

TRƯỜNG THCS PHAN CÔNG HÓN

TỔ TIẾNG ANH

TIẾNG ANH 8

TUẦN 33 (TỪ 29/04 ĐẾN 04/05)

PERIOD 91

UNIT 8: TRADITIONS OF ETHNIC GROUPS IN VIETNAM

LESSON 3.1

A. NEW WORDS

1. homestay (n)	/'həʊmsteɪ/	Nhà trọ
2. stilt house (n)	/stɪlt haʊs/	Nhà sàn
3. gong (n)	/ɡɔːŋ/	Chiêng
4. folk (n)	/fəʊk/	Dân gian
5. local (n)	/'ləʊkl/	Địa phương
6. traditional (adj)	/trə'dɪʃənəl/	Truyền thống
7. celebrate (v)	/'selɪbreɪt/	Ăn mừng
8. decorate (v)	/'dekəreɪt/	Trang trí
9. lunar year (n)	/,luːnər 'jɪr/	Năm âm lịch

B. WORD FORM

1. perform(v) → performance(n)
2. delicious(adj) → deliciously(adv)
3. inform(v) → information(n)
4. tradition(n) → traditional(adj) → traditionally(adv)
5. main(adj) → mainly(adv)

C. EXERCISES

I/ PRONUNCIATION

1. A. s <u>no</u> w	B. kn <u>o</u> w	C. st <u>o</u> p	D. s <u>o</u>
2. A. b <u>o</u> ne	B. g <u>o</u> al	C. c <u>o</u> ach	D. h <u>o</u> t
3. A. thr <u>o</u> at	B. b <u>o</u> at	C. abr <u>o</u> ad	D. c <u>o</u> at

II/ STRESS

1. A. safely	B. tired	C. cloudy	D. provided
2. A. usually	B. useful	C. repeat	D. clever
3. A. prefer	B. easy	C. pretty	D. dirty

III/ MULTIPLE CHOICE

- A: _____ do you want to use your computer for?
B: I want to use it for playing games.
A. When B. What C. How D. Why
- A: _____ storage does your phone have?
B: It has 128 GB of storage.
A. How B. How many C. How long D. How much
- A: _____ will people live in the future?
B: I think they will live on space stations.
A. How much B. How many C. Where D. What
- Lan wants to buy _____ new mobile phone.
A. a B. an C. the D. ϕ
- The Tay people mainly live in _____ Lang Son, Cao Bang and Tuyen Quang.
A. a B. an C. the D. ϕ
- I _____ down the street when it _____ to rain.
A. walked/begin C. was walking/began
B. was walking/was beginning D. walked/was beginning
- It's their problem, not _____.
A. ours B. our C. us D. we
- A: Her dream is to be a teacher. What's yours?
B: _____ is to become a dentist.
A. My B. Mine C. Me D. I
- I think my grandmother drives _____ everyone else in Tokyo!
A. more slowly than B. slower than C. as slow as D. more slow than
- I think people will _____ on Mars in the future.
A. live B. living C. lives D. to live

V/ WORD FORM

- We saw a _____ Tày folk music and dance show. (tradition)
- My mother cooked many _____ dishes for my family. (deliciously)
- Our trip to Jun was very _____ (excite)
- We also watched a gong _____ in Jun village. (perform)
- He is _____ concerned with Chăm dance. (main)

PERIOD 92
UNIT 8: TRADITIONS OF ETHNIC GROUPS IN VIETNAM
LESSON 3.2

IV/ PASSAGES

Thomas Alva Edison was born in Ohio in 1847. As a child, he received less than a year of formal schooling, but was educated at home. His parents allowed him to set up a laboratory in their basement and his mother gave him books about chemistry and electronics. Edison credited his mother as being ‘the making’ of him.

In 1878, Thomas Edison began serious research into developing a practical incandescent lamp and on October 14, 1878, Edison filed his first patent application for “Improvement in Electric Lights”. In 1879 he created a successful incandescent light bulb. This was his hardest project – from 1877 to 1880, Edison and his assistants tried around 3000 experiments to perfect their light bulb design. By the end of 1880, Edison had produced a bulb that lasted 1500 hours. This discovery marked the beginning of commercially manufactured light bulbs and in 1880, Thomas Edison’s company, Edison Electric Light Company began marketing **its** new product.

- | | |
|--|------------------------------------|
| 1. When was Edison born? | |
| A. He was born in 1878. | C. He was born in 1847. |
| B. He was born in 1877. | D. He was born in 1500. |
| 2. Where was Edison’s laboratory? | |
| A. It was at his school. | C. It was in a company. |
| B. It was in the city. | D. It was in his basement. |
| 3. How many hours did the 1880 bulb last? | |
| A. It lasted 3000 hours. | C. It lasted 1500 hours. |
| B. It lasted 2000 hours. | D. It lasted 500 hours. |
| 4. What does the word “its” in the last sentence refer to? | |
| A. Thomas Edison’s company | C. Thomas Edison’s patent |
| B. Thomas Edison’s invention | D. Thomas Edison’s discovery |
| 5. What is the main idea of the passage? | |
| A. A brief history of the light bulb | C. The early life of Thomas Edison |
| B. Family of Thomas Edison | D. Thomas Edison’s company |

VI/ REARRANGEMENT

1. does /What /want /she /to use /for /? /her laptop
→ _____.
2. this phone /Does /have /long /? /battery life
→ _____.
3. will /The world’s population /11 billion /by 2100 /. /reach
→ _____.
4. will /I think /we /need /a new home /in the future /. /to find
→ _____.

VII/ REWRITE

1. The salesman said, “Are you interested in the scheme?”
→ The salesman asked me if _____.
2. “Where are you going?”

→ Mary asked me_____.

3. John said, "Can you go tomorrow?"

→ John asked me_____.

4. "Do you make any crafts?"

→ Lisa asked me_____.

5. "What crops do you grow in your field?"

→ She asked me_____.

PERIOD 93
UNIT 8: TRADITIONS OF ETHNIC GROUPS IN VIETNAM
REVIEW (1)

TEST 1 –UNIT 8

I. Listen to the record player three times, then choose the best answer (A, B, C or D). ((Students' Book, p.79 – CD2 Track 32) (1pt)

(Từ câu 1 đến câu 4, thí sinh chỉ viết mẫu tự (A, B, C hoặc D) đại diện cho câu trả lời đúng vào Phần ANSWERS)

1. 1. Where did Sarah go on vacation ? – She went to _____.
 A. Đắk Lắk B. Hà Giang C. Lâm Đồng D. Kon Tum
2. Pú Péo is the name of a small _____ in Viet Nam.
 A. ethnic group B. village C. mountain D. locals
3. What did the girl usually wear ?
 A. a black skirt B. a long vest C. blue apron D. purple headscarf
4. What does the girl's family do ? – They're _____.
 A. workers B. designers C. farmers D. journalists

ANSWERS
1.
2.
3.
4.

II. Choose the word or phrase (A, B, C or D) that best fits the space or best answers the question given in each sentence. (2.5 pts)

(Từ câu 5 đến câu 14, thí sinh chỉ viết mẫu tự (A, B, C hoặc D) đại diện cho câu trả lời đúng vào Phần ANSWERS)

5. Which word has the underlined part pronounced differently from that of the others?
 A. cloth B. go C. home D. gow
6. Which word has the underlined part pronounced differently from that of the others?
 A. rice B. sticky C. silver D. stilt
7. Which word has a different stress pattern from that of the others?
 A. basket B. ceremony C. experience D. ethnic
8. Which word has a different stress pattern from that of the others?
 A. tradition B. village C. province D. headscarf
9. She asked him when he _____ dinner in his house.
 A. has B. have C. had D. to have
10. I love the _____ on this skirt. The stars and clouds look very pretty together.
 A. headscarf B. pottery C. product D. pattern
11. _____ M'Nông people in Đắk Nông Province have lots of _____ interesting folk tales.
 A. The/an B. Ø / an C. The/ ø D. A/ the
12. Many ethnic groups like to eat sticky rice _____ important days.
 A. in B. on C. at D. of
13. I am trying to eat healthy. I eat a lot of _____ vegetables.
 A. steamed B. burn C. boil D. fry
14. How was your vacation, John ?-_____
 A. It's good . B. It was great. C. No problem. D. Oh!

ANSWERS
5.
6.
7.
8.
9.
10.
11.
12.
13.
14.

III. Look at the signs. Choose the best answer (A, B, C or D) for questions 15 and 16. (0.5pt)

(Từ câu 15 đến câu 16, thí sinh chỉ viết mẫu tự (A, B, C hoặc D) đại diện cho câu trả lời đúng vào Phần ANSWERS)

15. What does the sign mean?
 A. You can try going ahead.
 B. You have to turn.
 C. Going straight and turn later.
 D. Ignore the lights.



16. What does the sign say?
 A. pottery
 B. utensils
 C. headscarf
 D. stilt house



ANSWERS
15.
16.

IV. Choose the word (A, B, C or D) that best fits the space in the following passage. (1.5 pts)

(Từ câu 17 đến câu 22, thí sinh chỉ viết mẫu tự (A, B, C hoặc D) đại diện cho câu trả lời đúng vào **Phần ANSWERS**)

My friend, Lan had an interesting trip to Jun Village. It's an old village by Lắc in Đắk Lắk Province. Her family and she visited this village last summer.

The village has some hotels but they decided (17)_____ in a homestay with a M'Nông family. They joined lots of fun activities. They went boating (18)_____ Lắc Lake. Lan thinks it's one of the most beautiful lakes in Vietnam. They also visited a M'Nông traditional (19)_____ and watched a gong performance there. It was (20)_____ exciting to listen to the sound of gongs and do a folk dance with local people. Her family and She ate many kinds of (21)_____ food like Com Lam, grilled chicken, and Lẩu Cá Lăng. They were delicious! They also learned (22)_____ M'Nông people make their traditional cloth and baskets. Their visit to Jun was very great. She thinks you should spend your vacation in this beautiful village.

- | | | | |
|--------------------|---------------|----------------|-----------------|
| 17. A. stay | B. to stay | C. staying | D. stayed |
| 18. A. in | B. at | C. by | D. on |
| 19. A. stilt house | B. hotels | C. homestays | D. guest houses |
| 20. A. recently | B. really | C. rarely | D. simply |
| 21. A. modern | B. especially | C. traditional | D. ordinary |
| 22. A. what | B. when | C. which | D. how |

ANSWERS
17.
18.
19.
20.
21.
22.

V. Read the following passage. Decide if the statements from 23 to 26 are True or False and choose the correct answer (A, B, C or D) for the questions 27 and 28. (1.5 pts)

(Từ câu 23 đến câu 26, thí sinh viết đầy đủ từ True hoặc False vào ô trả lời. Mọi cách viết khác không được chấm điểm. Đối với câu 27 và 28, thí sinh chỉ viết mẫu tự (A, B, C hoặc D) đại diện cho câu trả lời đúng vào **Phần ANSWERS**)

The Chăm are an ethnic group in Vietnam. Their population is about 180,000 (2019). They mainly live in Central and Southern Vietnam, in provinces such as Ninh Thuan and An Giang.

The Chăm are very talented at making crafts. The Chăm in Ninh Thuận are especially famous for their pottery products. They make everything by hand. The Chăm women make pottery, and the men help them by collecting wood.

The Chăm in An Giang, on the other hand, make beautiful cloth. The cloth has traditional patterns such as squares, clouds, flowers, etc. A special piece of cloth can take up to 15 days to make. An experienced Chăm woman can make enough cloth for one simple skirt each day.

The Chăm wear simple but pretty clothes. Both men and women wear long skirts with shirts. In Central Vietnam, Chăm men wear white headscarves. The women wear long shirts, similar to *áo dài*, and belts over their shoulders and across their bodies. In Southern Vietnam, Chăm men wear hats instead of scarves, and the women cover their hair with long scarves.

23. The Chăm mainly live in Central and Northern Vietnam.
24. The Chăm in Ninh Thuận are especially well – known for their pottery products made by hand.
25. It takes an experienced Chăm woman 15 days to make enough cloth for a simple skirt each day.
26. The Chăm men wear white headscarves in Central Vietnam.
27. The men collect _____ to help the women make pottery.
A. coal B. wood C. clay D. paint
28. The Chăm women in _____ wear long scarves and don't show their hair.
A. Southern Vietnam B. Northern Vietnam
C. Central Vietnam D. A, B, C are correct

ANSWERS
23.
24.
25.
26.
27.
28.

VI. Use the correct form of the word given in each sentence. (1.5 pts)
(Từ câu 29 đến câu 34, thí sinh phải viết từ cần điền vào Phần ANSWERS bên dưới câu hỏi)

29. Making pottery is a _____ craft in Bát Tràng, Hanoi. (tradition)
30. Hmong women wear headscarves and clothes with beautiful _____. (embroider)
31. In Vietnam, people make _____ rice cakes for Tet. (stick)
32. This company sells its food _____ around the world. (produce)
33. An _____ Chăm woman can make enough cloth for one simple skirt each day. (experience)
34. The Chăm in Ninh Thuận are _____ famous for their pottery products. (especial)

ANSWERS

29. _____ 30. _____ 31. _____
 32. _____ 33. _____ 34. _____

VII. Rearrange the groups of words in a correct order to make complete sentences. (0.5pt)
(Từ câu 35 đến câu 36, thí sinh viết tiếp các nhóm từ và dấu câu theo đúng trình tự vào Phần ANSWERS bên dưới câu hỏi để hình thành câu hoàn chỉnh)

35. with a local / She / a nice homestay /Bahnar family. / stayed at /
36. where he / on the trip / I asked him / stayed / to Jun Village.

ANSWERS

35. _____

36. _____

VIII. Rewrite each of the following sentences in another way so that it means almost the same as the sentence printed before it. (1.0pt)

(Từ câu 37 đến câu 40, thí sinh hoàn thành phần trả lời bên dưới mỗi câu)

37. He asked me:” Do you live in Vietnam?”

→ He asked me _____

38. She asked him:” Are you thirsty?”

→ She asked him _____

39. Linda asked Huong:” What is your favorite food?”

→ Linda asked Huong _____

40. Sofia asked Jacob:” When do you eat lunch in your house?”

→ Sofia asked Jacob _____

TRƯỜNG THCS PHAN CÔNG HÓN

TỔ TIẾNG ANH

TIẾNG ANH 8

TUẦN 33 (TỪ 29/04 ĐẾN 04/05)

PHIẾU TỰ HỌC

Period 91: Unit 8: Lesson 3.1

Period 92: Unit 8: Lesson 3.2

Period 93: Review Unit 8 (1)

Reading (SGK trang 82)

- a.** 2. I had an exciting trip to Jun Village.
- b.** 1. by Lắc Lake in Đắk Lắk Province
2. in a homestay with a M'Nông family
3. It's one of the most beautiful lakes in Vietnam.
4. com lam, grilled chicken, and lẩu cá lăng
5. how M'Nông people make their traditional cloth and baskets

Writing (SGK trang 83)

- b.** 1. F 2. E 3. F 4. O 5. E 6. E

SỬA BÀI TUẦN 32

PERIOD 88

UNIT 8: TRADITIONS OF ETHNIC GROUPS IN VIETNAM

LESSON 2.1

III/ MULTIPLE CHOICE

1. A piece of clothing we wear over other clothes to keep them from getting dirty is called a(an) _____.
A. shirt B. kitchen **C. apron** D. utensil
2. A(an) tool you use in the house, especially for cooking and eating is called _____.
A. pattern B. embroidery **C. utensil** D. cloth
3. "Do you like to travel in space?"
Mai asked me _____ I liked to travel in space.
A. if B. when C. who D. where
4. "Who invented the first telephone?"
Lan wanted to know _____ had invented the first telephone.
A. Whether **B. who** C. how D. if
5. "What time does the train to Ha Noi leave?"
He wanted to know what time the train to Ha Noi _____.
A. leave **B. left** C. will leave D. have left
6. "Where may people be living in fifty years' time?"
She asked Tom where people _____ be living in fifty years' time.
A. may **B. might** C. can D. could
7. "Did you ring me last night?"
Lisa asked Mike if _____ had rung her the night before.
A. I **B. he** C. she D. you
8. "Have you seen the thief?"
The policeman asked me whether I _____ the thief.
A. see B. saw C. will see **D. had seen**
9. "Can Mai translate French documents into Vietnamese?"
Jacked wondered if Mai _____ translate French documents into Vietnamese.
A. can **B. could** C. would D. might
10. "How did you go to the laboratory yesterday?"
He asked his daughter how she had go to the laboratory the _____ day.
A. previous B. before C. next D. after

V/ WORD FORM

1. Sewing is a relaxing hobby for many people. (sew)
2. I love eating sticky rice for breakfast. (stick)
3. She is trying to eat healthily. She eats a lot of steamed vegetables. (steam)
4. I always feel him a bit scary. (scare)
5. Chopsticks, spoons, knives, and forks are all examples of utensils. (knife)

PERIOD 89
UNIT 8: TRADITIONS OF ETHNIC GROUPS IN VIETNAM
LESSON 2.2

VI/ REARRANGEMENT

- 1.is / The Ba Na / a big group / Viet Nam's Central Highlands, / an estimated population / of / 227,000 people. / with / in
→ **The Ba Na is a big group in Viet Nam's Central Highlands, with an estimated population of 227,000 people.**
- 2.Their language / to / the Mon-Khmer language family / Southeast Asia. / belongs / of
→ **Their language belongs to the Mon-Khmer language family of Southeast Asia.**
- 3.The Ba Na / in / Gia Lai, Kon Tum, Binh Dinh, Phu Yen, / and / Khanh Hoa / provinces / . / live
→ **The Ba Na live in provinces Gia Lai, Kon Tum, Binh Dinh, Phu Yen, and Khanh Hoa.**
- 4.has/Every Ba Na village / community house / , / called / . / a / a / Rong house / large
→ **Every Ba Na village has a large community house, called a Rong house.**
- 5.in / The Ba Na / live / long stilt houses / with / for the extend family / . / many rooms
→ **The Ba Na live in long stilt houses with many rooms for the extend family.**

VII/ REWRITE

1. "Where do you live?"
→ Nam asked me **where I lived**_____.
2. "Why are you working so hard?"
→ I asked him **why he was working so hard.**
3. "Can you help me, please?"
→ He asked her **if she could help him**_____.
4. "Do you play chess?"
→ He asked me **if I played chess**_____.
5. The guest said, "Is Mr. Tam in his office?"
→ The guest asked me **if Mr. Tam was in his office.**

PERIOD 90
UNIT 8: TRADITIONS OF ETHNIC GROUPS IN VIETNAM
LESSON 2.3

I/ PRONUNCIATION

1. A. potato <u>o</u>	B. g <u>o</u>	C. <u>o</u> pen	D. ch <u>o</u> colate
2. A. g <u>o</u>	B. sl <u>o</u> w	C. wind <u>o</u> w	D. b <u>o</u> ttle
3. A. ph <u>o</u> ne	B. j <u>o</u> ke	C. <u>o</u> ver	D. h <u>o</u> spital

II/ STRESS

1. A. carefully	B. peaceful	C. improve	D. happy
2. A. quiet	B. perfect	C. ethnic	D. become
3. A. included	B. careful	C. pleasant	D. noisy

IV/ PASSAGES

Traditionally, Kinh people through thousands of (1)_____ lived together in a harmony under the village. Many villages were gathered into (2)_____ commune. There exist some their own rules in the village and (3)_____ each that everyone must implement. Villages of the ancient Vietnamese people are usually surrounded (4)_____ bamboo groves. In which, the communal house is a (5)_____ for meeting and conducting common ritual ceremonies on worshipping Village Deity, who was considered as a village's guardian deity.

Ancient Kinh people enjoy the habits of chewing betel, smoking water pipes and cigarettes, (6)_____ tea, and eating ordinary rice.

- | | | | |
|----------------|--------------|---------------|----------------|
| 1. A. habits | B. customs | C. traditions | D. generations |
| 2. A. a | B. an | C. the | D. Ø |
| 3. A. communes | B. districts | C. towns | D. villages |
| 4. A. with | B. by | C. in | D. on |
| 5. A. bamboo | B. season | C. time | D. place |
| 6. A. to drink | B. drinking | C. drank | D. drink |