**Unit two: Clothing**

**LANGUAGE FOCUS**

**1. The present perfect tense ( Thì hiện tại hoàn thành ) :**

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| **Usage:** được dùng để diễn tả: | **Examples** |
| - sự việc vừa mới xảy ra. | They have *just* met her at the bus stop. |
| - sự việc đã xảy ra trong quá khứ nhưng không rõ thời gian chính xác. | Maryam has *ever* visited Ha Noi *before*.  I have lost my motor bike. |
| - sự việc bắt đầu từ trong quá khứ và vẫn còn kéo dài đến hiện tại, hay có thể đến tương lai. | We have lived in this city *for* twenty years.  He has gone abroad *since* last year. |
| - sự việc xảy ra nhiều lần trong quá khứ, có thể được lặp lại ở hiện tại hay tương lai. | She has read that novel *several times*.  My friends have seen that film *many times*. |

**\*** Các trạng từ thường được dùng với thì hiện tại hoàn thành : **just** (vừa mới) ; **already** (rồi) ;

**lately,recently** (gần đây, mới đây) ; **ever** (đã từng) ; **ever… before** (trước đây đã từng) ;

**never** (chưa bao giờ) ; **never … before** (trước đây chưa bao giờ) ; **yet** (chưa) ; **so far, until**

**now, up to now, up to the present** (cho đến nay) ; **since + point of time** (từ …) ; **for + period**

**of time** (được …) ; **several** **times** (vài lần), **many times** (nhiều lần ),

**It’s / This is the first / second …. time …** ( đó là / đây là lần đầu / lần thứ hai… )

**b) Form** **:** (+ ) S. + **have / has** + **V.+ ed / V.3**

( - ) S. + **have / has** + **not** + **V.+ ed / V.3**

( ? ) **Have / Has** + S. + **V.+ ed / V.3**……?

**Ex.1**: **Supply the correct tense of the verb in brackets :**

1. She \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ her work for an hour. ( finish )

2. They \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Ha Noi three times. ( visit )

3. Maryam \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ everything here up to now. ( enjoy )

4. My friends and I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ English since 2008. ( study )

5. We \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ there before. ( never – be )  
6. He \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ her at the bus stop. ( just – see )

7. Those students \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_their exercises. ( already – do )

8. Our car \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ too much gasoline and oil. ( recently – use)

9. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ you \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ by air ? ( ever – travel )

10. Fred \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ his parents about that matter yet. ( not – tell )

**Ex.2**: **Rewrite the following sentences, using “Present Perfect tense”** :

1. I started living in this city fifteen years ago.

🠪 **I have**

2. My father stopped smoking last year.

🠪 **My father has**

3. We last met him three years ago.

🠪 **We haven’t**

4. Tom went to this club the last time in 2000.

🠪 **Tom hasn’t \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**

5. The last time I went swimming was four months ago.

🠪 **It’s**

6. It’s two months since they saw her.

🠪 **They haven’t**

7. He began to collect stamps when he was 18 years old.

🠪 **He has**

8. I haven’t eaten this kind of food before.

🠪 **This is the first time**

9. When did she work in this company ?

🠪 **How long has**  ?

10. When did you last talk to Mary ?

🠪 **How long is** \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?

**2. Passive Voice (Thụ động cách) :**

**\* 2.1 : túc từ câu chủ động => chủ từ câu thụ động**

**-** nếu câu chủ động có **2 túc từ**, chỉ đổi 1 trong 2 túc từ sang chủ từ ở câu thụ động.

( **túc từ chỉ người** thường được dùng nhiều hơn **túc từ chỉ vật** )

**\* 2.2 : động từ câu chủ động => động từ bị động (đúng thì , hợp ngôi thứ )**

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| --- | --- | --- |
| **Tenses** | **Forms** | **Examples** |
| **a) Simple Present** | **\*** S. + **am / is / are** +  **V.+ ed / V.3**  **(Past Participle )** | - She cleans her room every day.  => Her room **is cleaned** every day.  - Hoa buys these magazines every week.  => These magazines **are bought** by Hoa every week.. |
| **b) Simple Past** | **\*** S. + **was / were** +  **V.+ ed / V.3** | - She cleaned her room yesterday.  => Her room **was cleaned** yesterday. |
|  |  | - Hoa bought these magazines **last** week.  => These magazines **were bought** by Hoa last week. |
| **c) Simple Future** | **\*** S. + **shall / will** + **be**  + **V.**+**ed / V.3** | - She will clean her room tomorrow.  => Her room **will be cleaned** tomorrow.  - Hoa will buy those magazines next week.  => Those magazines **will be bought** by Hoa next week. |
| **d) Present Perfect** | **\*** S. + **have / has** +  **been** + **V.**+ **ed / V.3** | - She has just cleaned her room.  => Her room **has** just **been cleaned**.  - Hoa has alreadybought those magazines.  =>Those magazines **have** already **been bought b**yHoa. |
| **e) Modal verbs :**  **can, could, should, would, may, might, must, need, have to, ought to, used to,**  **be going to…** | **\*** S. + **modal verb** +  **be** + **V.**+ **ed / V.3** | - She has to clean her room every day.  => Her room **has to be cleaned** every day.  - Hoa used to read these magazines when she was 14.  => These magazines **used to be** **read** by Hoa when she  was 14. |

**\* 2.3 : cụm từ chỉ nơi chốn**

**\* 2.4 : chủ từ câu chủ động => BY + túc từ câu thụ động**

**-** bỏ khỏi câu thụ động nếu là : **by + objective pronoun (me, you, him, her, us, them)**

**by + people / someone / somebody…**

**-** nếu túc từ trong câu thụ động chỉ sự vật, sư việc , thay **by** bằng **with**.

**\* 2.5 : cụm từ chỉ thời gian**

**Ex.3**: **Rewrite the following sentences, using “Passive Voice”** :

1. Shakespeare wrote that play.

🠪 **That play**

2. He puts those magazines on the reading table.

🠪 **Those magazines**

3. People will hold the meeting before May Day.

🠪 **The meeting**

4. They have mentioned the Ao Dai in poems, novels and songs.

🠪 **The Ao Dai \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**

5. She divided the class into four groups.

🠪 **The class**

6. They have to repair the engine of the car.

🠪 **The engine of the car**

7. Students can find these reference books in the school library.

🠪 **These reference books**

8. They are going to build a new primary school here next month.

🠪 **A new primary school**

9. Smoke filled the room.

🠪 **The room**

10. Weeds cover the river bank.

🠪 **The river bank**

THE END