three words.**

## population noun

  

▶  /,pəpju'lɛʃn/

◀  /,pə:pju'lɛʃn/

1 ★  (countable + singular or plural verb, uncountable) all the people who live in a particular area, city or country; the total number of people who live there

- One *third* of the world's *population* consumes/consume two *thirds* of the world's resources.
- *The country has a total population of 65 million.*
- *The entire population of the town was at the meeting.*
- *countries with ageing populations*
- *Muslims make up 55 per cent of the population.*
- *an increase in population*
- *areas of dense/sparse population* (= where many/not many people live)
- *The population is increasing at about 6 per cent per year.*
- *The general population was/were against the measures.*
- *population growth/density*

1. Because of \_\_\_\_\_ of the region, there is a large demand for readily available food.
2. \_\_\_\_\_ of the city has increased significantly in the last decade.
3. *Look at the entry of the word 'temperature' in a dictionary. Use what you can get from the entry to complete the sentences with two or three words.*

# temperature *noun*

 A2

 /'temprətʃə(r)/

 /'temprətʃər/,  /'temprətʃʊr/

[countable, uncountable]

(abbreviation **temp**)

**Idioms**

1.   A2 the measurement in degrees of how hot or cold a thing or place is

- *high/low temperatures*
- *cold/warm temperatures*
- *a drop/rise in temperature*
- *The temperature has risen (by) five degrees.*
- *Some places have had temperatures in the 40s (= over 40° centigrade).*
- **at a temperature** *Chemical reactions take place more slowly at low temperatures.*
- *the water/air/surface temperature*

1. \_\_\_\_\_ cooking can result in very tender meat.

2. The sudden \_\_\_\_\_ made everyone reach for their coats.

4. Look at the entry of the word 'powerful' in a dictionary. Use what you can get from the entry to complete the sentences with two or three words.

## powerful *adjective*

 B1 

 /'paʊəfl/

 /'paʊərfl/

1.   B1 (of people) being able to control and influence people and events

SYNONYM **influential**

- *an incredibly powerful organization*
- *extremely/immensely/enormously powerful*
- *The US remains the most powerful nation in the world.*
- *She is still a powerful figure in the party.*
- *a rich and powerful man*
- *Fortunately we have some powerful allies.*
- *Over time these groups have grown more powerful.*
- *Europe has become increasingly powerful on the world stage.*

1. Her voice was \_\_\_\_\_ capable of moving an entire audience to tears.

2. Even as a child, she recognized her grandmother as \_\_\_\_\_ in their small community

5. Look at the entry of the word 'terrified' in a dictionary. Use what you can get from the entry to complete the sentences with two or three words.

# terrified *adjective*

▶ /'terifaid/

▶ /'terifaid/

## Idioms

★ very frightened

- **terrified (of somebody/something)** *to be terrified of spiders*
- **terrified (of doing something)** *I'm terrified of losing you.*
- **terrified (that...)** *He was terrified (that) he would fall.*
- **terrified (at something)** *She was terrified at the thought of being alone.*

1. The city was \_\_\_\_\_ another earthquake would strike
2. The child was \_\_\_\_\_ going to the dentist.

6. Look at the entry of the word 'ceremony' in a dictionary. Use what you can get from the entry to complete the sentences with two or three words.

# ceremony *noun*

KEY B1

▶ /'serəməni/

▶ /'serəməuni/

(plural **ceremonies**)

## Idioms

1. ★ KEY B1 [countable] a public or religious occasion that includes a series of formal or traditional actions

- *More than 1000 people attended the ceremony.*
- *an awards/opening ceremony*
- *a wedding/marriage/graduation ceremony*
- *a religious/civil ceremony*
- *The priest had travelled from Australia to perform the ceremony.*

1. They gathered in the ancient temple to \_\_\_\_\_
2. The students were excited for their upcoming \_\_\_\_\_.

**VIII. Rewrite each of the following sentences in another way so that it means almost the same as the sentence printed before it.**

**DẠNG 1: PHRASAL VERB:**

- **take part in = participate in = join**
- **looking forward to V ing= excite about V ing = eager to V1=hope to V1**
- **Take care of = look after**

1. We're all excited about going to the concert tonight.  
→ We're looking \_\_\_\_\_
2. Are you eager to go to the party?  
→ Do you \_\_\_\_\_
3. Did you participate in the community cleanup this weekend?  
→ Did you take \_\_\_\_\_
4. We encourage everyone to join the upcoming charity event. ( use TAKE)  
→ \_\_\_\_\_
5. My aunt looked after me after my parents died.  
→ My aunt took \_\_\_\_\_

**DẠNG 2:**

**S<sub>1</sub> + V<sub>1</sub>, so S<sub>2</sub> + V<sub>2</sub>**  
→ **Because / As / Since S<sub>1</sub> + V<sub>1</sub>, S<sub>2</sub> + V<sub>2</sub> hay S<sub>2</sub> + V<sub>2</sub> because / as / since S<sub>1</sub> + V<sub>1</sub>**

1. We went to a restaurant because we were hungry. ( SO)  
→ \_\_\_\_\_
2. It was raining so I took my umbrella.  
→ I \_\_\_\_\_
3. Olivia was happy. She had a great time at the park.  
→ Olivia was \_\_\_\_\_  
→ Olivia had \_\_\_\_\_
4. The room is still messy since I didn't clean it.  
→ I \_\_\_\_\_
5. I was very tired so I went home early.  
→ Because \_\_\_\_\_
6. Because she had no food, she went shopping.  
→ She went \_\_\_\_\_

**DẠNG 3: When/While**

**When + S<sub>1</sub> + V<sub>1</sub> (V<sub>2</sub>/ed), + S<sub>2</sub> + V<sub>2</sub> (V<sub>2</sub>/ed) (2 hành động xảy ra gần nhau)**

**When + S<sub>1</sub> + V<sub>1</sub> (was/were Ving) + (clear point of time – thời gian cụ thể), S<sub>2</sub> + V<sub>2</sub> (V<sub>2</sub>/ed)**

**When/While + S<sub>1</sub> + V<sub>1</sub> (V<sub>2</sub>/ed), S<sub>2</sub> + V<sub>2</sub> (was/were Ving) (hành động đan xen)**

**While + S<sub>1</sub> + V<sub>1</sub> (was/were Ving), S<sub>2</sub> + V<sub>2</sub> (was/were Ving) (2 hành động đang diễn ra song song )**

1. We were driving down the hill. A strange object suddenly appeared in the sky. (when)

→ \_\_\_\_\_

2. I was making dinner. My sister was watching television. (while)  
→ \_\_\_\_\_

3. I was talking on the phone. My friend was reading magazines. (while)  
→ \_\_\_\_\_

4. The movie ended. We turned off the TV. (when)  
→ \_\_\_\_\_

5. We were watching a movie called “King Kong”. A friend came over. (when)  
→ \_\_\_\_\_

#### DẠNG 4: REPORTED SPEECH

**S1 + said to sb/ told sb + (that) + S2 + V (lùi về thì quá khứ tương ứng)**

1. "We're going to spend our holiday in this beautiful camping site," the tour guide said to them.  
→ The tour guide said \_\_\_\_\_

2. "You can't go out now because it's snowing severely," Tim's grandma told him.  
→ Tim's grandma told him \_\_\_\_\_

3. "Watching cartoons was my number one hobby years ago, but I'm into horror movies now," said Louis.  
→ Louis said **that** \_\_\_\_\_

4. "The book you're looking for can't be here," the librarian told Ariana.  
→ The librarian told Ariana \_\_\_\_\_

5. "I must finish this assignment today and send it to the teacher via e-mail tomorrow," said Ms Jennie.  
→ Ms Jennie said to Ba \_\_\_\_\_

6. My mom told me, “You must finish your homework before playing games.”  
→ My mom told me \_\_\_\_\_