**NỘI DUNG ÔN TẬP KIỂM TRA HK I - TIẾNG ANH LỚP 9**

**Năm học: 2021 - 2022**

**I. TỪ VỰNG**

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **VERB** | **NOUN** | **ADJECTIVE** | **ADVERB** |
| examine | exam = examinationexaminerexaminee |  |  |
| advertise | advertisementadvertiseradvertising |  |  |
| edit | editioneditor | editable: có thể chỉnh sửaeditorial: (thuộc về) biên tập |  |
| need | necessity | necessary ≠ unnecessary | necessarily ≠ unnecessarily |
| invent | inventioninventor | inventive: có tài phát minh; đầy sáng tạo | inventively |
| popularize | popularity: tính đại chúngpopularization: sự phổ biến | popular | popularly |
| inform | information | informativeinformed |  |
|  | (in)convenience | (in)convenient | (in)conveniently |
| actinteract | action/ actor/ actressinteraction | (in)activeinteractive | activelyinteractively |
| differ | difference | different | different |
| develop | development | developing: đang phát triểndeveloped: đã phát triểndevelopmental: (thuộc về) phát triển | developmentally |
|  | nation | nationalinternational | nationallyinternationally |
| increase | increase | increasing | Increasingly |
|  | (un)fortune  | (un)fortunate | (un)fortunately |
| vary : biến đổi, làm cho khác nhau | variety: sự đa dạng | various: khác nhau | variously |

**II. VĂN PHẠM:**

* Active – Passive
* The present perfect – The simple past
* Wish – sentence
* Adverbial Clause of result : So / Because ; So….that…; Enough ; Too…..to
* Prepositions of time
* Conditional sentence : Type 1
* Reported speech
* Tag questions
* Gerunds after some verbs

**EXERCISES FOR UNIT 1-5**

**I. Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the others**

1. A. look B. school C. loose D. food

2. A. prayed B. impressed C. designed D. embroidered

3. A. took B. school C. choose D. food

4. A. stopped B. impressed C. enjoyed D. worked

5. A. village B. shrine C. river D. picnic

6. A. town B. grown C. mountain D. down

7. A. trips B. rivers C. trees D. days

8. A. practical B. fashion C. tradition D. pattern

**II. Choose the word whose main stress pattern is not the same as that of the others (0,5pt)**

9. A. inspire B. mention C. design D. prefer

10. A. traditional B. minority C. fashionable D. convenient

11. A. primary B. official C. tropical D. language

12. A. population B. mausoleum C. correspond D. compulsory

13. A. comprise B. compulsory C. divide D. separate

14. A. Islam B. Buddhism C. ethnic D. notice

15. A. cotton B. equal C. material D. fashion

16. A. inspiration B. encourage C. minority D. occasion

**III. Multiple choice: Choose the word or phrase (A, B, C or D) that best fits the blank space in each sentence:**

***A. Choose the word or phrase (A, B, C or D) that indicate the word/phrase which is CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined part.***

1. He was asked to **account for** his presence at the scene of crime.

A. complain B. exchange C. explain D. arrange

2. I’ll take the new job whose salary is **fantastic**.

A. reasonable B. acceptable C. pretty high D. wonderful

3. The boy was **brought up** with a family in the countryside.

 A. reared B. bred C. raised D. grown

4. As a government official, Benjamin Franklin often traveled **abroad**.

 A. widely B. secretly C. alone D. overseas

5. The music is what makes the movie so **memorable**.

A. incredible B. unforgettable C. eventful D. remarkable

6. The teacher gave some **suggestions** on what could come out for the examination.

A. effects B. symptoms C. hints D. demonstrations

***B. Choose the word or phrase (A, B, C or D) that indicate the word/phrase which is OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined part.***

1: My friend and his soccer coach are **like cats and dogs**. They are always arguing.

 A. too different to work together B. almost exactly the same type

 C. really disliking each other D. getting on very well

2. Your experience with oil well fires will be **invaluable** to the company in case of trouble

 A. precious B. priceless C. important D. worthless

3. The International Organizations are going to be in a **temporary** way in the country.

 A. soak B. permanent C. complicated D. guess

4. There has been no rain for a long time, so land is getting more and more **barren**.

 A. wet B. dry C. windy D. hot

5. Most visitors to Hanoi came to visit President Ho Chi Minh’s **Mausoleum**.

A. impressive tomb B. large house C. lasting memorial D. nature trail

6. She was happy that she could **get in touch** with a lot of her old friends when she went abroad to study.

A. lose contact with B. lose control of C. put in charge of D. make room for

***C. Choose the most suitable answer.***

1. I don’t like using the internet because it has some \_\_\_\_\_

A. benefits B. advantages C. limitations D. disadvantages

2. The \_\_\_\_\_\_tell us what is happening in our city, in our country and in the world

A. communication B. advertisements C. media D. forecasts

3. You should watch the news every day. It’s very \_\_\_\_\_

A. informative B. time-consuming C. costly D. boring

4. If you study at the Brighton Language Center- UK, you can live in \_\_\_\_\_\_on campus.

A. dormitory B. mobile room C. hotel D. private room

5. In order to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a higher course of writing you have pass the English pretest.

A. study B. attend C. learn D. get

6. My village lies near the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_of the mountain and by the river.

A. foot B. bank C. cliff D. bark

7. On the\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to Dalat, we saw a big green hill.

A. way B. entrance C. direction D. mountain

8. They often go to that \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_to pray .

A. market B. hotel C. shrine D. restaurant

9. He failed the test because he didn’t follow his teacher’s \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. statements B. sentences C. lessons D. instructions

10. Should all motorcyclists be \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to wear helmets?

A. interested B. dangerous C. impressed D. compulsory

11. Since their argument there has been a strained \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ among them.

A. friendliness B. atmosphere C. instruction D. activity

12. Jeans are very strong and hardly \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. wear out B. put on C. take off D. tear at

13. She is looked forward to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ his first pay packet.

A. receive B. have receive C. receiving D. be receiving.

14. Would you like \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and visit me next summer?

A. come B. coming C. to come D. came

15. I remember \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_her somewhere

A. see B. seeing C. saw D. to see

16. Ba\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ go to Dalat in summer when he was young.

A. use to B. used to C. is used to D. is used

17. Young people are fond of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Jeans.

A. to wear B. wearing C. wore D. worn

18. Cotton \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ with indigo a dye taken from plants in the Americans India.

A. was dyed B. dyed C. has dyed D. dye

19. The house has \_\_\_\_\_\_\_after the fire.

A. to rebuild B. to be rebuilt C. rebuilt D. to be rebuild

20. Traffic rules \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ strictly.

A. must be followed B. must followed C. must be follow D. must be following

21. Peter and John will leave here ……………..5 o’clock early …………the morning.

A. at/in B. on/in C. in/on D. in/at

22. She said she \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Ha Long Bay the following day.

A. would visit B. will visit C. visited D. will be visited

23. He was named \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a famous singer.

A. for B. to C. from D. after

24. I haven't heard from Maria \_\_\_\_\_.

A. since many months before B. for many months

C. for many months ago D. since a long time

25. Congratulations \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ your first prize in the English Speaking Contest.

A. in B. at C. for D. on.

26. Lan is very tired. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, she has to finish her assignment before going to bed.

A. Therefore B. So C. However D. Although.

27. In Vietnam, a school year is divided \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ two terms.

A. for B. of C. into D. with

28. China is \_\_\_\_\_ far the most populated country in the world.

A. as B. by C. so D. to

29. I can’t \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ your loud music any longer. I’m leaving.

A. make out B. keep up with C. hold on to D. put up with

30. I’m really looking \_\_\_\_\_ Christmas this year

A into B after C out for D forward to

31. Nobody went to the party, ………..?

A. does he B. do they C. didn’t they D. did they

32. This room hasn’t been used for ages, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?

A. has it B. does it C. hasn’t it D. doesn’t it

33. She turned ¬¬……..the new job in New York because she didn’t want to move.

A. on B. off C. Up D. down

34: It’s very kind \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_you to help me with the homework.

A. of B. in C. with D. to

35. Are you very busy \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Monday mornings? – No! I always have time for a cup of coffee.

A. from B. to C. out D. on

***D. Mark the letter to indicate the most suitable response.***

1. What do you want for desserts? - …………..

A. What about spaghetti? B. No thanks. I’m not thirsty.

C. Walnut Banana Bread pudding is a great idea. D. She’ll make a cheesecake.

2. A: "Why don't we make a cake for Mom on Mother's Day?"

B: “I\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_"

A. Sure, let's plan on it. B. Thanks, I'd love to.

C. To make her happy. D. Great I'd like some flowers.

3. "Mum. I’ve got 600 on the TOEFL test" - "……………."

A. Good way! B. You are right. C. Oh, hard luck! D. Good job!

4. Tom: “How did you get here?" - John: “…………………”

A. I came here last night. B. I came here by train.

C. The train is so crowded. D. Is it far from here?

5. A: "Have you heard? Martin and Lisa have just got engaged I"

B: “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_”

A. Really? That's fantastic! B. Congratulations! C. Let's celebrate! D. Good luck!

6. A: "Well, Brad Pitt and Angelina Jolie have just decided to divorce I don't you know?

B: “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_”

A. I couldn't agree more. B. Oh, thanks! C. Really? Are you kidding? D. No, not right now.

**IV. Supply the correct form of the words:**

1. He learned that the house was for sale through an **\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_** (advertise)
2. We have well - \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_staff. (qualify)
3. There are three main types of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ institutions.( educate)
4. They were \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_managers because they worked over 25 years. (experience)
5. We like reading \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ books. (inform)
6. The colorful \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_attract a lot of teenagers. (commerce)
7. I’d love to go to the party, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_I have to go somewhere else. (fortunate)
8. The\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ asked him how he would use English in the future. (examination)
9.
10. Mr. Thanh is the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of the Viet Nam News. (edit)
11. Recently health foods and energy drinks have increased in **\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_** . (popular)
12. We need further information but we are\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ about anything. (informative)
13.
14. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ between audiences and participants is very important. (interact)
15. This game show has been watched **\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_** for two years. (wide)
16. My sister was an \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of this English written contest last year. (examine)
17. I can complete a spoken English test if \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. (need)
18. **\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_,** her grandmother has a hearing problem. (fortunate)
19. We apologize for the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ caused to the passengers. (convenient)
20. What makes this magazine so \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ . (popularize)

**V. Signs: What is the correct meaning for each sign?**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| 1 | A. Corrosive to metals and skins. |
| B. Water are not allowed. |
| C. Wash your hand. |
| D. Leaking hot water. |
| 2  | A. Entrance to the right. |
| B. Go right to exit. |
| C. Don’t use this exit unless there is a fire. |
| D. Do not touch the floor. |
| 3 | A. Falling objects hazard. |
| B. Look below. |
| C. Electrical shock hazard warning. |
| D. Don’t stay near the sign. |
| 4 | A. Shoes’ store. |
| B. Take off your shoes upon entering. |
| C. Shoes must be worn all the time. |
| D. You can get foot protection here. |
| 5 | A. Hospital is nearby. |
| B. You can find tools for first aid here. |
| C. First, you need to aid the box. |
| D. You can learn about first aid skill in this box. |

**VI. Reading comprehension:**

**A. Read the text again and choose the correct answer (A,B,C, or D) for each question:**

**Paragraph 1**

Every day on radio, on TV, and in the newspaper, we hear, see or read about many problems in the world, for example, pollution problems.

Air pollution is the first kind. It mostly comes from fumes released from motorbikes, cars, airplanes, trains and poisonous gases emitted from factories. Also, waste is dumped anywhere, even in the city where many people are living. The second pollution problem is sea pollution. Many people earn their living from fishing in the sea, and the fish they catch feed many people. But the sea has become so polluted from oil spills and factory wastes that the fish are dying. **This** is not only killing the fish, but is also affecting those people who eat fish.

Seldom do you find a place nowadays that is not polluted. This problem is growing more difficult every day. We must find a good solution that makes the world a better place to live.

1. We hear, see and read about problems in the world \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

A. once a week B. every day C. every week D. every year

2. What causes the air pollution?

A. fumes from vehicles. B. poisonous gases from factories.

C. waste from everywhere D. All are correct

3. The sea has become polluted because of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

A. oil spills B. factories wastes

C. smoke from factories D. A and B are correct

4. In order to make the world a better place to live, we \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

A. should not prevent pollution B. must find a good solution.

C. should kill the fish. D. None is correct.

5. The word “**This**” in the passage refers to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

A. pollution B. oil C. factory D. sea

**Paragraph 2**

Tigers are one of the most powerful and graceful animals in the world. The different species that still exist today, namely the Bengal, Indochina, Siberian, South China and Sumatra tigers are in danger of becoming extinct. Due to irresponsible hunting, the Bali, Caspian and Java tigers have already become extinct. This could soon happen to the other species too.

In the past, tigers were considered as pests. With a smaller area to hunt, as man had taken up more of the land to build upon, the tigers found less area for themselves to hunt. They thus turned to farms to get their food. Farmers’ livestock were attacked by these tigers. People were then encouraged to hunt and kill these animals with the promise of rewards. Even after the threat of tigers on livestock was over, man continued to hunt tigers, this time for recreation. Poachers too hunt tigers for their body parts knowing that the skin of tigers is much sought after. Bones and other organs are also used as ingredients in traditional Chinese medicine. Although killing is illegal, it is still being carried out unless it is stopped, the remaining species of tigers will soon become extinct too.

1. How many species of tigers were there originally?

A. three B. Four C. Five D. eight

2. There were fewer hunting grounds for the tigers because \_\_\_\_\_

A. man had occupied the land B. the farmers put their livestock there

C. the tiger population was becoming bigger D. they liked hunting livestock

3. Man continues hunting tigers even they are no longer pests because \_\_\_\_\_

A. he treats it as a form of recreation B. he loves tigers very much

C. he still thinks tigers are pests D. he wants to make the tigers extinct

4. Poachers are people who \_\_\_\_\_

A. look after tigers B. make Chinese medicine

C. hunt tigers illegally D. hunt tigers’ body parts

5. Illegal poaching will \_\_\_\_\_

A. cause the extinction of tigers

B. increase the amount of Chinese medicine

C. increase the amount of Chinese medicine

D. increase the price of body parts

**Paragraph 3**

Son Doong Cave has become more famous after the American Broadcasting Company (ABC) aired a live programme featuring its magnificence on ‘Good Morning America’ in May 2015.

Located in Quang Binh Province, Son Doong Cave was discovered by a local man named Ho Khanh in 1991, and became known internationally in 2009 thanks to British cavers, led by Howard Limbert. The cave was formed about 2 to 5 million years ago by river water eroding away the limestone underneath the mountain. It contains some of the tallest known stalagmites in the world - up to 70 metres tall. The cave is more than 200 metres wide, 150 metres high, and nearly 9 kilometres long, with caverns big enough to fit an entire street inside them. Son Doong Cave is recognised as the largest cave in the world by BCRA (British Cave Research Association) and selected as one of the most beautiful on earth by the BBC (British Broadcasting Corporation).

In August 2013, the first tourist group explored the cave on a guided tour. Permits are now required to access the cave and are made available on a limited basis. Only 500 permits were issued for the 2015 season, which runs from February to August. After August, heavy rains cause river levels to rise and make the cave largely inaccessible.

1. What happened to Son Doong Cave in May 2015?

A. It was discovered by a local man named Ho Khanh.

B. A live programme featuring its magnificence was broadcast on ‘Good Morning America’ by the American Broadcasting Company (ABC).

C. It became known internationally thanks to British cavers, led by Howard Limbert.

D. It was explored by the first tourist group.

2. Which statement is NOT true about Son Doong Cave?

A. Tourists can explore Son Doong Cave daily throughout the year.

B. The cave was formed about 2 to 5 million years ago.

C. It was formed by river water eroding away the limestone underneath the mountain.

D. Some of the stalagmites in Son Doong Cave are about 70 metres tall.

3. The word ‘them’ refers to \_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. British cavers B. stalagmites C. kilometers D. caverns

4. The word ‘inaccessible’ in the passage probably means \_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. should not be accessed B. need to be careful

C. cannot be reached D. may be flooded

5. From the passage, we know that \_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. there is a street inside Son Doong Cave

B. the cave is always covered with rain water

C. few tourists want to come to the cave

D. tourists need permission to explore the cave

**Read the following text and choose the answer (A, B ,C, or D) which fits best each blank :**

**Paragraph 1**

Here are tips that help succeed in your job interview always arrive early. If you do not know where the organization is located, call for exact directions (1)…………...advance. Leave some extra time for any traffic, parking, or (2)…………...events. If you are running late, call right away and let someone know. The best time to arrive is approximately 5 - 10 minutes early. Give (3)…………...the time to read your resume one more time, to catch your breath, and to be ready for the interview. Once you are at the office, treat everyone you encounter with respect. Be (4)…………...to everyone as soon as you walk in the door.

Wear a professional business suit. This point should be emphasized enough. First impressions are extremely important in the interview process. Women should (5)…………...wearing too much jewelry or make up. Men should avoid flashy suits or wearing too much perfume. While a suit is the standard interview attire in a business environment, if you think it is an informal environment, call before and ask. Regardless, you can never be overdressed if you are wearing a tailored suit.

1. A. With B in C. on D. for

2. A. expected B. unexpected C. unexpectedly D. expectedly

3. A. you B. your C. yours D. yourself

4. A. pleasant B. polite C. disappointed D. excited

5. A. avoid B. suggest C. enjoy D. be

**Paragraph 2**

Just like American students, you will have to submit your academic transcripts as part of your application for admission to university or college. Academic transcripts are (1)…………...copies of your academic work. In the US, this (2)…………...your “grades” and “grade point average”(GPA), which are measurements of your academic achievement. Courses are commonly graded using percentages, which are converted (3)…………...letter grades.

The grading system and GPA in the USA can be (4)…………..., especially for international students. The interpretation of grades has a lot of variation. For example, two students who attended different schools (5)…………...submit their transcripts to the same university. They both have 3.5 GPAs, but one student attended an average high school while the other attended a prestigious school that was academically challenging. The university might interpret their GPAs differently because the two schools have dramatically different standards.

1. A. popular B. official C. major D. private

2. A. includes B. consists C. possesses D. owns

3. A. into B. in C. from D. for

4. A. easy B. confused C. confusing D. simple

5. A. every B. each C. both D. either

**Paragraph 3**

Living in a city has a (1)…………..of drawbacks. Firstly, there are many problems of traffic jams and traffic accidents. The increase (2)…………..population and the increasing number of vehicles have caused many accidents to happen every day. Secondly, air pollution negatively affects people’s health, and it also has a bad influence on the environment. More and more city dwellers (3)…………..from coughing or breathing problems. Thirdly, the city is noisy, even at night. Noise (4)…………..comes from the traffic and from construction sites. Buildings are always being knocked (5)………….. and rebuilt. These factors contribute to making city life more difficult for its residents.

1. A. lots B. great deal C. number D. numerous

2. A. at B. in C. on D. of

3. A. suffer B. differ C. recover D. different

4. A. polluting B. polluted C. pollution D. pollute

5. A. up B. down C. on D. of

**VII. Writing**

***A. Rearrange words/ phrases to make a meaningful sentence***

1- between / Friday / 4 pm / a / and / on / meeting / 9 am / is / there.

.................................................................................................................................................................

2- visit / London / that / summer / uncle / Peter / next / his / he / in / could / wishes.

.................................................................................................................................................................

3- if / the test / she / next day / do / wondered / could / the / Susan

………………………………………………………………………………………………………….

4- people / mountain resorts / some rest / hard-working / many / go to / to have / a / after / week.

.................................................................................................................................................................

5. English / asked / could / the day before / join / him / if / course / . / with / Peter / I / the

………………………………………………………………………………………………………….

6. She / exam / Unless / hard / , / studies / fail / . / Sarah / the / will

………………………………………………………………………………………………………….

7. information / because of / Internet / find / fast / . / used / processing / is / its / to / The

………………………………………………………………………………………………………….

8 . will / these / throw / you / ? / Don’t / magazines / ,

………………………………………………………………………………………………………….

 ***B. Finish the second sentence in such a way that it is as similar as possible in meaning to the first one***

1. You can improve your English by practicing speaking every day.

If ....................................................................................................................................................................

1. John lives in a small flat and he doesn’t like it.

John wishes ...................................................................................................................................................

1. “Do your grandparents still live in Nha Trang now?” said Nam to me.

Nam ................................................................................................................................................................

1. These students were strong enough to carry desks and chairs into the hall.

These students were so………………………………………………………………………………………

1. This channel is large enough for us to go for a row on.

This channel is so……………………………………………………………………………………………

1. This soup was too cold for a baby to eat.

This soup was so…………………………………………………………………………………………….

1. “Would you mind tidying the kitchen, little girls?”, said an old woman.

An old woman …………………………………………………………………………………………..

1. They said to us, “Phone us if you have free time.”

They told us……………………………………………………………………………………………...

1. Don’t be impatient or you will make regrettable mistakes.

If ………………………………………………………………………………………………………….

1. “Why didn’t you come yesterday?”, a tutor asked him

A tutor asked him…………………………………………………………………………………………

1. Because you don’t keep your feet dry, you catch a cold.

You don’t keep……………………………………………………………………………………………

1. Mary never used to win this tournament.

This tournament…………………………………………………………………………………………..

1. When did you start learning English?

How long………………………………………………………………………………………………….

1. Ba said to Mai: “Would you like to dance?”

Ba …………………………………………………………………………………………………………

1. Nam said to Daisy: “Good luck to you.”

Nam wished……………………………………………………………………………………………….

1. I am excited about the coming festival.”

I am looking……………………………………………………………………………………………….

1. She said to Peter: “ Would you mind opening the door?”

She asked………………………………………………………………………………………………….

1. I am interested in playing soccer.

I find………………………………………………………………………………………………………

1. He is old, so he cannot work hard.

He is too…………………………………………………………………………………………………..

He is not…………………………………………………………………………………………………..

1. They got bad grades because the test was hard.

The test was……………………………………………………………………………………………….

1. Mr. Lam has never gone abroad before.

Mr. Lam wished…………………………………………………………………………………………...

1. The song was too long for me to listen to.

The song was………………………………………………………………………………………………

1. That poor boy spent the whole week designing his stamp collection.

That poor boy………………………………………………………………………………………………

1. The play interests him a lot.

He finds…………………………………………………………………………………………………….

1. She said to Tom: “Why don’t you take a bus?”

She asked Tom……………………………………………………………………………………………..

1. He can’t drive because he is very young.

He isn’t…………………………………………………………………………………………………….

1. The boy hasn’t visited his old friends for two years.

The boy last………………………………………………………………………………………………..

1. His classmate said to him: “ Do you attend the meeting with us last Tuesday, Ben?”

The classmate……………………………………………………………………………………………...

1. Are these your pens?

These are …………………………………………………………………………………………………?

1. Have you just used the computer ?

You have………………………………………………………………………………………………… ?

1. Are there many interesting programs tonight ?

There are……………………………………………………………………………………………… …?

1. Do Simon and Julie never go to the theater ?

Simon and Julie …………………………………………………………………………………………..?

1. Did he last do gymnastics three months ago ?

He has …………………………………………………………………………………………………….?

1. Did this man produce the first TV picture in 1920 ?

The first TV picture …………………………………………………………………………………..…..?

**DUYỆT CỦA BGH DUYỆT CỦA TỔ TRƯỞNG NHÓM TRƯỞNG ANH 9**

 **Nguyễn Thùy Trang**