**TIẾNG ANH 7 – ÔN THI GIỮA KỲ 2 (2023 – 2024)**

**PRONUCIATION - STRESS**

## I. Choose the words whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the others in each group.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 1. A. essay | B. classmate | C. craft | D. paragraph |
| 2. A. test | B. report | C. project | D. upset |
| 3. A. think | B. thanks | C. although | D. math |
| 4. A. presentation | B. invitation | C. education | D. question |
| 5. A. really | B. reason | C. teaching | D. speaking |
| 6. A. school | B. textbook | C. cartoon | D. teaspoon |
| 7. A. luggage | B. passport | C. backpack | D. baggage |
| 8. A. electronic | B. evidence | C. reliable | D. ticket |
| 9. A. custom | B. comfortable | C. future | D. creator |
| 10. A. transportation | B. population | C. station | D. suggestion |
| 11. A. wearing | B. leaving | C. reading | D. leading |
| 12. A. coolest | B. look | C. choose | D. balloon |
| 13. A. posters | B. readers | C. students | D. news |
| 14. A. grades | B. pictures | C. universities | D. guesses |
| 15. A. subways | B. taxis | C. tourists | D. trains |
| 16. A. sunglasses | B. buses | C. choices | D. planes |
| 17. A. annoyed | B. delighted | C. disappointed | D. decided |
| 18. A. pleased | B. surprised | C. failed | D. passed |
| 19. A. visited | B. followed | C. traveled | D. owned |
| 20. A. typed | B. parked | C. walked | D. transported |

**II. *Choose the word whose main stressed syllable is placed differently from that of the other in each group.***

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 1. A. essay | B. project | | C. homework | | D. report | | |
| 2. A. annoyed | B. surprised | | C. lonely | | D. abroad | | |
| 3. A. decline | B. project | | C. although | | D. upset | | |
| 4. A. however | B. positive | | C. negative | | D. difficult | | |
| 5. A. biology | B. geography | | C. community | | D. disappointed | | |
| 6. A. backpack | | B. boarding | | C. customs | | D. correct |
| 7. A. luggage | | B. passport | | C. collect | | D. public |
| 8. A. suitcase | | B. online | | C. friendly | | D. local |
| 9. A. comfortable | | B. reliable | | C. convenient | | D. expensive |
| 10. A. electronic | | B. transportation | | C. underground | | D. evidence |

**MULTIPLE CHOICE**

***Choose the best answer to complete each sentence.***

1. I have to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ my homework tonight.

A. do B. does C. did D. doing

2. We study \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ because we want to go the United States next year.

A. French B. English C. Vietnamese D. Korean

3. I was delighted because my parents \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ me a new car yesterday.

A. buy B. buys C. bought D. buying

4. That exercise was very \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ I couldn’t get an A on my test.

A. interesting B. suitable C. easy D. difficult

5. My son has to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ hard for the mid-term test.

A. study B. studying C. studied D. studies

6. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Anna \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ wash her clothes by herself?

A. Does-has to B. Does-have to C. Do-have to D. Do-has to

7. He will \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ go to the bank tomorrow afternoon.

A. has to B. have C. have to D. has

8. I can’t go to Qatar to enjoy the World Cup 2022 because I am really \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. excited B. disappointed C. happy D. busy

9. Jenny studied really hard, so she \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ all of her tests.

A. failed B. got C. did D. passed

10. I’m really \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ with Nick. We have an English project, but he doesn’t do his part.

A. annoyed B. excited C. hopeful D. pleased

11. He wants to buy a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ suitcase.

A. new large blue B. large new blue C. new blue large D. large new blue

12. Many locals and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ take the bus to visit the flower garden.

A. tourism B. touring C. tours D. tourists

13. I need to buy a new \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to prepare for the trip.

A. passport B. cart C. customs D. suitcase

14. Over many years ago, people used to\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ horses to work.

A. drove B. ride C. rode D. drive

15. The local weather forecasts are not always \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. reliable B. countable C. public D. frequent

16. To protect the environment, we should use \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ products.

A. convenient B. eco-friendly C. reliable D. comfortable

17. She is not \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ intelligent \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ her sister.

A. as-as B. more-as C. as-than D. same-as

18. This is not your luggage. It's \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. herself B. her C. she D. hers

19. The government encourages people to use more public \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to save energy.

A. ticket B. transportation C. streetcar D. luggage

20. I usually walk to school, but today I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to school by bus.

A. am B. goes C. go D. went

21. Nowadays students know more about the effects of overpopulation\_\_\_\_\_\_ there are more lessons on them.

A. so B. because C. but D. however

22. As people get\_\_\_\_\_\_, they might need\_\_\_\_\_\_ diets.

A. oldest – better B. older – better C. more older – best D. old – best

23. They agreed \_\_\_\_\_\_ together this weekend.

A. to study B. studies C. studying D. study

24. Marry met a lot of \_\_\_\_\_\_ people when she studied in Britain.

A. interested B. interesting C. interest D. to interest

25. What \_\_\_\_\_\_ experiences did you have when you studied abroad? – “Well, I was more independent and confident.”

A. neutral B. difficult C. negative D. positive

26. \_\_\_\_\_\_ a piece of work involving careful study of a subject over a period of time, done by school or college students.

A. Test B. Project C. Homework D. Presentation

27. My teacher was really \_\_\_\_\_\_ because I forgot doing homework yesterday.

A. happy B. disappointing C. annoyed D. delighted

28. Most people like watching comedy \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ it’s very entertaining.

A. but B. or C. so D. because

29. You need to buy a\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to go on public transportation.

A. ticket B. sunglasses C. backpack D. suitcase

30. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_are the people at the airport who check your luggage.

A. Pilots B. Shop assistants C. Customs D. Visitors

31. Tom has a/an \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_suitcase.

A. old big blue C. big old blue

B. big blue old D. blue old big

32. Gideon is very \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_- if he says he’ll do something, he’ll do it.

A. mean B. generous C. reliable D. happy

33. If you don’t take the map, you can easily get\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

A. lose B. lost C. losing D. loosen

34. The buses aren’t usually \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_as the planes

A. more expensive B. as expensive C. less expensive D. most expensive

35. How do we get to the park? - “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_”

A. In ten minutes C. By bus

B. At the bus stop D. With our friends

36. You need to show your \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_before you get on the airplane

A. number B. luggage C. money D. boarding pass

37. Flying is the fastest way to travel \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_Ho Chi Minh city and Hanoi.

A. in B. at C. from D. between

38. A large case which people put their clothes in when they’re traveling. What is it?

A. passport B. school bag C. textbook D. suitcase

39.A place at an airport where you get your luggage back after. Where is it?

A. school B. baggage claim C. abroad D. gym

40. Nam and Binh are \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ home after their holiday

A. return B returns C. to return D. returning

**CLOZE TEST**

**I. Choose the word (A, B, C or D) that best fits the space in the following passage.**

In my country, there are many types of (1) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ such as buses, taxis, cars, motorbikes, bicycles, trains, planes…Transportation in Vietnam now is much more (2) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ than ever before. Motorbike, taxi and bus are the best choices if you want to get (3) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in the city. Bicycle is very simple to use. You may see (4) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ riding it a lot in the countryside. (5) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ by train and plane are the fastest (6)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ besides other transports like motorbike, car or bus.

1. A. way B. transportation C. city D. place

2. A. cheap B. frequent C. convenient D. boring

3. A. around B. all C. among D. over

4. A. volunteer s B. heroes C. policemen D. locals

5. A. Travel B. Travel to C. Traveling to D. Traveling

6. A. choose B. choosen C. choice D. choices

1. **Choose the word (A, B, C or D) that best fits the space in the following passage.**

Lucy: Hey Alan. Would you like (1) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a movie after school?

Alan: I’d love to, but I can't. I (2) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ finish my science project.

Lucy: Oh, no problem. What about Thursday? Sue (3) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a party.

Alan: I’m sorry, I can’t. I (4)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ study for a math test.

Lucy: So when are you free?

Alan: Well, this Saturday, I'm going bowling with my brother. Do you want to come with us?

Lucy: Oh no! I'm sorry, I can't. I have to give a (5) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ for my History class.

Alan: I know! Let's go (6) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Sunday.

Lucy: Yeah!

1. A. seeing B. to see C. see D. sees

2. A. doesn’t have to B. don’t have to C. has to D. have to

3. A. is having B. had C. having D. have

4. A. have to B. has to C. don’t have to D. have

5. A. presentation B. test C. homework D. essay

6. A. at B. in C. of D. on**III**. **Choose the word (A, B, C or D) that best fits the space in the following passage.**

I believe the Wowscoot (1)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the best transportation for kids in my city. The Wowscoot is the most convenient way (2)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ around any city. It is easy to carry (3)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ I can fold it and put it in my backpack. The best part of the Wowscoot is the electronic map. To go to different places, I just need to tell it the address and it knows the way. Kids won't (4)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_worry about getting lost ever again. They can just enjoy the ride. All the other (5)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in my city need to have a (6)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

*Tony Thompson*

1. A. are B. is C. am D. to be

2. A. ride B. ride C. rides D. to ride

3. A. because B. so C. although D. however

4. A. have to B. has to C. has D. have

5. A. kid B. older C. old D. kids

6. A. Xtreme pogo B. Flyboard C. Wheel wonder D. Wowscoot

**IV. Choose the word (A, B, C or D) that best fits the space in the following passage.**

Hi Dung,

Thanks (1)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_your email. Did you get your test results? I (2)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ mine this morning. Good news! I got the best result in our class on the math test. I also got an A plus on my history test and an A minus (3)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ my biology test. I was really surprised because I even got a good grade on my English test.

Dad is delighted with my results. He says he’s going to take me shopping because I did so (4)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. He wants to buy me some new toys, but what I (5)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ want to buy an iPhone 14 plus max. That would be really cool. How did you do in (6)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_tests? Let me know.

See you soon,

Tai

1. A. in B. for C. to D. by

2. A. do B. did C. get D. got

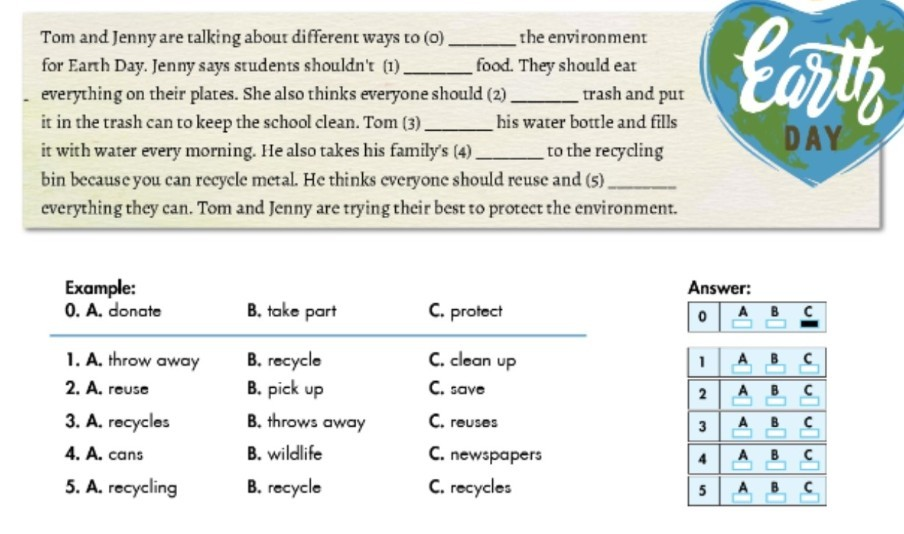
3. A. on B. in C. at D. with

4. A. best B. better C. well D. good

5. A. such B. very C. so D. really

6. A. his B. you C. my D. your

**V. Choose the word (A, B, or C ) that best fits the space in the following passage.**



**TRUE/ FALSE**

**I. *Read the following passage. Decide if the statements from 1 to 4 are True or False and choose the correct answer (A, B, C or D) for the questions 5 and 6*.**

**Anna**

Ohio, USA

"I just came back from my year studying in Spain. I'd like to share my experience of studying abroad. My Spanish is so much better after a year in Spain. I also met lots of interesting people. However, making friends was difficult at first. My Spanish wasn't good and no one understood me, but now I have five very good friends. Although it wasn't easy living alone, I quickly learned how to take care of myself. I got lots of help from my teachers and classmates during my time there. They showed me how to use public transportation and where to eat. I had a fantastic time in Spain!

1. Studying abroad helped Anna improve her Spanish.  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
2. It was easy for her to make friends at first. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
3. Anna's classmates helped her a lot. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
4. Anna didn’t enjoy her year in Spain. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
5. Where did Anna study?
6. Spain B. France C. USA D. Vietnam
7. How many good friends does she write?

A.2 B. 3 C. 4 D. 5

***II. Read the following passage. Decide if the statements from 1 to 4 are True or False and choose the correct answer (A, B, C or D) for the questions 5 and 6*.**

In 1990s, steam trains stopped running in Vietnam. They were replaced by trains that run on diesel. However, a Vietnamese tourist company plans to bring the steam trains to life again. They want to offer tourists a way to explore the scenery. These steam trains run from Da Nang to Hue. So far, three steam trains with ten carriages have been repaired and decorated. The project cost $3.6 million. These trains will start running in 2021.

1. The steam trains are decorated to serve tourists. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

2. The steam trains run between Ha Noi and Hue. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

3. Ten steam trains have been repaired. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

4. The steam trains will run again in 2021. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

5. What do they want to offer tourists?

A. explore scenery B. explore food C. explore culture D. locals

6. How much does the project cost?

A. $3.6 million B. $2.6 million C. $3.6 billion D. $2.6 million

**III. *Read the following passage. Decide if the statements from 1 to 4 are True or False and choose the correct answer (A, B, C or D) for the questions 5 and 6*.**

I think every kid in my town should have a Flyboard. The Flyboard is fast and convenient. The Flyboard can travel 30 kilometers per hour. I can go anywhere in a few minutes. The battery lasts for

eight hours. I can ride it to school every day and I don’t have to charge it. The Flyboard has an electronic map, so I won’t get lost. That’s why all kids in my town need a Flyboard.

1. The speed of the Flyboard can reach 30 km per hour. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
2. You won’t get lost because the Flyboard has an electronic map. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
3. You can’t ride it to anywhere you want. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
4. The battery of the Flyboard lasts for more than ten hours. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
5. What are advantage of the Flyboard ?
6. Cheap and fast B. frequent and comfortable C. cheap and comfortable D. fast and convient.
7. Who wants a Flyboard ?
8. Adults B. teenagers C. Man and Women D. All children

**WORD FORM**

1. I am happy to accept your \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. (invite**)**

2. My \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is so much better after a year in Spain. (Spain)

3. I also met lots of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ people. (interest)

4. The food is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, but trying new things can be a great adventure. (differ)

5. Ben wanted to study in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ however his French was bad. (French)

6.John \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ from his brother in a number of ways, especially in looks. (different).

7. With this passport, you can travel \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ around the country. (free)

8. What is the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ story you have read? (fun)

9. All the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in last night’s ballet performed perfectly. (dance)

10. What have the authorities done to improve public \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of the city? (transport)

11. On \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in Hanoi, I was picked up by my pen pal. (arrive)

12. We should use tree leaves to wrap things because they are \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. (friend)

13. Flying to the US is the best \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ way. (convenience)

14. My Dad \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ comes to this store to buy something. (frequency)

15. There are many types of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ on the street. (transport)

16.These shoes are too small so I don’t feel \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. (comfort)

17. Timothy was \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ at the result of his geography test. (disappoint)

18. Ben came top of the class in all subjects and his parents were so \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. (surprise)

19. Although I prepared carefully, I got nervous when giving my \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. (present)

20. Studying abroad makes you more \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and open to new experiences. (depend)

21. I think electric cars are more \_\_\_\_\_\_ than petrol cars because they don’t produce air pollution. (friend)

22. In my English class, we have to give \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ about various topics. (present)

23. Buses in this country aren’t \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. They’re often late. (rely)

24. Bon Om Touk is one of the most amazing \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ festivals in Cambodia. (tradition)

25. I like traveling by motorbike because it’s a great way to get around Hồ Chí Minh city \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. (quick)

26. Last year, I participated in one of the Scottish dancing \_\_\_\_\_\_\_. I didn’t win, but I enjoyed myself a lot. (compete)

27. Parents are paying more attention to their children's \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. (educate)

28. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ can take part in the dance competition during the festival. (participate)

29. Trains aren’t as\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_..as buses (frequency)

**REWRITE**

**DẠNG 1 : so  because**

1. “**SO**” diễn tả kết quả, nhấn mạnh kết quả

*=>Nguyên nhân/Lí do, SO + kết quả/Hậu quả*

Ex: He was sick, so he couldn’t go to school.

2. “**BECAUSE**” diễn tả nguyên nhân, nhấn mạnh nguyên nhân

*=>Kết quả/Hậu quả + BECAUSE + Nguyên nhân/Lí do*

*=> BECAUSE + Lí do, Kết quả/Hậu quả*

Ex: Because he was sick, he couldn’t go to school

**\* PRACTICE:**

1.Because there was not enough money to support old people, the volunteers help the fun run.

🡪There was \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

2. Simon was sick, so he couldn’t join the craft fair.

🡪Because \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

3. Jenny got up late, so she didn’t get to school on time.

→ Because \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

4. Because of the heavy rain, we stayed at home.

🡪It was \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

5. Because you live a long way from my house, you could take the bus to Greenwood.

🡪You live \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

6. Tom got up late, so he missed the train. (BECAUSE)

→ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**DẠNG 2: Although  However**

I. **ALTHOUGH** + CLAUSE1, + CLAUSE2

Ex: Although she had a great time, she was lonely at first.

CLAUSE1, + **ALTHOUGH** + CLAUSE2

Ex: She had a great time, although she was lonely at first.

II. CLAUSE1. **HOWEVER**, CLAUSE2

Ex: I had a great time in France. However, I did get lost sometimes

**\* PRACTICE:**

1. I woke up early. However, I missed the bus.

🡪Although \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

2. Hoa wants to study overseas, but he is afraid of living alone.

→ Although \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

3. Jack’s mother is from China, but she can’t speak Chinese.

→ Jack’s mother \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

4. She doesn’t get the first prize in the English Club. She is happy with the result.

→ Although \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

5. I woke up early, but I got to class late. (although)

→ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

6. She is not the winner. She is happy with the result.

→ Although \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

7. We tried hard. We lost. (however)

→ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**DẠNG 3:** Comparisons

**1. So sánh hơn:**

**a. Tính từ ngắn: (1 âm tiết)** => **S1 + be +adj(short)-er + than + S2 …**

+ Tính từ có hai âm tiết nhưng tận cùng bằng -er, -le, -ow, -et, ta xem như là một tính từ ngắn:

- clever → cleverer → the cleverest

- simple → simpler → the simplest

- narrow → narrower → the narrowest

- quiet → quieter → the quietest

+ Tính từ có hai âm tiết mà **tận cùng bằng -y**, ta cần chuyển -y thành -i, rồi sau đó mới thêm đuôi -er hoặc -est:

dirty → dirtier → the dirtiest

easy → easier → the easiest

happy → happier → the happiest

pretty → prettier → the prettiest

early → earlier → the earliest

+ Tính từ ngắn, nếu trước phụ âm cuối từ là một nguyên âm, thì ta gấp đôi phụ âm cuối từ.

* big → bigger → biggest
* sad → sadder → saddest

Ex: My backpack is newer than yours.

**b. Tính từ dài (2 âm tiết trở lên) =>S1 + BE + MORE + ADJ (long) + THAN + S2 + …**

Ex: - A car is more expensive than a bicycle.

- Ha writes more carefully than Hai.

**\* PRACTICE:**

1. My house is bigger than your house.

=> Your house is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

2. The black car is cheaper than the red car.

=> The red car \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

3. This film is more interesting than that one.

=> That film is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

4. My kitchen is smaller than yours.

=> Your kitchen \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

5. He drives more carefully than Jack does.

=> Jack \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

6. No one in my class is as tall as Tam.

=> Tam is the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

7. I can't cook as well as my mother.

=> My mother can cook \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

8. He does not play tennis as well as Jack.

=> Jack can \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**2. So sánh bằng:** **S1 + BE (NOT) + AS + ADJ + AS + S2**

🡪Your backpack \_\_is not as new as mine\_\_.

1. Paris is beautiful and London is beautiful, too.

🡪 Paris is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

2. Information Technology is difficult and Math is difficult, too.

🡪 Information Technology is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

3. John is not good. Mary is good.

🡪 John is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

4. Planes are faster than trains.

🡪 Trains are \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

5. Minh is a better dancer than Lan.

🡪 Lan can’t dance \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

6. Life in countryside is more comfortable than in the city.

🡪 Life in the city is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

7. My pen is cheap. Your pen is cheap, too.

🡪My pen is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

8. Both buses and taxis are convenient.

🡪 Taxis are \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**DẠNG 4: Ordering adjectives**

***Chúng ta đặt các tính lần lượt theo trật tự KÍCH CỠ, ĐỘ TUỔI, MÀU SẮC - (SIZE , AGE , COLOR)***

Ex: Her backpack is new, red and small.

=> She has a small new red backpack.

**\* PRACTICE:**

1. His suitcase is new, red and large.

🡪 He has \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

2. My house is old, blue and small.

🡪 I have \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

3. Minh’s hair is black, long and curly.

🡪 Minh has \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

4. Her shirt is white and large.

🡪 She is wearing \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

5. My bag is new, small and dark blue.

🡪 I have \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

6. Jenny’s skirt is medium-sized, dark red and old.

🡪 Jenny has \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**DẠNG 5: need / necessary  have to/has to**

***S + have to/has to + V+…***

***Don’t have to/ Doesn’t have to***

***WH-question + do/does + S + have to + V ?***

* It is necessary for Mary to study for an English test tomorrow.

🡪Mary has **to study** for an English test tomorrow.

* It isn’t necessary for us to do our homework tonight.

🡪 We don’t **have to do** our homework tonight.

**=>PRACTICE:**

1. There is no need for you to finish a book report today.

🡪 You don’t .

2. There is no need for Taylor to complete her assignments by Monday.

🡪 Taylor doesn’t .

3. It isn’t necessary for us to do our homework tonight.

🡪 We don’t .

4. It is necessary for Sulli to study for an English test tomorrow.

🡪 Sulli has .

5. It is necessary for them to work on a school project.

🡪 They have .

6. Is it necessary to donate?

🡪Do we \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?

7. According to the rules, it’s necessary for students to hand in their assignments on time.

→ Students \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

8. It is not necessary to call Mike.

→ You don't \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.