LANGUAGE FOCUS 1

1. Present simple tense:

Simple present:	ordinary verb	to be
Affirmative form:		
	S + V(s/es)	S + am/is/are
Negative form:	S + don't /doesn't+ V	S + am/is/are + NOT
Interrogative form:	Do (Does) + S + V?	Am / Is /Are + S?

- Diễn tả sự việc lúc nào cũng vậy (permanent situation), thói quen (regular habit), lề thói hằng ngày (daily routine)và chân lý (general truths)
- Thường dùng với các trạng từ tần suất (Adverbs of frequency): *always*, *usually*, *often*, *sometimes*, *rarely*, *seldom*, *never*.

Ex: The earth goes around the sun.

We always get up every morning.

Complete the passage using the verbs in brackets.

- a) Ba <u>is</u> my friend. He <u>lives</u> in Hanoi with his mother, father and old sister. His parents <u>are</u> teachers. Ba <u>goes</u> to Quang Trung School.
- b) Lan and Nga <u>are</u> in Class 7A. They <u>eat</u> lunch together. After school, Lan <u>rides</u> her bike home and Nga <u>catches</u> the bus.

2. Future simple tense:

❖ Simple future:	ordinary verb	to be
Affirmative form:	S + will + V	S + will + be

Negative form:	S + won't + V	S + will + NOT + be	
Interrogative form:	Will + S + V?	Will + S + be?	

Thì tương lai diễn tả một việc sẽ xảy ra trong tương lai, thường dùng với các từ chỉ thời gian như sau: TONIGHT, TOMORROW, NEXT WEEK, NEXT MONTH, NEXT YEAR, SOON, ...

Ex: I <u>will meet</u> you tomorrow morning. I'<u>ll lend</u> you my book.

Write the things Nam will do / will not do tomorrow. Ex: He will go to the post office, but he won't call Ba.



- He will do his homework, but he won't tidy the yard.
- He will see a movie, but he won't watch TV.
- He will write to his grandmother, but he won't meet Minh.

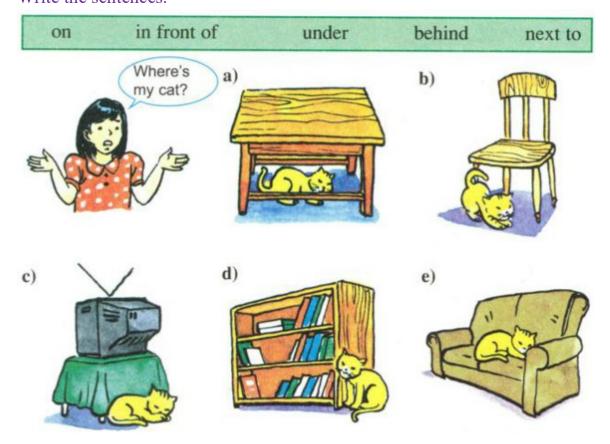
3. Ordinal numbers

Write the correct ordinal numbers

Soccer team	Points	Position
Thang Loi	26	fourth (4)
Thanh Cong	25	fifth (5)
Tien Phong	23	sixth (6)
Doan Ket	29	third (3)
Hong Ha	34	second (2)
Phuong Dong	19	seventh (7)
Thang Long	36	first (1)

4. Prepositions

Write the sentences.



- a. It's under the table.
- b. It's in front of the chair.
- c. It's behind the television.
- d. It's next to the bookshelf.
- e. It's on the couch.

5. Adjectives

Write the dialogues. Use the pictures and the words in the box

expensive cheap good strong a) В 2.000 d 5.000 đ b) [120.000d] c) d) (B) (A) (C)

a - A is a cheap toy. And B is cheaper. But C is the cheapest.

- **b** A is expensive. And B is more expensive. But C is the most expensive.
- c A is good. And B is better. But C is the best.
- d A is strong. And B is stronger. But C is the strongest.

8. Question words:

Write the questions and the answers.

Ex: What is his name?

His name is Pham Thanh Trung.

- a. What's his name?
- His name's Pham Trung Hung
- b. How old is he?
- He's 25 years old.
- c. What's his address?
- It's 34 Nguyen Bieu Street.
- d. What does he do?
- He's an office manager.