### TRUÒNG THCS PHAN CÔNG HỚN TỔ TIẾNG ANH TIẾNG ANH 8 TUẦN 12 (TỪ 20/11 ĐẾN 25/11)

C. prevent destruction of forest.

D. prevent littering.

#### **PERIOD 34**

**UNIT 3: TEST 2** I. Listen to the record player three times, then choose the best answer (A, B, C or D). (1pt) (Từ câu 1 đến câu 4, thí sinh chỉ viết mẫu tư (A, B, C hoặc D) đại diện cho câu trả lời đúng vào Phần ANSWERS) Unit 3 – lesson 2 page 29 ANSWERS 1. Amy and Daniel need to suggest some advice about how to \_\_\_\_\_ pollution? B. change A. release C. reduce D. reuse 1. 2. They recycle trash in oder to reduce \_\_\_\_\_ pollution. A. soil B. air C. water D. land 2. 3. To reduce air pollution, they shouldn't \_\_\_\_\_ A. collect rain water B. ride their bikes C. reuse plastic bottles D. waste water 3. 4. What is the title of the poster? A."Be clean and green!" B. "Be clean!" C. "Be green!" D. "Be clean green!" II. Choose the word or phrase (A, B, C or D) that best fits the space or best answers the question given in each sentence. (Từ câu 5 đến câu 14, thí sinh chỉ viết mẫu tự (A, B, C hoặc D) đại diện cho câu trả lời đúng vào Phần ANSWERS) 5. Which word has the underlined part pronounced differently from that of the others? B. tennis C. nature 6. Which word has the underlined part pronounced differently from that of the others? B. basic C. sick 7. Which word has a different stress pattern from that of the others? A. provide B. organize C. create D. remove 8. Which word has a different stress pattern from that of the others? B. protect D. prevent 9. If we continue to throw trash into rivers, lots of fish C. are died B. will die D. dies 10. Fruit and vegetables cannot grow on polluted . . . A. land B. water C. oceans D. rivers 11. We must do something to \_\_\_\_\_\_ the environment. A. reduce B. prevent C. damage D. save 12. There will be more diseases\_\_\_\_\_\_ people stop polluting the environment. A. if B. and C. unless 13. We should ride our bikes to school, \_\_\_\_\_we shouldn't waste electricity. B. so C. because 14. Trees are important because they provide \_\_\_\_\_ and fresh air. C. pollution A. energy B. oxygen D. disease III. Look at the signs. Choose the best answer (A, B, C or D) for questions 15 and 16. (0.5pt) (Từ câu 15 đến câu 16, thí sinh chỉ viết mẫu tự (A, B, C hoặc D) đại diện cho câu trả lời đúng vào Phần ANSWERS) 15. When you see this sign, you should\_\_\_\_\_ A. prevent air pollution. B. prevent cutting grass.

- 16. What does the sign say?
- A. Recycling
- B. Waste Reuse
- C. Roundabout
- D. Safe material.



22.

IV. <u>Choose the word (A, B,</u> (Từ câu 17 đến câu 22, thí si Air (17) is a serio	_	hoặc D) đại diện cho câu tr	ả lời đúng vào <u>Phá</u>	
much air pollution that it m	nay hang in the air like dirt	y fog. Air pollution threate	ens the (19) o	of the people
who live in cities. City waste	s cause water pollution wh	nen they are poured into th	ne waterways. The	se wastes kill
fish and make some areas u	nfit for swimming. In addit	ion, many large cities have	difficulties in disp	osing of their
(20) The amount of	garbage grows each yea	ar, but places to put it a	are quickly filling	up. Citizens,
governments, industries, so	cientists, and business peo	ople must work together	in different ways	to gradually
(21) pollution. For exa	ample, most cities have (22	) recycling progran	nmes.	
				ANSWERS
17. A. polluted	B. pollution	C. polluting	D. pollute	17.
18. A. do	B. recycle	C. clean up	D. create	17.
19. A. wildlife	B. homes	C. health	D. diseases	18.
20. A. soil	B. garbage	C. paper	D. clothes	19.
21. A. increase	B. save	C. affect	D. reduce	20.
22. A. introduced	B. introduction	C. introduces	D. introducing	20.
				21.

V. Read the following passage. Decide if the statements from 23 to 26 are True or False and choose the correct answer (A, B, C or D) for the questions 27 and 28. (1.5 pts)

(Từ câu 23 đến câu 26, thí sinh viết đầy đủ từ True hoặc False vào ô trả lời. Mọi cách viết khác không được chấm điểm. Đối với câu 27 và 28, thí sinh chỉ viết mẫu tự (A, B, C hoặc D) đại diện cho câu trả lời đúng vào <u>Phần ANSWERS)</u>

Our planet is a fantastic place, and it's essential to take care of it. There are simple things we can do to protect the environment. One of them is using both sides of the paper when drawing or writing. This way, we save trees and reduce the amount of paper we use. Another way to help is by picking up trash we see on the ground and throwing it in the proper bin. When we litter, it harms animals and plants. So, always remember to use the trash cans. Using water wisely is crucial too. We should turn off the tap tightly to stop dripping and not waste water. It's also a good idea to take shorter showers. Using energy is part of our daily life, but we can be mindful of how we do it. Turning off the lights when we leave a room and asking grown-ups to turn off appliances when they're not using them saves electricity and helps the planet. Lastly, let's remember that plants are essential for the environment. They give us fresh air to breathe. Planting flowers, trees, or even a small vegetable garden can make a big difference in keeping our Earth healthy. Remember, we all share this beautiful planet, and by taking care of it, we can make it an even better place for everyone!

23. Using less water when	<b>.</b>	• •	omment.	
24. It's okay to throw plasti 25. Turning off lights and ε	•		't make a difference	
26. Planting flowers and tre	•		t make a difference.	
27. The word "it" in line nu	•			
A. environment B. tr	ees C. lights	D. trash		
28. Choose the best title for				
A. "Protecting Our Planet:		pact"		
B. "Using Energy Wisely f		vinonmont"		
C. "The Importance of Tree D. "Ways to Keep Our Earn				
VI. Use the correct form o			;)	
(Từ câu 29 đến câu 34, thí s				
29. People are concerned a			(tourist)	
30. It's evidence that this o				
31. Water polution can lead	d to the	of aquatic plants and	animals. (die)	
32. The local authority	should get people to	ogether and	a park clean-up.	
(organization)				
33. This warehouse is				
34. In remote regions, the a	air is pure and the crops		insecticide. (poision)	
			31	
ANSWERS			31	
ANSWERS  VII. Rearrange the groups	32. of words in a correct of sinh <u>viết tiếp các nhóm t</u>	33order to make comple	34	<u>ưới</u>
ANSWERS  VII. <u>Rearrange the groups</u> (Từ câu 35 đến câu 36, thí s	32. <u>of words in a correct o</u> sinh <u>viết tiếp các nhóm t</u> noàn chỉnh)	33 order to make complet từ và dấu câu theo đúi	34	<u>ưới</u>
ANSWERS  VII. <u>Rearrange the groups</u> (Từ câu 35 đến câu 36, thí s câu hỏi để hình thành câu h	32. of words in a correct of sinh viết tiếp các nhóm to noàn chỉnh) we keep / the soil / safe	order to make completit và dấu câu theo đúi e to / grow food in. / w		<u>ưới</u>
VII. Rearrange the groups (Từ câu 35 đến câu 36, thí s câu hỏi để hình thành câu h 35. If / polluting the land, /	32. of words in a correct of sinh viết tiếp các nhóm to noàn chỉnh) we keep / the soil / safe	order to make completit và dấu câu theo đúi e to / grow food in. / w		<u>ưới</u>
VII. Rearrange the groups (Từ câu 35 đến câu 36, thí s câu hỏi để hình thành câu h 35. If / polluting the land, /	32. of words in a correct of sinh viết tiếp các nhóm to noàn chỉnh) we keep / the soil / safe	order to make completiv và dấu câu theo đúi e to / grow food in. / w		<u>ưới</u>
VII. Rearrange the groups (Từ câu 35 đến câu 36, thí s câu hỏi để hình thành câu h 35. If / polluting the land, / 36. our natural / We need to	32	order to make completitive và dấu câu theo đún e to / grow food in. / wo protect / environmen		<u>ưới</u> -
VII. Rearrange the groups (Từ câu 35 đến câu 36, thí s câu hỏi để hình thành câu h 35. If / polluting the land, / 36. our natural / We need to  ANSWERS  35. If	32. of words in a correct of sinh viết tiếp các nhóm to noàn chỉnh) we keep / the soil / safe o / pollution / reduce / to	order to make complete từ và dấu câu theo đúng eto / grow food in. / wo protect / environment		<u>ưới</u> - -
VII. Rearrange the groups (Từ câu 35 đến câu 36, thí s câu hỏi để hình thành câu h 35. If / polluting the land, / 36. our natural / We need to  ANSWERS  35. If 36. We	32. of words in a correct of sinh viết tiếp các nhóm to noàn chỉnh) we keep / the soil / safe o / pollution / reduce / to	order to make complete từ và dấu câu theo đúng eto / grow food in. / wo protect / environment	te sentences. (0.5pt) ng trình tự vào Phần ANSWERS bên do von't be nt.	_
VII. Rearrange the groups (Từ câu 35 đến câu 36, thí s câu hỏi để hình thành câu h 35. If / polluting the land, / 36. our natural / We need to  ANSWERS  35. If 36. We VIII. Rewrite each of the f	32	order to make complete từ và dấu câu theo đứng to / grow food in. / wo protect / environment	te sentences. (0.5pt) ng trình tự vào Phần ANSWERS bên di yon't be nt. means almost the same as the senter	_
VII. Rearrange the groups (Từ câu 35 đến câu 36, thí s câu hỏi để hình thành câu h 35. If / polluting the land, / 36. our natural / We need to  ANSWERS  35. If 36. We VIII. Rewrite each of the f printed before it. (1.0pt) (Từ câu 37 đến câu 40, thi 37. There won't be any fish	32	another way so that it is people stop polluting	te sentences. (0.5pt) ng trình tự vào Phần ANSWERS bên di yon't be nt.  means almost the same as the senter câu) g the water.	_
VII. Rearrange the groups (Từ câu 35 đến câu 36, thí s câu hỏi để hình thành câu h 35. If / polluting the land, / 36. our natural / We need to  ANSWERS  35. If 36. We VIII. Rewrite each of the f printed before it. (1.0pt) (Từ câu 37 đến câu 40, thi	32	another way so that it is people stop polluting	te sentences. (0.5pt) ng trình tự vào Phần ANSWERS bên di yon't be nt.  means almost the same as the senter câu) g the water.	_
VII. Rearrange the groups (Từ câu 35 đến câu 36, thí s câu hỏi để hình thành câu h 35. If / polluting the land, / 36. our natural / We need to  ANSWERS  35. If 36. We VIII. Rewrite each of the f printed before it. (1.0pt) (Từ câu 37 đến câu 40, thi 37. There won't be any fish	32	another way so that it is people stop polluting	te sentences. (0.5pt) ng trình tự vào Phần ANSWERS bên di yon't be nt.  means almost the same as the senter câu) g the water.	_
VII. Rearrange the groups (Từ câu 35 đến câu 36, thí s câu hỏi để hình thành câu h 35. If / polluting the land, / 36. our natural / We need to  ANSWERS  35. If 36. We  VIII. Rewrite each of the f printed before it. (1.0pt) (Từ câu 37 đến câu 40, thứ 37. There won't be any fish  Unless  Unless	32	another way so that it is people stop polluting get sick.	te sentences. (0.5pt) ng trình tự vào Phần ANSWERS bên di yon't be nt.  means almost the same as the senter câu) g the water.	_

<b>→</b>	You
40	. We should recycle plastic bottles. We can reuse glass bottles.
4	$\mathbf{W}_{0}$

#### THE END OF THE TEST

**PERIOD 35+36** 

#### UNIT 4: DISASTERS LESSON 1

#### **NEW WORDS**

1. disaster (n)  → disastrous (a)	/dɪˈzɑːstə(r)/	thiên tai
→ disastrous (a)	/dɪˈzɑːstrəs/	thiên tai
2. typhoon (n)	/tarˈfuːn/	bão nhiệt đới
3. earthquake (n)	/ˈɜːθkweɪk/	động đất
4. tsunami (n)	/tsuːˈnɑːmi/	sóng thần
5. heat wave (n)	/hi:t werv/	sóng nhiệt
6. flood (n)	/flʌd/	lũ lụt
7. wildfire (n)	/ˈwaɪldfaɪə(r)/	cháy rừng
8. blizzard (n)	/ˈblɪzəd/	bão tuyết
9. drought (n)	/draot/	hạn hán
10. landslide (n)	/ˈlændslaɪd/	lở đất
11. avalanche	/ˈævəlɑːnʃ/	tuyết lở

#### **WORD FORM**

- 1. disaster (n) tham hoa  $\rightarrow$  disastrous (a)
- 2. nature (n) tự nhiên  $\rightarrow$  natural (a)  $\rightarrow$  naturally (adv)
- 3. preparation (n) sự chuẩn bị  $\rightarrow$  prepare (v)
- 4. destruction (n) sự phá hủy → destructive (a) →destroy (v)
- 5. electricity (n)  $\hat{\text{diện}} \rightarrow \text{electrician}$  (n) thợ  $\hat{\text{diện}} \rightarrow \text{electrical}$  (a)
- 6. danger (n) → dangerous (a) nguy hiểm
- 7. wildfire (n) cháy rừng →fire (n) lửa
- 8. death (n) sự chết  $\rightarrow$  die (v) chết
- 9. effect (n) ånh hưởng  $\rightarrow$  affect (v)

#### **GRAMMAR: USE WH- QUESTIONS**

TỪ HỎI	NGHĨA	VÍ DỤ
1. What	Hỏi về sự vật, sự việc.	What was the biggest earthquake? It was the Great Chilean Earthquake.
2. Where	Hỏi về nơi chốn.	Where was the tallest tsunami? It was in Lituya Bay, Alaska, the US.
3. When	Hỏi về thời gian	When was the worst flood? It was in 1938.
4. How wide	Hỏi về chiều rộng	<b>How wide</b> was the widefire? It was <b>fifty five million acres.</b>
5. How tall	Hỏi về chiều cao	<b>How tall</b> was the tidal wave? It was <b>about thirty meters.</b>
6. How long	Hỏi về chiều dài/ khoảng thời gian	<b>How long</b> was the drought? It was <b>more than six months</b> .
7. How many	Hỏi về số lượng (với danh từ đếm được)	How many <u>people</u> died in the earthquake? More than 830,000 people died
8. How much	Hỏi về lượng (với danh từ không đếm được)	How much <u>damage</u> did the landslide cause? The landslide <b>destroyed everything.</b>

#### **EXERCISES**

#### **I/ PRONUNCIATION**

1. A. fl <b>oo</b> d	B. f <u>oo</u> d	C. typh <u>oo</u> n	D. m <u>oo</u> n
2. A. b <u>oo</u> t	B. sp <b>oo</b> n	C. g <u>oo</u> d	D. z <u>oo</u>
3. A. n <u>u</u> t	B. m <b>u</b> d	C. rule	D. cut

#### II/ STRESS

1. A. disaster	B. earthquake	C. tsunami	D. typhoon
2. A. volcano	B. disaster	C. eruption	D. avalanche
3. A. wildfire	B. blizzard	C. tornado	D. damage

#### **III/MULTIPLE CHOICE**

1.	Kate:	_ did the tsunami destroy?
	- Jack The who	le village. ( Where / Which / What / Why)

2. Jim: \_\_\_\_\_ was the wave? - Ann: About 10 meters tall. ( How much / How many / How long / How tall)

3.	Alex: did the earthquake hit the city? - Tom: At midnight. (When / What / Where / How)
4.	Kim: was the biggest wildfire? - Ted: In the Western Montana, the US. (Which / Where / What / How)
5.	A powerful off the coast of Indonesia sparked a three-metre-high and killed at least 113 people. (earthquake / tsunami / tornado/ landslide)
6.	often happen in rainy season especially in the center of Vietnam. ( droughts / storms / floods / sandstorms)
7.	Thousands of people died in the this morning.  (disaster / disastrous / disastrously/ disastering)
8.	A is sudden flooding that occurs when water rises quickly within several hours of a heavy rain. ( landslide / flood / storm / blizzard)
9.	cause the ground to move and shake.
10.	( Natural disaster / destroy / flood / earthquake)
11.	Very stronghave high winds and lots of rain. (floods / earthquakes/ destroy / storms)
12.	An earthquake can many houses and buildings (tsunami / hurt / destroy)
13.	can badly affect people and wildlife. ( hurt / storm / tsunami / natural disaster)
14.	lives were lost in the disaster? – More than 200,000. (How many / How much / How long / How wide)
15.	is a typical storm in tropical regions.  ( A flood / A drought / A typhoon / A heat wave)
16.	happens when there is unusually hot weather.  (A flood / A tsunami / A heat wave / An earthquake)
17.	Plants, trees and animals die because of with no rain.
18.	(A flood / A drought / A typhoon / A heat wave)
19.	is the violent shaking of the earth's surface.
20.	(A flood / A drought / A typhoon / An earthquake)
21.	Waves as high as 30 meters killed many people anda lot of buildings and other property. (damaged / damaging / damages/ to damage)
22.	The caused flooding all over the city. ( earthquake / heat wave / sandstorm / typhoon)
23.	We should study how to when a typhoon happens. (prepare / destroy / preparation / destruction)

#### IV/WORD FORM

(disaster)	ostearthqu )	iake in Japanese history dam	aged Tokyo	and Yokohama.
2. Pomp (destruct)		in AD 79 by an erupt	tion of Moun	t Vesuvius.
3. Natura	al disasters put human beings	s and animals in	( dang	erous)
4. Thund	lerstorm can be	, while tornadoes, and lig	ghtning can b ( destroy)	e life threatening.
5. Don't	leave the light on. It wastes	•		( electric)
6. The be	each is very	for swimmers because torna	does start th	ere. (danger)
7. Vietna	nm is rich in	resources.	(natur	e)
8. Floods year.	s twenty-tw	o thousand homes and twent	y-seven brid	ges in Japan last ( damage)
9. Twent	y-nine people	from Typhoon Tip in 197	9.	(death)
10. China in		Japan, the Philippine	s, North and ( effec	
11. 1979.	The Great Chilean Earthqu	ake at least	three thousa	and more people in (injury)
12.	Lan spoke English	after she lived in En	igland for sev	veral . (nature)
13. others.	Every summer, we hear new	vs of major	in some part (fire)	of the world or
14.	It's good idea to	an emergency kit for	your family.	(preparation)
15.	A disaster of	can badly affect people, cities	s, and wildlif	e. (nature)
16.	The airport and a hospital h	nave been		(destruction)
17.	An earthquake can	many houses and bu	uildings.	(destruction)
18.	Twenty houses have been	·		(damage)
19. (nature)	A flood is a kind of	disaster when water	er gets too hi	gh and too fast.
20.	The lights don't work. Call	the to:	repair them.	(electric)
		ORDS / PHRASES IN CO	LUMN A W	ITH THEIR
<b>DEFINI</b>	TIONS IN COLUMN B.			

# Column A Answers Column B 1. A flood 1.\_\_\_\_\_ A. Heavy rains cause this to happen 2. A drought 2.\_\_\_\_\_ B. This is a typical storm in tropical regions 3. A typhoon 3.\_\_\_\_\_ C. This is the violent shaking of the earth's surface.

4. A heat wave	4	D. This happens when there is unusuallyhot weather.
5. An earthquake	5	E. Plants, trees and animals die because of this long period with no rain.

#### TRƯỜNG THCS PHAN CÔNG HỚN TỔ TIẾNG ANH TIẾNG ANH 8 TUẦN 12 (TỪ 20/11 ĐẾN 25/11)

#### PHIẾU TỰ HỌC

Period 34: Unit 3: Review 2 Period 35: Unit 4: Lesson 1.1 Period 36: Lesson 1.2

#### A. Vocabulary (page 91)

- 1. clean up
- 2. electricity
- 3. health
- 4. land
- 5. waste
- 6. reduce
- 7. save
- 8. recycle
- 9. wildlife
- 10. diseases

#### B. Grammar(page 91)

#### a. Write First Conditional sentences

- 1. If we don't save water, there won't be enough clean water.
- 2. We'll affect wildlife badly if we cut down trees.
- 3. If we don't clean up beaches, it'll affect tourism
- 4. Your health will get worse if you breathe polluted air.
- 5. The Earth will get very hot if we don't reduce air pollution.
- b. Combine two sentences into one using and or so(that)
- 1. We should put more recycling bins so (that) they will encourage people to recycle.
- 2. We should stop using plastic bags and we shouldn't waste water.
- 3. We can walk to school and work so (that) we can reduce air pollution.
- 4. We should save electricity so(that) we can reduce air pollution.
- 5. We should help clean up rivers and we shouldn't waste paper.
- C. Pronunciation
- 1. A. / 'klarmət/
  - B./prə'tekt/
  - C. /'dæmidʒ/
- D. /'fprist/

Answer: B

- 2. A. /rɪˈdjuːs/
  - B. /ˌriːˈjuːz/
  - C. /pəˈluːt/
  - D. /'hæpən/

Answer: D

3. A. /ˌriː'saɪkl/; B. /'enədʒi/; C. /'tʊərɪzəm/ D. /'ænɪml/

Answer: A

#### UNIT 4: THE DISASTER (LESSON 1.1, 1.2)

#### A. New words

- 1. typhoon
- 2. earthquake

- 3. tsunami
- 4. flood
- 5. wildfire
- 6. blizzard
- 7. heatwave
- 8. drought
- 9. landslide
- 10. avalanche
- B. Reading
- a. C
- b. 1. False, 2. False, 3. Doesn't say, 4. True

#### SỬA BÀI TUẦN 11

#### Period 34

#### **I/ PRONUNCIATION**

1. A. pl <u>a</u> ce	B. space	C. p <u>a</u> y	D. tr <u>a</u> sh
2. A. r <u>e</u> move	B. r <u>e</u> duce	C. coll <u>e</u> ct	D. mon <b>e</b> y
3. A. cr <u>ea</u> te	B. <b>ea</b> sy	C. cl <u>ea</u> n	D. dis <b>ea</b> se

#### II/ STRESS

1. A. avoid	B. provide	C. happen	D. remove
2. A. vehicle	B. organize	C. tourism	D. recycle
3. A. playground	B. plastic	C. amount	D. problem

	m	/ FII		IN	THE	RI	.AN	K.	3
--	---	-------	--	----	-----	----	-----	----	---

1. We should clean up and the trash from the rivers. (use / remove / place / put)
2. Air pollution is one of the biggest problems is our city. (environmental / health / wildlife / recycling)
3. There should be more in the cities like parks or playgrounds. (forests / green spaces / green ground / trees)
4. There's too much trash at the park. Let's organize a big (clean up / cleaning / cleaners / cleaning-up)
5. Putting more trash cans will reduce the of trash on the ground and make it easier to clean up. (amount / number / lots / pollution )
6. Schools should teach students recycle. (how to / how / what / why to)
7. People will stop trash on the streets if we provide more trash cans. (throwing / threw / to throw / to throwing)
8. The new park will create more for animals and birds to live in. (rivers / spaces / machines / organizations)
9. Using less such as water bottles, drinking cups, shopping bags will reduce land pollution. (plastic / glass / waste / power)
10. We organized a bake sale to some money for our environmental charity. (raise / make / earn / All are correct)
11. First, we have to a good poster for our recycling campaign. (create / think / cause / waste)

12. They a supprovided / saved)	nall meeting to tell the le	ocals how to recycle at hom	e. (organized / built /
_	eone whose job is to ma	ke the house or office clean	and tidy. (cleaner / teacher /
organizer / creator)	J. J		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
14. "" means	taking something away	from a place because it is ur	ncomfortable or not clean.
(Remove / Clean up / R		_	
15. Plastic pollution is	a <u>huge</u> problem in our ci	ity. "Huge" means: (big / sm	nall / usual / important)
16. "" means	giving something to son	neone. ( <mark>Provide</mark> / Create / To	each / Remove)
17. "" means	making something happ	en or exist. (Create / Organi	ze / Reuse / Believe)
18. Planting more trees dirty / simple)	is a good way to make o	our city more (ec	o-friendly / dangerous /
19. Please th	e information about the	next clean-up event. ( <mark>provid</mark>	le / tell / reduce / improve)
20. Jane wants to	a trip to the countr	yside. (take / send / organize	e / create)
	I	Period 32	
	_	ESSON 3.2	
IV/ PASSAGES			
A/ Sandy Beach is very	y polluted. There is (1)_	trash on the beach fr	om visitors and boats. Here
are some simple things	we can do to help clean	up the beach.	
_		_	a beach clean-up. This will
		for children and anima	
		l organize a bake sale. This	will make some money, and
we can use it to pay (6)			-1. 1
_		ke their trash home with the	sh here. We should tell them
	B. much		D. many
2. A. amount	B. group	C. little	D. huge
3. A. make	B. go	C. take	D. organize
4. A. necessary	B. safer	C. dangerous	D. funnier
5. A. have	B. make	C. bake	D. B and C
6. A. with	B. for	C. at	D. to
7. A. leave	B. take	C. litter	D. provide
8. A. off	B. take	C. on	D. in
			Here are some simple thing
	street cleaner and help the	•	There are some simple uning
	_		using them. This will reduce
		t will also help families to sa	
		e than once. This will reduce	

We should try to use some containers more than once. This will reduce the amount of trash from each home. This will also reduce land pollution in our city.

There are no trash cans on our street. We should provide some so that people have a place to throw their trash. We should tell people how important it is to put trash in the correct place. This will get more people to think about keeping our streets clean.

**TRUE** 

- 1. People living on this street don't care about protecting the environment. TRUE
- 2. Lights and air conditioners shouldn't be used at all.
- 3. We should save electricity so that we can save money. TRUE

<ul><li>4. There are many trash cans but people st</li><li>5. We should try to reuse</li></ul>	ill litter along the streets.	FALSE
A. trash cans  B. containers	C. electricity	D. trash
6. Which of these advice is NOT mentione	•	
A. provide trash cans on the streets	B. have a clean-up	
C. turn off lights	D. tell people to put to	rash in the right place
V/ WORD FORM		
1. The government is responsible for the		of healthcare. provision
2. Governments are trying to find solutions	for	issues. environmental
3. There was a small	in the number of pla	stic bags. reduction
4. The store has many	cleaning products.	friendly
5 cars and	motorbikes are a trend in recen	nt years. electric
6. She's the most	person in the company.	powerful
7. There are lots of environmental	in Viet	Nam. organization
8. The of this	book is a famous author.	creator
9. Don't drink the water from this river. It's		dirty
10. They collect the water bottles and then s		center. recycling
11. I am working as a		clean-up
12. Mr. Thompson is the	of the festival.	organizer
13 is very in	portant in our life.	electricity
14. A healthy diet	the risks of heart diseases	. reduces
15. We're not doing enough to protect the _	·	environment
VI/ REARRANGEMENT		
1. We should / craft fair. / together and / get		
→ We should get a group together and orga		
2. will / our city. / bring more / Green Space		
→ Green Spaces will bring more wildlife to	·	•
3. will reduce / trash cans / Providing more		
→ Providing more trash cans will reduce th		
4. about recycling. / send more people / We		
→ We should send more people to schools		g.
5. I think / plant / in / we should / more tree		
→ I think we should plant more trees in our 6. up / the cleaners / pay for / We can / to cl		
→ We can pay for the cleaners to clean up t	_	
7. we / How can / issues? / help with / the en	•	
→ How can we help with the environmenta		
1		
Davied 22.		

#### Period 33:

#### ANSWER KEYS UNIT 3-TEST1-ĐTV

I. Listen to the record player three times, then choose the best answer (A, B, C or D). (1 point) (Unit 3-Lesson 2 – page 29- CD1 track 32- Sách Tiếng Anh 8-ILSW-Student's book)

- 1. B. reduce
- 2. A. water
- 3. B. take
- 4. A. shouldn't

**Listening Scripts** 

Daniel: Hi, Amy.

Amy: Hey, Daniel. Now, we need to think of advice about how to reduce pollution.

Daniel: OK. So, what should we do?

Amy: We should recycle trash so that we can reduce land pollution.

Daniel: Recycle trash, OK.

Amy: What else should we do?

Daniel: Well, we should help clean up rivers so we can reduce water pollution.

Amy: Clean up rivers, great idea! Anything else?

Daniel: Yes, we should ride our bikes to school so we can reduce air pollution.

Amy: Hmm... I disagree. We can't ride our bikes when it's snowy. I think we should take the bus to school.

Daniel: OK. What else should we do?

Amy: We should reuse plastic bottles so we can reduce land pollution.

Daniel: OK, reuse plastic bottles.

Amy: What else?

Daniel: I know! We should collect rain water, and we shouldn't throw trash into rivers.

Amy: Good idea! Anything else?

Daniel: We should save electricity, and we shouldn't waste water.

Amy: I think we have enough. Let's design our poster. Why don't we call it "Be clean and go green!"?

Daniel: I love it. Our poster will look great on the wall.

# II. Choose the word or phrase (A, B, C or D) that best fits the space or best answers the question given in each sentence. (2.5 pts)

(Từ câu 5 đến câu 14, thí sinh chỉ viết mẫu tự (A, B, C hoặc D) đại diện cho câu trả lời đúng vào Phần ANSWERS)

- 5. C. forests
- 6. C.breath
- 7. B.happen
- 8. D. pollution
- 9. D. into
- 10. B. wildlife
- 11. B. polluted
- 12. A "What else should we do?"
- 13. A.causes
- 14.C. damage

III. Look at the signs. Choose the best answer (A, B, C or D) for questions 15 and 16. (0.5 point)

(Từ câu 15 đến câu 16, thí sinh chỉ viết mẫu t	tự (A, B,	C hoặc D)	đại diện cho	o câu trả lời	đúng vào
Phần ANSWERS)					

- 15. A. No littering
- 16. B. recycle

# IV. Choose the word (A, B, C or D) that best fits the space in the following passage. (1.5 points) (Từ câu 17 đến câu 22, thí sinh chỉ viết mẫu tự (A, B, C hoặc D) đại diện cho câu trả lời đúng vào Phần ANSWERS)

- 17. A. affects
- 18. B. diseases
- 19. C. If
- 20. B. energy
- 21. D. of
- 22. C. public

# V. Read the following passage. Decide if the statements from 23 to 26 are True or False and choose the correct answer (A, B, C or D) for the questions 27 and 28. (1.5 points)

- 23. False
- 24. True
- 25. False
- 26. True
- 27. B. marine pollution
- 28. A. problems

#### VI. Use the correct form of the word given in each sentence. (1.5 points)

29. clean-up 30. collected 31. environmental

32. Nearly 33. safe 34. electronic

#### VII. Rearrange the groups of words in a correct order to make complete sentences. (0.5 point)

- 35. We should recycle plastic bottles, and we shouldn't waste paper.
- 36. Land pollution affects trees, wildlife, and people.

## VIII. Rewrite each of the following sentences in another way so that it means almost the same as the sentence printed before it. (1.0 point)

- 37. Unless people stop burning trash, the air will be polluted.
- 38. We shouldn't waste paper.
- 39.If we pick up trash, we will help save the earth.
- 40. My sister takes too much time to play tennis.