**NỘI DUNG BÀI HỌC MÔN TIẾNG ANH LỚP 9**

*Tuần 14: 05/12/2022-10/12/2022*

**UNIT 5: LISTEN AND READ**

**I. NEW WORDS**

* **GETTING STARTED - LISTEN AND READ :**

1. a medium (n): một phương tiện truyền thông 🡪 media (n): phương tiện truyền thông đại chúng (số nhiều)

2. to guess (v): đoán

3. to cry (v): kêu to, rao, khóc 🡪 a town crier (n): người rao tin ngày xưa

4. to ring – rang – rung (v): rung, lắc 🡪 to ring a bell : rung chuông

5. to shout (v): kêu to, la to, hét to

6. the latest news : tin mới nhất

7. widely (adv): rộng lớn, trên phạm vi rộng 🡪 wide (adj): rộng 🡪 width (n): bề rộng 🡪 widen (v): mở rộng

8. teenager (n): thanh thiếu niên (từ 13 🡪 19 tuổi)

9. adult (n): người lớn

10. Thanks to : nhờ vào

11. information (n): thông tin 🡪 informative (adj): giàu thông tin 🡪 to inform (v): thông báo

12. variety (n): nhiều, đủ loại, sự đa dạng 🡪 various (adj): khác nhau

13. channel (n): kênh (truyền hình)

14. stage (n): giai đoạn

15. interactive (adj): tương tác 🡪 interaction (n): sự tương tác 🡪 to interact **with sb :** tương tác với ai

16. to develop (v): phát triển 🡪 development (n): sự phát triển

17. remote (adj): từ xa, xa xôi 🡪 remote control (n): thiết bị điều khiển từ xa

18. benefit (n): lợi ích 🡪 **for special benefit of : vì lợi ích gì 🡪 to have the benefit of : hưởng lợi của cái gì 🡪 to benefit by sth : hưởng lợi bằng cách gì.**

19. to bring (v): mang, đem, xách, đưa 🡪 to bring **about :** mang lại, đem lại

**II. EXERCISE**

**I. WORD FORM**

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | **VERBS**  | **NOUNS** | **ADJECTIVES** | **ADVERBS** |  |
| 1 | access | access | accessible |  |  |
| 2 | benefit | benefit | beneficial | beneficially |  |
| 3 | commercialize  | commerce | commercial | commercially |  |
| 4 | vary | varietyvariation | various |  |  |
| 5 | interact | interaction | interactive |  |  |
| 6 | invent | inventioninventor 😐 | inventive |  |  |
| 7 | use | usefulness # uselessness | useful  # useless | usefully# uselessly |  |
| 8 |  | violence | violent | violently |  |
| 9 | inform  | information  | informative |  |  |
| 10 | popularize | popularity | ( un ) popular  | ( un ) popularly |  |
| 11 | respond | response | responsive | responsively |  |

1.Although that laptop is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, I will buy it (cost)

2. The ................................... between this computer and the others is good. (interact)

3. Libraries are helpful in................................... children’s love for books. (develop)

4. The Internet has ................................... developed nowadays. (increase)

5. The Internet is one of the most important ................................... of our life. (invent)

6. Everyone has their ................................... which are hardly recognized by themselves. (limit)

7. My uncle has just bought ................................... furniture to decorate his living room. (cost)

8. Sign language is still used as a mean of ................................... (communicate)

9. Physical exercise is ................................... to our health. (benefit)

10. I often watch the news every day. It’s very ................................... (inform)

11. I spend most of the time wandering because I just don’t know which website is …………. for me. (use)

12. The remote area isn’t ................................... by bicycle. (access)

13. Electronic goods are ................................... applauded everywhere. (commerce)

14. She ................................... disagreed with what we said. (violence)

15. Most companies have …………………. their production line (computer)

16. Her ideas on Internet needed more careful ................................... (explore)

17. Nowadays the children use the Internet for a lot of ................................... (purpose)

18. Use public transport or we won’t ……….. pollution (minimum)

19. How did they ................................... to the news. (response)

20. A car becomes .................................. without petrol. (use)

**II. MULTIPLE CHOICE**

***Choose the word / phrase (A, B, C or D) that best fits the space in each sentence***

1. There won't be any trouble with you, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?

 A. will there B. will it C. will they D. won't they

1. Would you mind not \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_on the radio until I've finished typing the document?

 A. to turn B. turning C. being turned D. to be turned

1. Nam said that he \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_to buy that blue T-shirt

 A. not want B. doesn't want C. didn't want D. not wanted

1. You bought this pair of trouser yesterday, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?

 A. didn't you B. weren't you C. did you D. were you

1. Some sports on TV are violent, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_you shouldn't let children watch them.

 A. and B. but C. therefore D.so

1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, he'll lose his job.

 A. if he works harder B. If he doesn't works harder

 C. Unless he doesn't work harder D. Unless he works harder

1. I don't remember \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_this machine. Can you show me how?

 A. however B. to operate C. how to operate D. whatever

1. He can't earn money \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_he has no job.

 A. unless B. until C. without D. if

1. Viet got up late, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_he couldn't catch the first bus.

 A. so B. then C. as D. when

1. His father is not interested in tennis and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

 A. he doesn't, either B. so doesn't he

 C. neither does he D neither is he

1. A type of white stone that contains calcium, used in building and in making cement is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

 A. stones B. stone C. limestone D. brick

1. “ I think playing computer games is time- consuming” “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_”

 A. Absolutely B. Thank you C. Anytime D. It’s nice of you to say so

1. “Congratulations on your exam result!” “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_”

 A.You’re welcome B. Thanks C. All right D. That’s good

1. I always visit my parents \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Tet.

 A.in B. on C. at D. to

1. How much time do you spend\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_the web a day?

 A. clicking B. skiing C. entering D. surfing

1. This television program is not only\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_but also entertaining.

 A . necessary B. convenient C. economical D. informative

1. The river \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_flows through my hometown is much polluted now.

 A. who B. that C. whose D. where

1. Last week the train was delayed\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_the flood.

 A. although B. because of C. because D. despite

1. Most of my relatives are living in a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_village.

 A. house B. institute C. picture D. picturesque

1. The students have to wear uniforms at school, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?

 A. do they B. doesn’t he C. don’t they D. haven’t they

1. Through TV, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_can see and learn about people, places and things in faraway places.

 A TV viewers B. home viewers C. audience D. TV lookers

1. Her sister\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ as a presenter in the local television station, doesn't she?

 A. works B. is working C. has worked D. worked to

1. You hardly watch science fiction films, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?

 A. don't you B. do you C. are you D. aren't you

1. No one phoned while I was out, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?

 A. did he B. didn't they C. did they D. didn't he

1. Internet users often suffer various risks, such as spam or \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ junk mail.

 A. scientific B. electric C. electronic D. traffic

1. You can take the exam at intermediate or advanced \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

 A. language B. level C. interest D. institute

1. A: “I need a favor.”- B:“ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_”

 A. No, thanks. B. I'm Ok.

 C. Yes, please. D. How can I help you?

1. What do you think of American films?” \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ “

 A. Yes, I do B. I think of them very much

 C. No, I don't D. I like them

1. Remote controls are used \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_with TV.

 A. to interacting B. interacting

 C.to interact D. to be interacted

1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_television, people can get the latest information and enjoy interesting programs.

 A. In spite of B. Because

 C. Thankfully D. Thanks to

1. I have found thus information \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_the website.

 A. on B. in C. to D. of

1. People used to get the news \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_town criers.

 A. for B. on C. from D. with.

1. People use the Internet \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_many purposes.

 A. on B. for C. to D. in

1. Everyone is present here,\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

 A. isn’t he B. isn’t she C. are they D. aren’t they

1. You likes watching sports, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ ?

A. do you B. don’t you C. are you D. aren’t you

1. Documentaries seem quite boring to you, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?

 A. do they B. don’t they C. aren’t they D. isn’t it

1. A way of using computers for sending or receiving message is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ .

 A. website B. information C. e-mail D. chatting

1. Nobody can deny the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of the Internet in our life.

 A. channels B. benefits C. controls D. purposes

1. He spends a lot of time \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the web every day.

 A. responding B. looking C. walking D. surfing

1. We can communicate \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_our friends by means of email.

 A. at B. to C. for D. with

1. What is your response \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ this forum?

 A. about B. for C. with D. to

1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_do you use the Internet for?

 A. Why B. How C. What D. Where

1. Town criers shouted the latest news \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ they were walking.

 A. as B. because C. so D. since

1. Before the appearance of newspaper, people got news from\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

 A. computers B. criers C. magazines D. television

1. ‘ Muc Tim’ is one of the most \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_magazines for teenagers.

A. costly B. comfortable C. dangerous D. popular

1. Remote controls are used to\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_with television.

 A. invent B. develop C. interact D. respond

1. TV\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_can enjoy interesting programs by choosing the right channels.

 A. lookers B. watchers C. viewers D. seers

1. Living in a distant town, students can’t get \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to the Internet easily.

 A. access B. work C. connect D. relation

1. “I don’t like watching sports.” – “ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_”

 A. I do, too B. So do I C. I’m the opposite D. Yes, I do.

1. “Do you like playing soccer?”-“\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_”

 A. Yes, I do B. Yes, I don’t C. Yes, I hate it D. No, I love it

**The end**