**Môn: Tiếng Anh 7**

**Giáo trình: I-Learn Smart World**

**Tuần 15: (13/12 – 18/12/2021)**

**Tiết 1:**

**VERB FORMS AND TENSES**

**I. VERB FORMS:**

1. can/ should/ ought to + V

Ex: You should getup early. (get)

1. want/ need + to V

Ex: She wants to buy a new car. (buy)

1. like/love/ enjoy + V-ing

Ex: Lan enjoys readingbooks. (read)

1. prefer + V-ing ... to + V-ing

Ex: They prefer playing soccer to watching it. (play - watch)

**II. TENSES:**

**1.The present simple tense (thì hiện tại đơn) => diễn tả 1 thói quen**

**Dấu hiệu: always, sometimes, usually, often, never, every…**

**\*(V):** S **+ V/V-s/es**

**\* (not V):** S **+ don’t/ doesn’t V**

**\* (V)?:** (What/ How/…) **+ do/ does +** S **+ V…?**

**Ex:** Minh always …goes…. skateboarding in the park. (go)

**2. The Present continuous tense (thì hiện tại tiếp diễn) => diễn tả 1 hành động đang xảy ra ngay lúc nói**

**Dấu hiệu: now, at present, at the moment, Look!, Listen!..**

**\*(V):** S **+ is/am/are + V-ing**

**\* (not V):** S **+ am/is/are + NOT + V-ing**

**\* (V)?:** (What/ How/…) **+ is/am/are +** S **+ V-ing…?**

**Ex:** Listen! The girl … is playing… the piano. (play)

**3. The near future (thì tương lai gần) => diễn tả 1 dự định sẽ làm trong tương lai**

**Dấu hiệu: tomorrow, next, tonight, ...**

**\*(V):** S **+ is/am/are + going to + V**

**\* (not V):** S **+ am/is/are + NOT + going to + V**

**\* (V)?:** (What/ How/…) **+ is/am/are +** S **+ going to + V …?**

**Ex:** Phong... is going to see... (see) a movie tomorrow.

**4. The Past Simple Tense (thì quá khứ đơn) => diễn tả 1 hành động đã xảy ra và chấm dứt hẳn trong quá khứ**

**Dấu hiệu: last, yesterday, ago, in + năm quá khứ, ….**

**a/ Động từ “be”:**

**\*(be):** S **+ was/ were…**

 - I/He/ She/ It/ Lan/ DTSI → **was**

 - We/ You/ They/ DTSN → **were**

**\* (not be):** S + **was/ were + not...**

**\* (be)?:** (What/ How/…) **+ was/ were+** S **+ ...?**

**Ex:**  I …was … a student in class 6A1 last year. (be)

**b/ Động từ thường: go, play, have, … => Kí hiệu chung: V**

**\* (V):** S **+ V2/Ved …**

**\* (not V):** S + **didn’t + V ...**

**\* (V)?:** (What/ How/…) **+ did +** S **+ V...?**

Ex: Nga … met … her friend yesterday. (meet)

 Minh … visited … Hue last week. (visit)

**III. PRACTICE: (Học sinh xem trước)**

1. Look! The teacher ………………………….. here. (come)
2. Ba can ………………………….. the lights. (fix)
3. We often ………………………….. to English club after school. (go)
4. He enjoys ………………………….. pictures. (draw)
5. Mai wants ………………………….. to play the piano in her free time. (learn)
6. The students ……………… an essay in Literature next Monday. (write)
7. I prefer …………………… to music than playing it. (listen)
8. We ………………………….. swimming every afternoon. (go)
9. Hoa ………………………….. breakfast now. (have)
10. He ………………………….. to the party tonight. (not come)
11. They ………………………….. about Hoa’s work at the moment. (talk)
12. She ………………………….. her old friends tonight. (meet)
13. Mai prefers ……………… sports than watching TV. (play)
14. We .......................in Hue 2 days ago. (be)
15. It ....................... cloudy yesterday. (be, not)
16. Her neighbor ................................ her to make a dress 2 days ago. (help)
17. He .................................. many colorful fish in Tri Nguyen aquarium yesterday. (see)
18. I .............................. to school last Sunday. (not, go)
19. ........................Lan ...........................a house in 2014? (buy)
20. .............................she ..........................TV last night? (watch)

**Tiết 2:**

**THEME 5:FOOD**

Lesson 3: Different eating habits around the world (p.48-49)

(Thói quen ăn uống trên khắp thế giới.)

**I. New words: (Học sinh ghi vào vở)**

1- toothpick /ˈtuːθpɪk/ (n): tăm xỉa răng

2- fork /fɔːrk/ (n): cái nĩa

3- plate /pleɪt/ (n): đĩa

4- chopsticks /ˈtʃɑːpstɪks/ (n): đũa

5- knife /naɪf/ (n): dao

6- bowl /bəʊl/ (n): bát, chén

**II. Useful language: (Học sinh ghi vào vở)**

## A: People usually use knives and forks in the UK.

## (Mọi người thường sử dụng dao và nĩa ở Anh.)

## B: That’s different from Japan. People usually use chopsticks.

## (Điều đó khác với Nhật Bản. Mọi người thường dùng đũa.)

## \* Notes:

## + different from : khác với

## + the same as: giống với

## Ex1: How are you different from your father?

## (Bạn khác gì so với cha của bạn?)

## Ex2: Your score is the same as mine.

(Điểm số của bạn thì giống với điểm số của tôi.)

**III. Practice: (Học sinh xem trước)**

**Choose the word/ phrase (A, B, C or D) that best fits the space in each sentence.**

1. People usually ............ knives and forks in the UK.
2. use B. uses C. to use D. using
3. That’s the same .................... the USA.

A. in B. as C. from D. on

1. That’s different ................. South Korea. People usually use chopticks.

A. of B. as C. from D. at

1. People usually use ........................ in Vietnam.

A. fork B. toothpick C. knife D. chopsticks

1. People usually use toothpicks .......................... Japan.
2. of B. on C. at D. in
3. That’s different from the UK. People ....................... use toothpicks.
4. do B. did C. does D. don’t
5. Are eating habits in Japan different .................. Brazil?

A. from B. to C. of D. as

1. That’s the ..................... as the USA.

A. same B. different C. on D. as

1. In Vietnam, people usually use a ..................... and chopsticks to eat rice.

A. plate B. bowl C. fork D. knife

1. Is there anything else that’s the same ..................... Korea?

A. from B. to C. of D. as

**Tiết 3:**

* Học sinh ôn lại từ vựng Lesson 3 (Theme 5) + lý thuyết về dạng và thì của động từ
* Học sinh làm bài tập tự luyện

**FURTHER PRACTICE**

1. **MULTIPLE CHOICE:**
2. That’s the same .................... the USA.

A. in B. as C. from D. on

1. That’s different ................. South Korea. People usually use chopticks.

A. of B. as C. from D. at

1. People usually use ........................ in Vietnam.

A. fork B. toothpick C. knife D. chopsticks

1. People usually use toothpicks .......................... Japan.

A. of B. on C. at D. in

1. In Vietnam, people usually use a ..................... and chopsticks to eat rice.

A. plate B. bowl C. fork D. knife

1. **VERB FORMS AND TENSES:**

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4. We ........................... in Hue 2 days ago. (be)

5. Her neighbor .............................. her to make a dress 2 days ago. (help)