

REVISION FOR MID-TERM TEST – 1ST TERM - GRADE 9

I. Choose the correct word or phrase to fill in each of the following sentences.




1. A. correspond B. mausoleum C. atmosphere D. separation
2. A. carefully B. correctly C. seriously D. Personally
3. A. primary B. religion C. optional D. separate
4. A. excited B. interested C. confident D. memorable
5. A. noon B. tool C. blood D. spoon
6. A. invite B. pick C. ticket D. kitchen
7. A. separated B. divided C. wicked D. loved
8. A. worked B. Stopped C. forced D. wanted
9. Let's go to the Temple of Literature. - _____.
 A. That's a fine day C. That's a good trip.
 B. That's good. D. Yes, let's.
10. – A: Thank you very much for your help . – B:
 A. It's quite ok. B. That's right. C. I'd love to. D. You're welcome.
11. Ba : _____ --- Nam : Pleased to meet you, too
 A. Nice to meet you B. Nice to meet you, too.
 C. Pleased to meet you. D. Pleased to meet you
12. This book consists _____ seven chapters.
 A. on B. at C. in D. of
13. Many people don't love wearing these clothes because they are _____ fashion.
 A. out of B. of out C. of old D. in old
14. In the 18th century, jean cloth was _____ completely from cotton.
 A. made B. makes C. making D. make
15. I wish I _____ get good marks for the coming exam.
 A. can B. could C. should D. will
16. Although we are far away from each other, we still _____ *very often*.
 A. keep in touch B. say hello C. keep together D. keep on
17. Almost all the tourists are really _____ by the beauty of Hue.
 A. excited B. enjoyed C. interested D. impressed
18. She often goes to the _____ to pray because her religion is Buddhism.
 A. mosque B. church C. temple D. pagoda
19. I'm not tall now. I wish I _____ taller .
 A. were B. would be C. be D. am
20. Bahasa Malaysia is the primary language *of* _____ in all secondary schools.
 A. instruct B. instructor C. instructed D. instruction
21. My uncle is a _____. He has composed lots of famous poems.
 A. designer B. sailor C. poet D. Musician
22. Some designers have modernized the aodai by _____ lines of poetry on it
 A. painting B. drawing C. printing D. fixing

II/. Look at the signs. Then choose the correct answer

1. What does this sign mean?

- A. No overtaking
- B. No crossing
- C. No moving
- D. Slippery road ahead



<p>2. What does this sign mean?</p> <p>A. You are allowed to walk past this area. B. You should walk slowly as wet floor. C. You are not allowed to walk past this area. D. You can walk fast.</p>	
<p>3. What does the sign want us to do?</p> 	<p>A. There is a stadium B. There is a hospital C. There is a market ahead D. There is a museum</p>
<p>4. What does this sign mean?</p> 	<p>A. Run - Don't walk B. Go this way in case of fire C. Fire in front of the shop D. Afraid of fire</p>

III/. Filling each numbered blank with one suitable word in the box :

❶ A Vietnamese boy named Van, an exchange student, is living with the Parker family in the American state (13) _____ Ohio. He will stay there till the beginning of October.

Mr. Parker is a farmer and Mrs. Parker works part- time at a grocery store in a nearby town. They have two children. Peter is the _____ (14) Van, and Sam is still in primary school. Van often (15) _____ chores after school. Sometimes, he also helps on the farm. The family (16) _____ on Saturday afternoons and eat hamburger or hot dogs (17) _____ they watch Peter plays baseball. Van likes the Parker and he enjoys being a member of (18) _____ family.

- | | | | |
|--------------------|----------------|-------------|-----------|
| 13. A. on | B. from | C. of | D. in |
| 14. A. as same age | B. same age as | C. age same | D. age as |
| 15. A. does | B. travels | C. has | D. works |
| 16. A. watches | B. goes | C. relaxes | D. does |
| 17. A. where | B. how | C. what | D. while |
| 18. A. his | B. their | C. our | D. your |

Answers: 13. _____ 14. _____ 15. _____ 16. _____ 17. _____ 18. _____

❷ Singapore is an island nation in Southeast Asia. It (1) _____ one major island and more than 50 small adjacent islets. Singapore is one of (2) _____ important port cities and commercial centers of Southeast Asia. Singapore has a wet tropical (3) _____. Considered as one of the Asia's four Dragons, Singapore has one of the highest standards of living of any country in Asia. The economy (4) _____ heavily on exports, particularly in consumer electronics and information technology (5) _____. Singapore has one of the largest international airports in Asia, and a 26-km rail line (6) _____ crosses Johore Strait and links with the Malaysian railroad system. Singapore has been considered by international travelers as an exciting travel destination.

- | | | | |
|-----------------|-------------|-----------------|--------------|
| 1. A. contents | B. includes | C. consists | D comprises |
| 2. A. the more | B. better | C. the most | D. least |
| 3. A. climate | B. weather | C. temperature | D. rainfall |
| 4. A. belongs | B. replies | C. depends | D. relies |
| 5. A. factories | B. products | C. manufactures | D. companies |

6. A. that B. which is C. what D. where

IV/. Read. Write “True” or “False” for the statements about the passage. (1,5pt)

① Nowadays, jeans are very popular with people. Statistically, every American owns, on average, seven pairs of blue jeans. Approximately 450 million pairs of jeans are sold in the United States every year. 20 thousand tons of indigo are produced annually for dyeing of jeans. Jeans also have a long-time history. The oldest known pair of Levi's jeans were found in 1997 and were 100 years old. The first jeans came in two styles, indigo blue and brown cotton "duck". The first people who wore jeans were workers. However, the styles for men were different from those for women at that time. In a time when the jeans were worn by factory workers, jeans for men had zippers on the front, but jeans for women had zippers on the side. In the '50s, blue jeans were banned at certain places like schools, theatres, and restaurants because they were seen as a form of rebellion against conformist. Then, they became popular for the first time outside of the United States, thanks to American Soldiers in World War II wore jeans when they were off-duty.

1. Every American owns about seven pairs of blue jeans. _____
2. Jeans are usually dyed with indigo. _____
3. Workers took no interest in wearing jeans. _____
4. The styles of jeans for men and women are the same. _____
5. What is the main idea of the passage? _____

- A. The history of jeans. B. Interesting facts about jeans.
C. Different styles and colors of jeans. D. The oldest jeans.

6. It can be inferred that jeans were well-known for the first time outside the USA _____
A. in 1997 B. for more than 100 years C. in the '50s. D. during World War II.

② Ba's home village lies near the foot of a mountain and by a river. Getting to the village is an interesting journey. People have a chance to travel between the green paddy fields, cross a small bamboo forest before they reach a big banyan tree at the entrance to the village.

Walking up the mountain, people can visit the shrine of a young Vietnamese hero and enjoy the fresh air there. Besides, they can also take a boat for sightseeing in the river or have a picnic on the river bank. It's a wonderful place for resting.

A. TRUE OR FALSE?

19. Going to Ba's home village is not an interesting journey.
20. A small bamboo forest is at the entrance to the village.
21. The shrine of a young Vietnamese hero is on the mountain.
22. People can see the sight by taking a boat in the river.

B: Read the passage again and choose the best answer for each question:

23. The air on the mountain is
a. hot b. cold c. polluted d. fresh
24. The passage is about
a. the mountain b. the air c. Ba's home village d. Ba's house

Answers: 19. _____ 20. _____ 21. _____ 22. _____ 23. 24.

V. Use the correct form of the word given in each sentence:

1. Banyan tree _____ the Vietnamese country. (symbol)
2. Trinh Cong Son is a famous _____. (music)
3. Most modern buildings have underground _____ lots. (park)
4. We had an _____ day sailing our new boat. (enjoy)
5. Don't _____ the room without knocking. (entrance)
6. Our _____ (economy) situation is getting better and better.
7. Her clothes look modern and (fashion)
8. We like the city and the _____ of the people. (friendly)
9. I went to the _____ store to buy something. (grocer)
10. He makes a good _____ on my new school. (impress)

11. Paola answered the questions _____. (exact)

12. We _____ meet for a drink after work. (occasion)

VI/. Word Arrangement

1. was frequently worn / and women /the ao dai / in the past/. / by both men//

→ The ao dai _____

2. many people / to have a rest / go to the countryside / on Sunday / after a hard-working week

→ On Sunday _____

3. and raising cattle/ people do for a living / in my home village/ by planting vegetables .

→ In my village _____

have been added / fashionable / Modern patterns / to make it more / to the Ao dai /. /

4. → Modern patterns _____

VII/. Complete the second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first

1. What a pity! You aren't keen on learning English.

-> I wish _____

2. The friendliness of Ha Noi people made a deep impression on Maryam.

→ Maryam was _____

3. The last time we went to the cinema was three months ago.

→ We haven't _____

4. The last time I heard that news from my close friend was two days ago.

→ I have _____

5. We should brush our teeth carefully after meals.

→ Our teeth _____ .

6. Because it's very hot, people feel thirsty a lot. (so)

→ It's _____

7. He often went swimming in the river when he was in the country.

→ He used _____

8. What a pity! You don't know the importance of learning English.

→ I wish _____