TRƯỜNG THCS PHAN CÔNG HỚN TỔ TIẾNG ANH TIẾNG ANH 7 TUẦN 20 (TỪ 15/01 ĐẾN 20/01)

Period 52

UNIT 6: EDUCATION

LESSON 1-1 (New words)

I. New words

- essay (n) /ˈεˌseɪ/ : bài tiểu luận - homework (n) /ˈhoʊmˌwɜrk/ : bài tập về nhà

- presentation (n) / prezən teisən/ : buổi thuyết trình, bài thuyết trình

- project (n) / 'pradzekt/ : dự án, đồ án - report (n) /rɪ 'port/ : bài báo cáo - test (n) /test/ : bài kiểm tra

II. Write the suitable word for each picture

1

It is argued that earning lots of money has more significance to people than being content in their work. This essay totally disagrees with that statement. I believe that people are increasingly concerned about the risk of stress-related in-lihealth frequently experienced by people in highly paid positions and they care more about feeling fulfilled at work

Employees who earn a large income are generally under significant mental and emotional pressure to perform well and schieve targets. This causes many individuals to suffer high levels of stress which can result in mental health problems. This happened to my uncle. He used to beast about his huge salary but the boss kept increasing his sales targets and in the end, the stress became to og reat and he had a nervous breakdown. Now he regrets being driven by the money.

Having a job that they enjoy doing, and in which they feel valued, is a major concern for most of the modern workforce. A significant number of people are giving up well-paid positions to do jobs which pay less but that they find more enjoyable and less stressful. I am an example of this myself. A year ago I left the teaching profession because the workload had become too great, and I am now a gardener. I feel really infillified in this work and I am much more relaxed and happy even though I earn far less money.

in conclusion, for a high percentage of the population, earning a substantial wage is less important than job satisfaction because of the negative effects of work-related stress and the desire to feel happy and fulfilled at work.

(272 words)





1.

2.

3.____





4.____

5

6.

III. Choose the word or phrase (A, B, C or D) that best fits the space in each sentence.						
1. I have to write an thi						
A. essay	B. letter	C. homework	D. test			
2. My English teacher always sets a lot of						
A. housework	B. homework	C. work	D. hometown			
3. She have to send in weekly for her boss on weekends.						
A. report	B. test	C. essay	D. apartment			
4. Students have to give a in my Math class.						
A. essay	B. presentation	C. mark	D. homework			
5. Does the hotel have a?						
A. apartment	B. pool	C. class	D. book			
6. My next is decorating the kitchen.						
A. test	B. essay	C. project	D. presentation			
7. Can you give us a on what happened at the meeting?						
A. essay	B. homework	C. report	D. information			
8. I always do my on the bus.						
A. homework	B. essay	C. housework	D. presentation			
9. Where can I get COVID near me?						
A. test	B. homework	C. essay	D. pool			
10. This is for the development a new of agriculture.						
A. homework	B. test	C. project	D. letter			

Period 53

UNIT 6: EDUCATION

LESSON 1-2 (Grammar)

I. Grammar:

a/ Have to is used to explain responsibilities, often things we do not want to do. For examples,

- Children have to go to school. (trẻ em phải đi học)
- John has to wear a tie at work. (John phải đeo cà vạt ở chỗ làm việc)

Positive form: S + have to/has to + V+...

b/Don't have to/Doesn't have to is used to express lack of responsibility. We use this for activities that we can reasonably be expected to do. For examples:

- I don't have to to go to work today. (Tôi không phải đi làm hôm nay.)
- He doesn't have to take out the garbage tonight. (Anh ấy không phải đi quăng rác tối nay.)
- You don't have to pay me back. (Bạn không cần phải trả lại tôi.)

Negative form: Don't have to / Doesn't have to +V

c/Questions (Information): WH-question + do/does + S + have to + V? is used to ask about someone's responsibilities.

- What do you have to to do today? (Bạn phải làm cái gì tối nay?)
- Where does she have to go? (Cô ấy phải đi đâu?)
- Who do we have to meet? (Chúng ta phải gặp ai?)

d/Questions (Confirmation): Don't + S + have to + V?

Doesn't + S + have to + V?

Ex: * Don't you have to leave ?(Bạn có phải rời khỏi không)

- → Yes, I do (have to leave)
- → No. I don't.

**Doesn't she have to finish his homework ?(Cô ấy có phải làm bài tập về nhà không ?)

- → Yes, she does. (She finished already)
- → No, She doesn't.

***Don't we have to get up early ? (Chúng ta có phải dậy sớm không?)

- → Yes, We do.
- → No, We don't

II. Fill in the blanks with the correct form of the verbs.

1. My pen is out of ink. I have to a new one. (get)				
2. Kate has a doctor's appointment, so she has to class early.			(leave)	
3. Justin has to	to a presentation tomorrow.		(give)	
4 Alan	to finish his science pro	(have)		
5students _	to wear uniforms at ou	r school?	(have)	
6. How about	to the mall on Friday ni	ght?	(go)	
7. Let's	_ for the Math test tomorro	W.	(study)	
8. We should plenty of fruit and vegetables.			(eat)	
9. I don't have class to	omorrow, so I	to go to school.	(not, have)	
10. Jisoo	to give her presentation tor	norrow. The teacher all	owed her to do it next w	eek. (not,
have)				

Period 54

UNIT 6: EDUCATION

LESSON 1-3 (Pronunciation)

1. Fina the word whose i	<u>inaeriinea part aiiiers i</u>	rom tne otner tnree in	pronunciation.				
1. A. desk <u>s</u>	B. map <u>s</u>	C. test <u>s</u>	D. chair <u>s</u>				
2. A. recycled	B. rais <u>ed</u>	C. plant <u>ed</u>	D. clean <u>ed</u>				
3. A. donated	B. picked	C. finish <u>ed</u>	D. stopp <u>ed</u>				
4. A. l <u>i</u> vely	B. k <u>i</u> nd	C. dr <u>i</u> ven	D. k <u>i</u> te				
5. A. r <u>e</u> port	B. <u>e</u> ssay	C. ch <u>e</u> f	D. t <u>e</u> st				
II. Find the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress.							
1. A. project	B. cartoon	C. vitamin	D. fantasy				
2. A. education	B. community	C. development	D. recycle				
3. A. sincere	B. finish	C. excited	D. remember				
4. A. cafeteria	B. collect	C. invitation	D. presentation				
5. A. homework	B. market	C. tomato	D. country				
III. Choose the word (A.	B, C or D) that best fits	s the space in the follow	ving passage.				
Lucy: Hey Alan. Would you like (1) a movie after school?							
Alan: I'd love to, but I can	n't. I (2) finish	n my science project.					
Lucy: Oh, no problem. W	hat about Thursday? Sue	(3) a party.					
Alan: I'm sorry, I can't. I have to study for a math test.							
Lucy: So when are you from	ee?						
Alan: Well, this Saturday,	, I'm going bowling with	my brother. Do you war	at to come with us?				
Lucy: Oh no! I'm sorry, I	can't. I have to give a (4)	for my Hist	ory class.				
Alan: I know! Let's go (5)	Sunday.						
Lucy: Yeah!							
1. A. seeing	B. to see	C. see	D. sees				
2. A. doesn't have to	B. don't have to	C. has to	D. have to				
3. A. is having	B. had	C. having	D. have				
4. A. presentation	B. test	C. homework	D. essay				
5. A. at	B. in	C. of	D. on				
IV. Rewrite each of the following sentences in another way so that it means almost the same as the							
sentence printed before it.							
1. There is no need for you to finish a book report today.							
→ You don't							
2. There is no need for Taylor to complete her assignments by Monday.							
Taylor doesn't							
3. It isn't necessary for us to do our homework tonight.							
→ We don't							
4. It is necessary for Sulli to study for an English test tomorrow. → Sulli has							
5. It is necessary for them to work on a school project.							
→ They have							
,							

TRƯỜNG THCS PHAN CÔNG HỚN

TỔ TIẾNG ANH

TIẾNG ANH 7

TUẦN 20 (TỪ 15/01 ĐẾN 20/01)

PHIẾU TỰ HỌC

Period 52: Unit 6 – Lesson 1-1 (New words) Period 53: Unit 6 – Lesson 1-2 (Grammar)

Period 54: Unit 6 – Lesson 1-3 (Pronunciation)

New words (SGK trang 44)

1-a 2-e

3-f 4-b

 $5 - d \qquad 6 - c$

Listening (SGK trang 44)

 $\mathbf{a.} \rightarrow 2$. Alan

b. 1. science project

- 2. math test
- 3. Saturday
- 4. give a preserntation
- 5. Sunday

Bài nghe:

Lucy: Hey Alan. Do you want to see a movie after school?

Alan: Oh, I'm sorry, I can't. I have to finish my science project.

Lucy: Oh, no problem. What about Thursday? Are you free?

Alan: Why?

Lucy: Sue's having a party.

Alan: Oh, I'm sorry I can't go.

Lucy: Why?

Alan: I have to study for a math test.

Lucy: Hmm. Are you busy on Friday? A few of us are going to the library.

Alan: Oh no! I have to work on my book report.

Lucy: So when are you free?

Alan: Well, this Saturday, I'm going bowling with my brother. Do you want to come with us?

Lucy: Oh no! I'm sorry, I can't. I have to give a presentation on Saturday.

Alan: I know! Let's go on Sunday.

Lucy: Yeah!

Grammar (SGK trang 45)

- **b.** 2. They have to work together for this project.
 - 3. Does he have to do his English homework?
 - 4. She hasn't to study for the test later.
 - 5. He has to give the presentation for the history class.
- **c.** 2. has to
 - 3. doesn't have to
 - 4. have to
 - 5. hasn't to