

TRƯỜNG THCS PHAN CÔNG HÓN

TỔ TIẾNG ANH

TIẾNG ANH 7

TUẦN 25 (TỪ 04/03 ĐẾN 09/03)

Period 67

**Unit 7: TRANSPORTATION.**




**Lesson 3-1**

**I. New words**

1. electronic	(adj)	/ɪˌlekˈtrɒnɪk/	thuộc điện tử
2. evidence	(n)	/'evɪdəns/	bằng chứng
3. hover	(v)	/'hʌvər/	lơ lửng
4. creator	(n)	/kriˈeɪ.tər/	người sáng tạo
5. seller	(n)	/'sel.ər/	người bán
6. own	(v)	/əʊn/	sở hữu
→ owner	(n)	/'əʊ.nəɹ/	chủ sở hữu
7. good for		/ˌɡʊd.fə/	tốt cho
8. get lost		/get/ /lɒst/	bị lạc
9. fold	(v)	/fəʊld/	gấp

**II. Practice**

**I. Look at the words in the box and write the suitable word for each picture.**

The Hoover Go	The Wowscoot	The One-wheeler
		
1.	2.	3.

**II. Choose the best answer:**

- The Hover Go is not \_\_\_\_\_ to ride because it has two wheels.  
A. easy                                      B. convenient                                      C. reliable                                      D. difficult
- The Hover Go also has cool lights \_\_\_\_\_ you can ride at night.  
A. so                                      B. because                                      C. and                                      D. but
- The Hover Go has a lower speed and it isn't as \_\_\_\_\_ as the One Wheeler.  
A. big                                      B. old                                      C. fast                                      D. new
- The Hover Go and the One Wheeler are both great kinds of \_\_\_\_\_ for children.  
A. transportation                                      B. luggage                                      C. food                                      D. movie
- Everyone can choose their \_\_\_\_\_ color because both of them come in lots of cool and fun ones.  
A. frequent                                      B. convenient                                      C. comfortable                                      D. favorite

**III. Match the word with the correct meaning:**

9. Creator(n)	a. A person who sells something.
---------------	----------------------------------

10. Owner (n)	b. To make one part lies on top of another part.
11. Seller (n)	c. A person who makes something.
12. Fold (v)	d. A person who has something.

9.	10.	11.	12.
----	-----	-----	-----

**IV. Read the paragraph and fill in the blanks**

I believe the Wowscoot is the best transportation for kids in my city. The Wowscoot is the most convenient way to ride around any city. It is easy to carry because I can fold it and put it in my backpack. The best part of the Wowscoot is the **electronic** map. To go to different places, I just need to tell it the address and it knows the way. Kids won't have to worry about getting lost ever again. They can just enjoy the ride. All the other kids in my city need to have a Wowscoot.

Tony Thompson

13. The Wowscoot is the best transportation for\_\_\_\_\_.
14. The Wowscoots is\_\_\_\_\_ to ride around any city.
15. You can \_\_\_\_\_ and put it in your backpack.
16. To go around, you just need to tell Wowscoot the\_\_\_\_\_.
17. You don't have to worry about getting lost because the Wowscoot has the \_\_\_\_\_ map.



**Period 68**

**Unit 7: TRANSPORTATION.**

**Lesson 3-2**

**I. Writing**

***1/ How many parts are there in an opinion paragraph? What are they?***

**→ There are 4 parts:**

1. Start with your main opinion.
2. Give reasons
3. Give evidence
4. Finish with your main opinion again

**II. Practice**

**Exercise 1. Read Tony's paragraph again and answer the following questions:**

I believe the Wowscoot is the best transportation for kids in my city. The Wowscoot is the most convenient way to ride around any city. It is easy to carry because I can fold it and put it in my backpack. The best part of the Wowscoot is the **electronic** map. To go to different places, I just need to tell it the address and it knows the way. Kids won't have to worry about getting lost ever again. They can just enjoy the ride. All the other kids in my city need to have a Wowscoot.

Tony Thompson

1. Which sentence does he use to start his main opinion?

2. \_\_\_\_\_

3. Which sentence does he use to give the reason he likes it?

→ \_\_\_\_\_

4. Which sentence does he use to give evidence to support his reasons?

→ \_\_\_\_\_

5. Which sentence does he use to give his opinion again?

→ \_\_\_\_\_

**Exercise 2. Put the words in the correct order to make correct sentences.**

6. A Speed Wheel / have / in my school / all the teens / I think / should / .

→ I think \_\_\_\_\_.

7. because / it / a big battery / is / has / reliable / The Speed Wheel / .

→ The Speed Wheel \_\_\_\_\_.

8. more than / ride it / I / for / 12 hours / can / .

→ I \_\_\_\_\_.

9. need / All of / a Speed Wheel / my classmate / .

→ All of \_\_\_\_\_.

**Exercise 3. Rearrange these sentences to make a paragraph.**

a. I think every adult in my city should drive a Moon Car. ☐

b. And you don't have to drive it. The computer can take you anywhere you want to go. ☐

c. That's why all the adults should have a Moon Car. ☐

d. The Moon Car is comfortable, convenient, and fun. ☐

e. Children can watch shows or movies, or play video games. Adults can also use the internet to do their work. ☐

f. It has six big seats for the whole family. The seats can turn into a bed for a long trip. ☐

g. The best part of the Moon Car is the big TV screen. ☐

**Exercise 4. Read the paragraph and decide the statements are True or False:**

I think every kid in my town should have a Flyboard. The Flyboard is fast and convenient. The Flyboard can travel 30 kilometers per hour. I can go anywhere in a few minutes. The battery lasts for eight hours. I can ride it to school every day and I don't have to charge it. The Flyboard has an electronic map, so I won't get lost. That's why all kids in my town need a Flyboard.

1. The speed of the Flyboard can reach 30 km per hour. \_\_\_\_\_

2. You won't get lost because the Flyboard has an electronic map. \_\_\_\_\_

3. You can ride it to anywhere you want. \_\_\_\_\_

4. The battery of the Flyboard lasts for more than 8 hours. \_\_\_\_\_

5. The Flyboard isn't convenient so it's good for children. \_\_\_\_\_

6. \_\_\_\_\_



**Period 69**

**TEST-UNIT 7**

**I. Find the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation.**

1. A. stops                      B. plays                      C. likes                      D. acts  
2. A. listen                      B. first                      C. best                      D. test



**II. Find the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress.**

3. A. luggage                      B. suitcase                      C. passport                      D. arrive  
4. A. wonderful                      B. convenient                      C. popular                      D. interesting

**III. Choose the word or phrase (A, B, C or D) that best fits the space in each sentence.**

5. You need to buy a \_\_\_\_\_ to go on public transportation.  
A. ticket                      B. sunglasses                      C. backpack                      D. suitcase
6. Whose book is it? - It's \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. my                      B. hers                      C. him                      D. your
7. \_\_\_\_\_ are the people at the airport who check your luggage  
A. Pilots                      B. Shop assistants                      C. Customs                      D. Visitors
8. Tom has a/an \_\_\_\_\_ suitcase.  
A. old big blue                      B. big blue old                      C. big old blue                      D. blue old big
9. Gideon is very \_\_\_\_\_ - if he says he'll do something, he'll do it.  
A. mean                      B. generous                      C. reliable                      D. happy
10. If you don't take the map, you can easily get \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. lose                      B. lost                      C. losing                      D. loosen
11. The buses aren't usually \_\_\_\_\_ as the planes  
A. more expensive                      B. as expensive                      C. less expensive                      D. most expensive
12. How do we get to the park? - " \_\_\_\_\_ "  
A. In ten minutes                      B. At the bus stop                      C. By bus                      D. With our friends
13. You need to show your \_\_\_\_\_ before you get on the airplane  
A. number                      B. luggage                      C. money                      D. boarding pass
14. Flying is the fastest way to travel \_\_\_\_\_ Ho Chi minh city and Hanoi.  
A. in                      B. at                      C. from                      D. between

**IV. Read the signs and choose the best answer.**

15. What is this area called?		A. Check-in area B. Baggage claim C. Departure D. Gate
16. What does the sign say?		A. Turn left B. One way street C. Two way street D. No enter

**V. Choose the word (A, B, C or D) that best fits the space in the following passage.**

I leave for work at about 6.30 a.m. and I walk to the bus stop not too far (17)\_\_\_\_\_ my house. I catch the bus that comes by around 6.45. The bus isn't very (18)\_\_\_\_\_ when I get on, but it fills up by the end of the lines. Then I (19)\_\_\_\_\_ the bus and catch the train into town. The train ride lasts about thirty minutes and it's usually standing-room only. The entire (20)\_\_\_\_\_ takes me about an hour. I buy a monthly (21)\_\_\_\_\_ and I save a lot of money by using (22)\_\_\_\_\_ transportation instead of my own car.

- |                |              |             |            |
|----------------|--------------|-------------|------------|
| 17. A. in      | B. on        | C. at       | D. from    |
| 18. A. empty   | B. clean     | C. crowded  | D. funny   |
| 19. A. get off | B. turn off  | C. go off   | D. put off |
| 20. A. day     | B. voyage    | C. journey  | D. trip    |
| 21. A. ticket  | B. suitcase  | C. passport | D. place   |
| 22. A. private | B. expensive | C. public   | D. usual   |

**VI. Read the following passage. Decide if the statements from 23 to 26 are True or False and choose the correct answer (A, B, C or D) for the questions 27 and 28.**

If you visit Japan, you might choose to travel around the country by “Shinkansen” train. These high-speed trains connect the major cities of Japan. They are nicknamed “bullet trains” because they go very fast and have pointy noses like a bullet. Bullet trains are a good way to travel for several reasons other than their speed. They are very punctual, often leaving on time to the second. They are also comfortable. Most importantly, bullet trains are very safe. In their 35-year history, there have been only a few accidents and no deaths. The only downside to bullet trains is that they are expensive. A ticket to travel to another city can cost almost as much as an airline ticket would. Train stations are usually right in the middle of a city. This means that it is often more convenient to take a bullet train instead of flying, because you will arrive exactly where you want to be.

23. Bullet trains are the slow-speed train. \_\_\_\_\_
24. Bullet trains are usually late. \_\_\_\_\_
25. Travelling by Bullet train is expensive \_\_\_\_\_
26. Train stations are usually right in the middle of a city \_\_\_\_\_
27. Why are they nicknamed “Bullet trains”?

- |  |   |
|--|---|
| A. Because they have big mouth.                  | C. Because they have pointed noses and go very fast |
| B. Because they have big mouth and go very fast. | D. Because they look like a nose.                   |
28. Is it safe to travel by “Bullet train”?
- |                 |               |                          |          |
|-----------------|---------------|--------------------------|----------|
| A. No, it isn't | B. Yes, it is | C. Yes, I don't think so | D. Never |
|-----------------|---------------|--------------------------|----------|

**VII. Use the correct form of the word given in each sentence.**

29. I'm not \_\_\_\_\_ speaking in front of lots of people. (comfort)
30. The bus ran so \_\_\_\_\_ that we were late. (slow)
31. We need to \_\_\_\_\_ our seat belt when we go by car (fast)
32. Ho Chi Minh city is an important center for business and \_\_\_\_\_. (transport)
33. The best part of Wowsoot is the \_\_\_\_\_ map (electric)
34. My car has six big \_\_\_\_\_ for the whole family (sit)

**VIII. Rearrange the groups of words in a correct order to make complete sentences.**

35. Buses are / because / more people / carry / eco-friendly / they / can  
→ Buses are \_\_\_\_\_.

36. frequent / are / from London / There / to Manchester / trains  
→ There \_\_\_\_\_.

**IX. Rewrite each of the following sentences in another way so that it means almost the same as the sentence printed before it.**

37. Taxis are more convenient than Buses.

→Buses are not \_\_\_\_\_.

38. My backpack is big, new and light brown.

→I have \_\_\_\_\_.

39. Traveling by plane is safe.

→It's \_\_\_\_\_.

40. My house is not as new as her house

→Her house is \_\_\_\_\_.

**THE END**

**TRƯỜNG THCS PHAN CÔNG HÓN**

**TỔ TIẾNG ANH**

**TIẾNG ANH 7**

**TUẦN 25 (TỪ 04/03 ĐẾN 09/03)**

**PHIẾU TỰ HỌC**

**Period 67: Unit 7– Lesson 3-1 (Listening & Reading)**

**Period 68: Unit 7 – Lesson 3-2 (Writing)**

**Period 69: Review Unit 7**

**Listening (SGK trang 58)**

- a. 3. They're both great for kids.  
b.  
1. Hever Go  
2. Hever Go  
3. One Wheeler  
4. Hever Go  
5. One Wheeler , Hever Go

**Reading (SGK trang 58)**

- a. → 3. The owner of a Wowscoot  
b. 1. True  
2. False  
3. False  
4. True  
5. False

**Writing (SGK trang 59)**

1. B. I think all the teens in my school should have a Soeed Wheel.  
2. D. The Speed Wheel is reliable because it has a big battery.  
3. A. I can ride it for more than 12 hours.  
4. C. All of my classmates need a Speed Wheel.

**Review Unit 7 ( SGK trang 102,103)**

**Listening (SGK trang 102)**

0. Martin      1. stops      2. card      3. 11/eleven      4. Airport      5. convenient

**Reading (SGK trang 102)**

0. are      1. Are      2. to      3. in      4. by      5. but

**Vocabulary (SGK trang 103)**

1. b  
2. d  
3. f  
4. h  
5. a  
6. g

7. c

8. e

**Grammar (SGK trang 103)**

a.

1. mine

2. her

3. hers

4. Our

5. yours

b.

1. My big blue backpack is new.

2. It is her old red suitcase.

3. This new orange bag is yours.

4. Your bag is not as new as mine.

5. The train is not as fast as the plane.

6. The subway is not as comfortable as the train.

**Pronunciation (SGK trang 103)**

a. 1. A                      2. B                      3. C

b. 4. B                      5. C                      6. B



## SỬA BÀI TẬP TUẦN 24

Period 64

### UNIT 7: TRANSPORTATION

#### LESSON 2-1 (New words)

#### **II. What do the signs mean?**

1. A. There's no parking lot here.  
B. Parking is not free here.  
C. Vehicle can park here.

**D. Vehicle cannot park here.**



2. A. You can only walk here.  
B. You can't park here.

**C. You can't go from here.**

- D. You can go from here.



3. A. There is danger ahead.

**B. There are traffic lights ahead.**

- C. There is an intersection ahead.

- D. Traffic lights are about to turn red.



4. A. You can't park your bicycle here.  
B. You can cycle here.

**C. You can't cycle here.**

- D. You can park your bicycle here.



**III. Choose the word or phrase (A, B, C or D) that best fits the space in each sentence.**

1. Yesterday, I bought a \_\_\_\_\_ for the concert.  
A. **ticket** B. subway C. public D. film
2. Japan is famous for the modern \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. house B. ticket C. **subway** D. public
3. He is a \_\_\_\_\_ visitor to our country.  
A. comfortable B. convenient C. **frequent** D. reliable
4. The life in the countryside is more \_\_\_\_\_ than in the city.  
A. **comfortable** B. frequent C. reliable D. eco-friendly
5. We are looking for someone who is \_\_\_\_\_ for this job.  
A. comfortable B. **reliable** C. convenient D. eco-friendly
6. Taking the \_\_\_\_\_ buses is the best way to help protect the environment.  
A. frequent B. convenient C. **eco-friendly** D. comfortable
7. Buses, trains, taxis and planes are types of public \_\_\_\_\_ in my country.  
A. way B. local C. street D. **transportation**
8. Living in a modern house is so \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. eco-friendly B. **convenient** C. frequent D. reliable
9. You mustn't smoke in some \_\_\_\_\_ places.  
A. frequent B. local C. country D. **public**
10. The \_\_\_\_\_ in this place are very friendly.  
A. subways B. tickets C. **locals** D. transportation



**Period 65**

**UNIT 7: TRANSPORTATION**

**LESSON 2-2 (Grammar)**

**I. Grammar : (not) as.....as: So sánh bằng**

We can compare things using **not as...as...** (if they are **different**) or **as...as...** (if they are the **same**).

✓ e.g.

-A subway ticket is **as expensive as** a train ticket. (The tickets are the same price.)

-Buses are **not as fast as** trains. (Buses are slower than trains.)

(not) as + Adj/Adv + as

✓ Note: **better than** → not as **good/well** as...

**II. Choose the word or phrase (A, B, C or D) that best fits the space in each sentence.**

1. A concert ticket is as expensive \_\_\_\_\_ a film ticket.  
A. more B. the C. most D. **as**
2. Learning how to play the guitar is not \_\_\_\_\_ difficult as you think.  
A. at B. on C. **as** D. in
3. This film is \_\_\_\_\_ the film I watched with my friends last week.  
A. so interesting as B. **not as interesting as** C. as interesting so D. not as interesting to

4. This year's musical festival is not \_\_\_\_\_ it was last year.

- A. as exciting than    B. same exciting as    **C. as exciting as**    D. as exciting more

**III. Rewrite each of the following sentences in another way so that it means almost the same as the sentence printed before it**

1. Paris is beautiful and London is beautiful, too.

→ Paris is **as beautiful as London.**

2. Information Technology is difficult and Math is difficult, too.

→ Information Technology is **as difficult as Math.**

3. John is not good. Mary is good.

→ John is **not as good as Mary.**

4. Planes are faster than trains.

→ Trains are **not as fast as planes.**

5. Minh is a better dancer than Lan.

→ Lan can't dance **as well as Minh.**

6. Life in countryside is more comfortable than in the city.

→ Life in the city is **not as comfortable as in the countryside.**

7. My pen is cheap. Your pen is cheap, too.

→ My pen is **as cheap as your pen.**

8. Both buses and taxis are convenient.

→ Taxis are **as convenient as buses.**



**Period 66**

**UNIT 7: TRANSPORTATION**

**LESSON 2-3 (Pronunciation)**

**I. Find the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation.**

- |                      |                   |                    |                    |
|----------------------|-------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| 1. <b>A. tickets</b> | B. locals         | C. planes          | D. trains          |
| 2. A. cities         | B. planes         | <b>C. buses</b>    | D. times           |
| 3. A. visited        | B. protected      | C. decided         | <b>D. traveled</b> |
| 4. A. ticket         | B. public         | <b>C. climbing</b> | D. music           |
| 5. A. transportation | <b>B. station</b> | C. baggage         | D. traffic         |
| 6. A. customs        | B. luggage        | <b>C. suitcase</b> | D. subway          |

**II. Find the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress.**

- |                          |                 |                       |                         |
|--------------------------|-----------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|
| 1. A. 'ticket            | B. 'visitor     | C. 'public            | <b>D. re'port</b>       |
| 2. A. 'subway            | B. 'ticket      | C. 'local             | <b>D. e'vent</b>        |
| 3. A. re'liable          | B. Con'venient  | C. un'healthy         | <b>D. eco-'friendly</b> |
| 4. A. 'frequent          | B. 'comfortable | <b>C. con'venient</b> | D. 'healthy             |
| 5. <b>A. ex'perience</b> | B. volunt'eer   | C. presen'tation      | D. transpor'tation      |

**III. Choose the word (A, B, C or D) that best fits the space in the following passage.**

In my country, there are many types of (1) \_\_\_\_\_ such as buses, taxis, cars, motorbikes, bicycles, trains, planes...Transportation in Vietnam now is much more (2) \_\_\_\_\_ than ever before. Motorbike, taxi and bus are the best choices if you want to get (3) \_\_\_\_\_ in the city. Bicycle is very simple to use. You may see (4) \_\_\_\_\_ riding it a lot in the countryside. (5) \_\_\_\_\_ by train and plane are the fastest choices besides other transports like motorbike, car or bus.

- |                            |                                 |                             |                            |
|----------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|
| 1. A. way                  | <b><u>B. transportation</u></b> | C. city                     | D. place                   |
| 2. A. cheap                | B. frequent                     | <b><u>C. convenient</u></b> | D. boring                  |
| 3. <b><u>A. around</u></b> | B. all                          | C. among                    | D. over                    |
| 4. A. volunteers           | B. heroes                       | C. policemen                | <b><u>D. locals</u></b>    |
| 5. A. Travel               | B. Travel to                    | C. Traveling to             | <b><u>D. Traveling</u></b> |

**IV. Use the correct form of the word given in each sentence**

1. We should use tree leaves to wrap things because they are eco-friendly. (friend)
2. Flying to the US is the best convenient way. (convenience)
3. My Dad frequently comes to this store to buy something. (frequency)
4. There are many types of transportation on the street. (transport)
5. These shoes are too small so I don't feel comfortable. (comfort)