**Week 17: 27/12 🡪 31/12**

**REVISION FOR THE FIRST TERM TEST**

**A. REMEMBER:**

**1. Prepositions:**

- **on** + thứ/ ngày ( Monday, December 20th..)

- **until**: cho đến ....( not finish until 8 p.m)

- complain **to** someone (người) **about** something (sự việc)

- argue **with** someone **about** something

- go **over** the bridge: đi qua cầu

- go **around** the traffic circle: đi theo vòng xoay

- go **through** the tunnel: đi qua đường hầm

- be made **from** + nguyên liệu ( stone, wood, bricks...)

**2. Structures:**

- S + be (not) + **adj** ( tính từ) + **enough** + **to V**..... ( ...đủ...để làm gì...)

- S + **would often +V** .....

= S + **used to + V**.....

- S + **is/ am/ are V3/ed**....by + O

- S + **was/ were V3/ed**....by + O + ( thời gian ở quá khứ)

- S + **will be V3/ed**.....by + O + ( thời gian ở tương lai)

- like/ love/ enjoy + **V-ing**

- pretend + **to be** (a doctor) 🡪 giả vờ làm (bác sĩ)

- practice + **V-ing**

- forget + **to V**

- must + **V**

= have/has to + **V**

- can/ could + **V**

- had to + **V**

**3. Vocabulary: ( theme 1 🡪 5)**

- **do** crochet / cross stitch/ yoga/ homework/ chores/ the housework

- **play** ice hockey/ board games/ tennis/ soccer/ the guitar/ the flute////

- **go** rock climbing/ mountain biking/ scuba diving/ camping/ sightseeing...

- **have** a babecue

- **make** a cake/ a pizza/ a sandwich...

- **take** the bus

- **collect** eggs/ water...

- **wear** a dress/ shoes/ hat...

- **musical instruments**: nhạc cụ

+ wind instrument 🡪 blowing air into the hole ( flute, saxophone..)

+ stringed instrument 🡪 using a bow/ strings ( guitar, violin...)

+ percussion instrument 🡪 hitting with sticks or hands ( drum, cong chieng..)

- **pollution**: sự ô nhiễm

+ air pollution 🡪 smoke from factories/ construction sites/ traffic...

+ water pollution 🡪 trash in the river/ sea/ lake...

+ land pollution 🡪 trash on the ground/ landfill....

+ noise pollution 🡪 noise from traffic/ construction sites...

+ light pollution 🡪 too many light from buildings....

- **climate change**: sự biến đổi khí hậu

+ recycle 🡪 making something new from things you have used

+ reuse 🡪 use many times

+ reduce 🡪 making less

**B. PRACTICE:**

**I. PRONUNCIATION**

1. A. pretended B. argued C. played D. opened

2. A. backpacks B. kings C. habitats D. photoghraphs

3. A. interview B. until C. victim D. violin

4. A. crochet B. chore C. change D. stitch

5. A. drum B. husband C. flute D. until

6. A. plays B. collects C. physics D. cooks

7. A. wanted B. washed C. liked D. stopped

8. A**.** lucky B. happy C myself D. anything

9. A. washed B. missed C. helped D. emigrated

10. A. ticket B. kind C. nice D. motorbike

11. A.speech B. MarchC.machine D. children

12. A.nations B. speakers C. languages D. minds

13. A.killed B. hurried C. regretted D. planned

14. A. founded B. rested C. laughed D. shouted

15. A. hobbies B. groups C. favors D. forms

**II. VOCABULARY – GRAMMAR:**

1. Paul .............. a sandwich before he went to school yesterday.

 A. eat B. eats C. had eaten D. has eaten

2. “......................” means making something new from things you have used before.

 A. Reduce B. Reuse C. Recycle D. Waste

3. Her teacher would always complain .............. her parents when she was late for school.

 A. with B.to C. about D. for

4. Do you want to ................ mountain biking on Saturday morning?

 A. play B. open C. go D. have

5. “How do you get to school?” - “....................”

 A. It takes 30 minutes. B. I walk to school.

 C. I go to school at 7 a.m. D. I go to school by foot.

6. When I was five, I’d often ..................to be a doctor.

A. pretend B. argue C. practice D. complain

7. She ................home before it rained.

 A. gone B. went C. goes D. had gone

8. Our friends have a chance to play many games at a famous............................

 A. highway B. amusement park C. shopping mall D. parking lot

9. What’s this castle made........................?

 A . into B. with C. in D. from

10. I bought a new pair of boots so I can go ......................in the forest.

A. hiking B. camping C. shopping D. sightseeing

11. The hotel we booked is at the end of this street. Go .........the bridge and you can see it

 A. through B. over C. around D. ahead

12. A place at an airport where people’s luggage is checked is .........................

 A. boarding pass B. carousel C. backpack D. customs

 13. We ………………. in our garden every month. My dad makes awesome burgers.

 A. go skateboarding B. have a barbecue C. play table tennis D. go swimming

 14. Tim’d………………. his homework before he watched TV.

 A. read B. made C. gone D. done

15. Minh: “When I was young, I’d pretend to be a superhero. – Nam: “……………”

 A. Sure, sounds great B. That’s too bad C. Me, too D. No, I’m free

16. They had to stay at home and do the………………..like cooking meals and cleaning.

A. housework B. daily routine C. homework D. chore

 17. Why don’t we go to the dance competition? - Sorry. I can’t because art club doesn’t

 finish ……. 7:30.

 A. on B. in C. until D. up to

18. I want to go fishing .................... Sunday morning.

 A. in B. at C. on D. with

19. The Himeji castle ...................in 14th century.

 A. built B. was built C. build D. building

20. Which luggage do you have? –I have a new brown ............................

 A. carousel B. backpack C. passport D. postcard

**III. READING:**

**1.** Climate change will affect polar bears living near the North Pole. It will cause the world to get (1) \_\_\_\_\_\_. In fact, more and more sea ice will (2) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_because of the changes in Earth’s climate. That means the polar bears’ (3) \_\_\_\_\_ will get smaller and smaller. They will not have enough (4) \_\_\_\_\_\_to eat in the summer, too, because fish will move to colder seas. According to the U.S. Geological Survey, two thirds of (5) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_will disappear in the next 30 years.

If we cannot solve this problem, there might not be (6) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_more polar bears in the future.

1. A. hot B. hoter C. hotter D. hottest

2. A. melt B. rise C. freeze D. change

3. A. land B. sea C. ground D. habitat

4. A. water B. food C. fish D. health

5. A. eggs B. small bears C. polar bears D. change

6. A. some B. many C. lots of D. any

**2.** A long time ago, brides and grooms in some European countries wore blue bands around the bottom of their bright-colored wedding clothes. However, since Queen Victoria wore a white dress at her (1) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_, it has become a popular color. Nowadays, brides usually (2) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ white dress at their weddings.

 (3) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the old days, European women carried garlic or herbs on their wedding day. Over time, people have replaced them with flowers. Nowadays, brides (4) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ flowers when they walk down the aisle with their father on the wedding day. After the wedding, brides throw the (5) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to their guests. People believe that the single women who catch the brides’ flowers will the next to get (6) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

 1. A. park B. wedding C. show D. church

 2. A. carry B. put C. impress D. wear

 3. A. On B. At C. In D. About

 4. A. want B. carry C. throw D. buy

 5. A. flowers B. garlics C. cards D. eggs

 6. A. sick B. simple C. ready D. married

**3.** There used to be many (**1**) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_in Vietnam, but now there are only a few left. A citadel is similar to a castle. They were homes for kings and queens. One of the most famous in Vietnam is Hue Citadel. It was the home of many (2) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and their families. It was built in the 19th (**3**) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and was mainly made from wood and (**4**) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. The walls were built of strong bricks to keep the kings and their family safe. It doesn’t have any (**5**) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, but it does have a moat (**6**) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ it. Every year, thousands of people visit the citadel and explore the many beautiful rooms and gardens.

1. A. house B. castles C. home D. citadels

2. A. kings B. people C. residents D. inhabitants

3. A. years B. decades C. times D. century

4. A. sand B. wall C. bricks D. rock

5. A. river B. beach C. lake D. dungeons

6. A. around B. through C. from D. over

4. The first castles in Europe were built in the 10th century. Many kings and queens lived in them. They were first made from wood and stone. Later castles were made from brick. Their walls were strong so they could keep people safe inside. Most castles were built on hills and some had a **moat** around them. Many castles are now museums but some are still used as homes. The Queen of England sometimes stays in Windsor Castle.

1. Castles were first only made from wood. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

2. Most castles were built on hills and had a moat around them. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

3. All castles are now museums. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

4. The Queen of England sometimes lives in Windsor Castle. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

5. What is the passage about?

A. Castles around the world B. Castles in Europe

C. Castles in Asia D. Castles in England

6. What is “moat”?

A. a big hole filled with water B. a small hole filled with water

B. a pond D. a small line filled with water

5. Climate change will affect animals all over the world, including the wild elephants in Vietnam. The hotter weather will make it difficult for plants and trees to grow, so the elephants won’t be able to find enough food to eat. There will also be more droughts because of climate change. When there is little rain, **they** will get sick because they will not have enough water to drink and bathe in. According to the Wild Welfare’s survey, the wild elephant population in Vietnam has decreased over the last 30 years. In 1975, there were 1,500 – 2,000 wild elephants, while in 2016, there only 60-100 wild elephants left. If we keep polluting the environment, the wild elephants in Vietnam might disappear.

1. Climate change will not affect animals in Vietnam. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

2. The elephants won’t be able to find enough food to eat when weather is hotter. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

3. There will also be more droughts because the climate changes. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

4. The wild elephant population in Vietnam has increased over the last 30 years. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_

5. The word “**they**” in line 4 refers to ............

A. animals B. elephants C. plants D. trees

6. What might happen to the wild elephants if we keep polluting the environment?

 A. They might increase B. They might decrease C. They might appear D. They might disappear