**UNIT 1 : FREE TIME**

**LESSON 1-1 (New words)**

***I. New words.***

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 1. collect soccer stickers (v)  →collection(n) | **/kəˈlekt/ /ˈsɒk.ər/ /ˈstɪk.ərz/**  **/kəˈlek.ʃən/** | sưu tầm nhãn dán bóng đá  bộ sưu tập |
| 2. build models (v) | **/bɪld/ /ˈmɒd.əlz/** | xây mô hình |
| 3. bake cakes (v) | **/beɪk/  /keɪks/** | nướng bánh |
| 4. make vlogs (v) | **/meɪk/ /vlɒɡz/** | làm vlog |
| 5. read comics (v) | **/riːd/  /ˈkɒm.ɪks/** | đọc truyện tranh |
| 6. play online games (v) | **/pleɪ/  /ˈɒn.laɪn/  /ɡeɪmz/** | chơi trò chơi trực tuyến |
| 7. blogger (n)  → blog (v) | **/ˈblɒɡ.ər/**  **/blɒɡ/** | người viết nhật kí trên mạng  viết nhật kí trên mạng |
| 8. cute (a) | **/kjuːt/** | dễ thương |
| 9. together (adv) | **/təˈɡeð.ər/** | cùng nhau |
| 10. fashion show (n) | **/ˈfæʃ.ən ˌʃəʊ/** | buổi trình diễn thời trang |
| 11. once (adv) | **/wʌns/** | 1 lần |
| 12. twice (adv) | **/twaɪs/** | 2 lần |
| 13. three/four/five times |  | 3/4/5….lần |
| 14. hobby (n) | **/ˈhɒb.i/** | sở thích |
| 15. film (n/v) | **/fɪlm/** | bộ phim, quay phim |
| 16. leave a comment (v) | **/liːv a ˈkɒm.ent/** | để lại bình luận |

***II. Look at the words in the box and write the suitable word for each picture.***

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| collect soccer stickers | build models | bake cakes |
| make vlogs | read comics | play online games |

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| IMG_256 | IMG_256 | IMG_256 |
| **1.** | **2.** | **3.** |
| IMG_256 | IMG_256 | IMG_256 |
| **4.** | **5.** | **6.** |

***III. Fill in the blanks with words or phrases from exercise II.***

**1.** Jenny loves stories with pictures and reads a lot.

- Her hobby is\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**2.** John creates videos and posts them on the internet.

- His hobby is\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**3.** James likes sports. He likes collecting things, too.

- His hobby is\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**4.** Tom likes cooking and he likes making sweet food.

- His hobby is\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**5.** Leo really likes making planes, trains, and boats.

- His hobby is\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**6.** Tina likes using different characters to compete against people on the internet.

- Her hobby is\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**UNIT 1 : FREE TIME**

**LESSON 1-2 (Grammar)**

***I. Grammar***

***1. The simple present tense*** (thì hiện tại đơn)→talk about the habits or things that happens regularly. (nói về thói quen hay nghững việc xảy ra thường xuyên)

***A/ TO BE***

* **I → am**
* **He/She/It/Ms Lan/His son/số ít → is**
* **We/You/They/Lan and Nga/số nhiều → are**

**Ex:**

1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_you a good teacher? (be)
2. Minh\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_in his room. (not be)
3. Hoa and I\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_classmates. (be)
4. I\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_twelve.( be)
5. My sisters\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_good at Math.(not be)
6. Where\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_she?(be)

***B/ORDINARY VERBS (ĐỘNG TỪ THƯỜNG)***

***(+) Khẳng định***

* **I/We/You/They/Lan and Nga/số nhiều+ V………..**
* **He/She/It/Ms Lan/His son/số ít+ Vs/es**

***(-) Phủ định***

* **I/We/You/They/Lan and Nga/số nhiều + don’t + V………..**
* **He/She/It/Ms Lan/His son/số ít + doesn’t + V…………**

***(?)Nghi vấn***

* **Do + you/we/they/ Lan and Nga/số nhiều + V………..? → Yes , S + do. / No, S + don’t.**
* **Does + he/she/it/Ms Lan/His son /số ít+ V………….…? → Yes , S + does. / No, S + doesn’t.**

**Note:**

* ***Ở thể khẳng định:***

**-Nếu chủ ngữ là ngôi 3 số ít (he/she/it/Ms Lan/His son/số ít….) ta thêm “s/es” vào sau động từ.**

* **Động từ tận cùng bằng: s, x, sh, ch, o → thêm “es”**
* **Các động từ khác : thêm “s”**
* **have →has**

**-Các chủ ngữ còn lại (I/We/You/They/Lan and Nga/số nhiều……..) → giữ nguyên động từ. (V)**

* ***Ở thể phủ định và nghi vấn* → mượn trợ động từ “do/does” → khi đó động từ ở dạng nguyên mẫu.**
* **I/We/You/They/Lan and Nga/số nhiều ………..→ mượn trợ động từ “do”**
* **He/She/It/Ms Lan/His son/số ít…………………→ mượn trợ động từ “does”**

**Ex:**

1. I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_up at 6 o’clock. (get)
2. Nga\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_up at 6 o’clock. (get)
3. He \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_his face. (wash)

***2. Hỏi xem ai đó làm gì vào thởi gian rãnh***

**What + do + you/they + do + in your/their free time?**

**→I/They + V…………………**

**What + does + he/she + do + in his/her free time?**

**→He/She + Vs/es……………...**

**Ex:**

* **You /do the shopping**

What do **you** do in **your** free time? →I do the shopping.

* **Lan /play volleyball**

What does **Lan** do in **her** free time? →She plays volleyball.

***3. Hỏi xem ai có thường làm 1 việc gì***

**How often + do/does + S + V………….?**

**→S + V/Vs/es…………..+ số lần.**

**→S + always/often/usually/sometimes/never + V/Vs/es…………**

**Ex:**

* **You/ listen to music/ twice a week**

**How often** do you listen to music? →I listen to music **twice a week**.

* **He/ go fishing / sometimes**

**How often** does he go fishing? →He **sometimes** goes fishing.

***II. Fill in the blanks with the collect form of the verbs.***

**1.** I (**do**)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ many activities in my time.

**2.** The English club in my school (**provide**)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a lot of interesting activities.

**3.** My children (**study**)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and (**live**)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ at a boarding school.

**4.** John (**listen**) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to music in his free time.

**5.** My friends often (**play**) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ online games together on the weekends.

**UNIT 1 : FREE TIME**

**LESSON 1-3 (Pronunciation)**

***I. Find the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation.***

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 1. A. b**a**ke | B. m**a**ke | C. f**a**shion | D. pl**a**y |
| 2. A m**o**del | B. c**o**mic | C. bl**o**gger | D. sh**o**w |
| 3. A. r**a**ce | B. b**a**r | C. c**a**ke | D. pl**a**ne |
| 4. A. gift**s** | B. model**s** | C. friend**s** | C. car**s** |
| 5. A. build**s** | B. play**s** | C. think**s** | C. film**s** |

**II. Find the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress.**



|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 1. A. fashion | B. collection | C. hobby | D. blogger |
| 2. A comment | B. building | C. model | D. collect |
| 3. A. comic | B. online | C. sticker | D. garden |
| 4. A. model | B. center | C. collect | D. sticker |
| 5. A. online | B. habit | C. soccer | D. comic |

***III.* Choose the word or phrase (A, B, C or D) that best fits the space in each sentence.**

1. Ms Nga often\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ vlogs on the weekends.

A. reads B. makes C. builds D. plays

1. Does Nga like \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_dinner?

A. make B. to make C. making D. makes

1. Who do they make their models \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_? \_Their classmates.

A. in B. at C. on D with

1. She often reads \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_in her free time.

A. cakes B. comics C. games D. stickers

1. My best friend often \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_soccer stickers.

A. collects B. bakes C. plays D. spends

1. My friends and I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_models in our free time.

A. read B. make C. play D. build

1. Mary sometimes spend an hour \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_rafting with her friends.
2. doing B. having C. talking D. going
3. What do Tuan and his friends do \_\_\_\_\_\_\_their free time?

A. in B. at C. with D. of

1. My sister does it with me and films us building models \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_her vlogs.

A. in B. up C. of D. for

1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_a comment and tell me!

A. Leave B. Make C. Join D. Bake

**UNIT 1 : FREE TIME**

**LESSON 2-1 (New words)**

**I. New words**

- sports center (n) /ˈspɔːrts ˌsen.t̬ɚ/ : trung tâm thể thao

- bowling alley (n) /ˈbəʊ.lɪŋ ˌæl.i/ : khu trò chơi bowling

- ice rink (n) /ˈaɪs ˌrɪŋk/ : sân trượt băng

- theater (n) /ˈθɪə.tər/ : nhà hát

- water park (n) /ˈwɔː.tə ˌpɑːk/ : công viên nước

- market (n) /ˈmɑː.kɪt/ : chợ

- fair (n) /feər/ : hội chợ vui chơi giải trí

- present = gift (n) /ˈprez.ənt/  /ɡɪft/ : món quà

- skate (v) /skeɪt/ : trượt băng

- play (n/v) /pleɪ/ : vở kịch/ chơi

- in front of ≠ behind (prep) / in frʌnt əv/ ≠ /bɪˈhaɪnd/ : đằng trước ≠ đằng sau

- next to (prep) /nekst tʊ/ : cạnh bên

- opposite (prep) /ˈɒp.ə.zɪt/ : đối diện

- between……and…..(prep) /bɪˈtwiːn…. ænd/ : ở giữa ( 2 người hay 2 vật )

- What’s up? /ˌwɒsˈʌp/ : Có chuyện gì vậy?

=What’s going on? : Chuyện gì đang diễn ra vậy?

**II. Choose the word or phrase (A, B, C or D) that best fits the space in each sentence.**

1. The café is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_the market.

A. in front B. next C. opposite D. between

1. Hoa is sitting \_\_\_\_\_\_\_front of Huy tonight.

A. on B. at C. in D. of

1. The water park is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_to my school.

A. in front B. next C. opposite D. between

1. Let’s \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_online games together.

A. plays B. playing C. to play D. play

1. I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_table tennis tomorrow.

A. play B. is playing C. plays D. am playing

1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_should we meet? \_In front of the theater.

A. What B. Who C. Where D. When

1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ time should we meet? \_At 6 p.m.

A. What B. Who C. Where D. When

1. We\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Huy at the fair this week.

A. meeting B. is meeting C. am meeting D. are meeting

1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_Tuesday morning, they are having an English test.

A. In B. On C. At D. With

1. Children should \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_comics in their free time.

A. reads B. reading C. to read D. read

**UNIT 1 : FREE TIME**

**LESSON 2-2 (Grammar)**

**I. Grammar**

**1.The present continuous tense** ( thì hiện tại tiếp diễn )→talk about future plans ( nói về dự định trong tương lai )

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Dạng** | **Cấu trúc** | **Ví dụ** |
| ***(+) Khẳng định*** | * I + ***am V-ing***………… * We/You/They/Lan and Nga/số nhiều + ***are V-ing***……….. * He/She/It/Ms Lan/His son/số ít + ***is V-ing***…………. | Ex1: I ***am reading***.  Ex2: Hoa and Lien ***are playing*** badminton.  Ex3: Mr. John ***is listening***. |
| ***(-) Phủ định*** | * I + ***am not V-ing***………… * We/You/They/Lan and Nga/số nhiều + ***are not V-ing***……….. * He/She/It/Ms Lan/His son/số ít + ***is not V-ing***…………. | Ex1: I ***am not talking***.  Ex2: They ***aren’t running***.  Ex3: She ***isn’t walking***. |
| ***(?)Nghi vấn*** | * ***Are*** + We/You/They/Lan and Nga/số nhiều + ***V-ing***………..? * ***Is*** + He/She/It/Ms Lan/His son/số ít + ***V-ing***………….?   →Yes, S + am/is/are . / No, S + am/is/are + not. | Ex1: ***Are*** you ***swimming***?  🡪 Yes, I am. / No, I’m not.  Ex2: ***Is*** his father ***driving***?  🡪Yes, he is. / No, he isn’t. |

**Note: -is not = isn’t, are not = aren’t**

**Ex:**

1. I\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_vlogs next month. (make)
2. Hoa and Nga \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_online games tonight. (play)
3. He \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_comics tomorrow. (read)
4. Hoa and Nga \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_online games tonight. (not play)
5. He \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_comics tomorrow. (not read)

**2/ Prepositions of place ( giới từ chỉ vị trí )**

* **in front of ≠ behind (prep) : đằng trước ≠ đằng sau**
* **next to (prep) : cạnh bên**
* **opposite (prep) : đối diện**
* **between……and…..(prep) : ở giữa ( 2 người hay 2 vật )**

**Rewrite**

1/The coffee shop is behind the sports center.

→The sports center\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ .

2/There is a market in front of the water park.

→The market\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ .

→The water park\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ **.**

**UNIT 1 : FREE TIME**



**LESSON 2-3 (Pronunciation)**

**I. Find the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation.**

1. A. play**s** B. goe**s** C. skate**s** D. run**s**

2. A. market**s** B. exercis**es** C. park**s** D.sport**s**

3. A. pl**a**y B. sk**a**te C. sn**a**ke D. p**a**rk

4. A. inv**i**te B. **i**ce C. g**i**ft D. onl**i**ne

5. A. pr**e**sent B. all**e**y C. c**e**nter D. comm**e**nt

**II. Find the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress.**



1. A. market B. water C. present D. dessert

2. A. theater B. center C. paradeD.army

3. A. station B. invitation C. fashion D. fiction

4. A. soccer B. weekend C. afternoon D. summer

5. A. enjoyable B. excellent C. popular D. different

**III. Choose the word (A, B, C or D) that best fits the space in the following passage.**

Hello, I’m Susan. (1)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ my free time, I like (2)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ with my mom. We usually bake (3)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and cookies. My family like them. Sometimes I (4)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to the water park near my house. On the weekend, I often play volleyball with my friends (5)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ it’s very good for my health. It’s really fun.

1. A. In B. On C. For D. To

2. A. cookies B. cooks C. cooking D. cook

3. A. games B. cakes C. sports D. bowling

4. A. have B. eat C. play D. go

5. A. because B. after C. before D. if

**UNIT 1 : FREE TIME**

**LESSON 3-1**

**I. New words**

1. skateboarding (n) /ˈskeɪtˌbɔː.dɪŋ/ trò trượt ván

→ skateboard (n) /ˈskeɪt.bɔːd/ ván trượt

2. surfing (n) /ˈsɜː.fɪŋ/ trò lướt sóng

→ surfboard (n) /ˈsɜːf.bɔːd/ ván lướt sóng

3. rock climbing (n) /ˈrɒk ˌklaɪ.mɪŋ/ trò leo núi đá

4. zorbing (n) /ˈzɔː.bɪŋ/ trò bóng lăn (lăn xuống dốc hoặc trên mặt nước

trong 1 quả cầu nhựa trong suốt)

5. speaker (n) /ˈspiː.kər/ người nói, người trình bày

6. used to **+ V** /ˈjus·tu tə/ đã từng

7. availability (n) /əˌveɪ.ləˈbɪl.ə.ti/ khả năng, tình trạng sẵn sàng

8. extreme sport (n) /ɪkˌstriːm ˈspɔːt/ thể thao mạo hiểm

9. invitation (n) /ˌɪn.vɪˈteɪ.ʃən/ lời mời

🡪 invite (v) /ɪnˈvaɪt/ mời

10. safety equipment (n) /ˈseɪf.ti ɪˈkwɪp.mənt/ thiết bị an toàn

11. think-thought (v) /θɪŋk - θɔːt/ suy nghĩ

12. cost (v) /kɒst/ trị giá

13. rent (v) = hire /rent/ /haɪər/ thuê

14. provide (v) /prəˈvaɪd/ cung cấp

15. skydiving (n) /ˈskaɪˌdaɪ.vɪŋ/ môn nhảy dù

16. book (v) /bʊk/ giữ chỗ trước, mua vé trước, đặt chỗ

17. jumper (n) /ˈdʒʌm.pər/ người nhảy dù

18. parachute (n) /ˈpær.ə.ʃuːt/ cái dù

19. helicopter (n) /ˈhel.ɪˌkɒp.tər/ máy bay lên thẳng, máy bay trực thăng

20. fly-flew (v) /flaɪ/ - /fluː/ bay

21. windsurfing (n) /ˈwɪndˌsɜː.fɪŋ/ môn lướt ván buồm

**II. Grammar: Hỏi giá tiền**

* **How much + is/are + S ? → It’s / They are + giá tiền.**
* **How much + does/do + S + cost ? → It costs / They cost + giá tiền.**
* **What’s the price of + S ?→ It’s / They are + giá tiền.**

**Ex:** How much is this hat? It’s 30.000 đong.

How much does this hat cost? It costs 30.000 đong.

What’s the price of this hat? It’s 30.000 đong.

**III. Choose the word or phrase (A, B, C or D) that best fits the space in each sentence.**

1. They are going to provide all the safety\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ for us.

A. fair B. water park C. equipment D. comics

1. We used \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_in Hoi An when we were young.

A. living B. lived C. to live D. lives

1. The first time she went zorbing, she was\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ .

A. scared B. free C. busy D. dangerous

1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_does the ticket cost? -Ten dollars.

A. How long B. How old C. How often D. How much

1. I think it’ll be fun and really\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. exciting B. boring C. dangerous D. scared

**UNIT 1 : FREE TIME**

**LESSON 3-2**

**I. WORD FAMILY**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| 1. danger 🡪 dangerous  2. equip 🡪 equipment  3. excite 🡪 excited / exciting  4. invite 🡪 invitation | 5. jump 🡪 jumper  6. scare 🡪 scared  7. safe 🡪 safety  8. surf 🡪 surfboard / surfing |

**Use the correct form of the word given in each sentence.**

1. It’s \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to play rock climbing. (danger)
2. She feels \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ when she first went zorbing. (scare)
3. The school provide us safety \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.(equip)
4. We are going to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Hoa to our party. (invitation)
5. Windsurfing looks \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. (excite)

**II**. **Read the following passage. Decide if the statements from 1 to 4 are True or False and choosethe correct answer (A, B, C or D) for the questions 5 and 6.**

To: [jimbo365@frendzmail.com](mailto:jimbo365@frendzmail.com)

Subject: Charity skydive

Hi Jim,

What are you doing next Saturday?

Our annual charity skydive is coming up. If you are free, do you want to join us?

We’re meeting outside the supermarket near the airfield at 2 p.m and the jump will take place at 3 p.m. The jump will raise money for a local charity to help poor children. There will be 12 jumpers including if you come.

I know you enjoyed doing the charity skydive last year. Let me know if you can come by Tuesday. I’m sure we’ll have a really good time.

See you soon,

Suzanne

**TRUE OR FALSE**

1. If Jim doesn’t come, there are eleven jumpers. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

2. The charity skydive happens yearly. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

3. The jump is going to raise money for the old people. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

4. If Jim attends or not, let Suzanne know after Tuesday. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**MULTIPLE CHOICE**

5. The jump will happens at \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ next Saturday.

A. 2 p.m B. 3 p.m C. 4 p.m D. 5 p.m

6. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ invites \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to join the skydive.

A. Suzanne / Jim B. you / Jim C. Jim / Suzanne D. me / Suzanne

**IV. Rewrite the sentences:**

* **How much + is/are + S?**
* **How much + does/do + S + cost?**
* **What’s the price of + S ?**

1. How much is this ruler?

→How much \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?

→What\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?

2. How much do these pens cost?

→How much \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?

→What\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?

3/ What’s the price of your house?

→How much \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?

→How much \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?

**UNIT 2: HEALTH**

**LESSON 1-1 (New words)**

**I. New words**

1. drink – drank – drunk (v) /drɪŋk/ : uống
2. eat – ate - eaten (v) /iːt/ : ăn
3. fast food (n) /fæst ˈfuːd/ : thức ăn nhanh hoặc ăn liền
4. fruit (n) /fruːt/ : trái cây
5. get – got got (v) : nhận được

* get some sleep (v phr) /ɡet sʌm sliːp/ : chợp mắt

1. health (n) /helθ/ : sức khỏe

-> healthy (adj) /ˈhelθi/ : khỏe mạnh, có lợi cho sức khỏe

-> unhealthy (adj) /ʌnˈhelθi/ : ốm yếu, có hại cho sức khỏe

1. junk food (n) /ˈdʒʌŋk fuːd/ : thức ăn nhanh có hại
2. lifestyle (n) /ˈlaɪfstaɪl/ : cách sống, cách sinh hoạt
3. sleep (n) /sliːp/ : giấc ngủ

-> sleep – slept – slept (v) : ngủ

-> asleep (adj) /əˈsliːp/ : ngủ

1. soda (n) /ˈsoʊdə/ : nước xô – đa
2. vegetable (n) /ˈvedʒtəbl/ : rau, củ

**II. Choose the word or phrase (A, B, C or D) that best fits the space in each sentence.**

1. You should do more exercise to stay\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. healthy B. unhealthy C. asleep D. fast

2. She tries to get at least eight hours of\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ every night.

A. fruit B. sleep C. lifestyle D. drink

3. It’s a great idea to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, like carrots and onions, with meat and fish.

A. eat fast food B. drink soda

C. eat fruit and vegetables D. do some exercise

4. My sister often has sweets and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ drinks with every meal.

A. slow B milk C. junk D. soda

5. Eating too much \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is not good for your health.

A. vegetables B. fast food C. fruits D. books



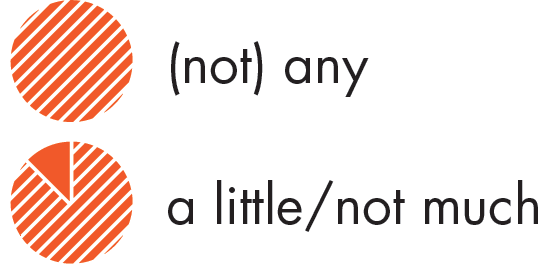
**UNIT 2: HEALTH**

**LESSON 1-2 (Grammar)**

**I. Grammar: Indefinite quantifiers**

**1. some/ any + uncountable/ countable nouns**

*+ some: được sử dụng trong câu khẳng định, câu lời mời*



Ex: a. Would you like **some** coffee?

b. I often drink **some** milk before going to bed.

c. She is holding **some** flowers now.

*+ any: được sử dụng trong câu phủ định hoặc nghi vấn*

Ex: (-) He doesn’t need **any** pizza to eat.

(?) Are there **any** pens on the table?

**2. a litte/ not much + uncountable nouns**

Ex: They had **a little** money to spend.

**3. a lot of/ lots of + uncountable/countable nouns**

Ex: We saw **a lot of** birds flying in the sky yesterday.

I don’t have **lots of** time to do the chores.

**II. Choose the correct answer of the indefinite quantifiers.**

1. I don't eat **any** / **a little** junk food.

2. We drink **lots of** / **much** water every day.

3. How **much** / **any** fruit did you eat yesterday?

4. He does **much** / **a little** exercise in the morning.

5. She doesn't do **any**/**some** exercise.

**⁕⁕⁕⁕⁕**

**UNIT 2: HEALTH**

**LESSON 1-3 (Pronunciation)**

**I. Find the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation.**

1. A. g**a**me B. pl**a**ne C. b**a**nd D. m**a**ke

2. A. provid**ed** B. learn**ed** C. invit**ed** D. decid**ed**

3. A. pl**a**n B. arc**a**de C. s**a**le D. f**a**ce

4. A. **c**oncert B. **c**ycle C. **c**ollect D. **c**abbage

5. A. vegetabl**es** B. exercis**es** C. orang**es** D. class**es**

**II. Find the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress.**



1. A. dangerous B. sociable C. fantastic D. different



2. A. begin B. enjoy C. comment D. allow



3. A. tradition B. attraction C. capital D. effective



4. A. badminton B. Saturday C. memory D. production



**IV. Rewrite each of the following sentences in another way so that it means almost the same as the**

**sentence printed before it.**

1. My mother didn’t sleep well last night, so she is tired now.

🡪 Because

2. It’s good for him to stop smoking.

🡪 He should give

3. Of all vegetables, Mai’s brother likes cabbages the most.

🡪 Mai’s brother’s favourite

4. There is nothing we can do.

🡪 There isn’t

5. It took him two hours a day to do more exercise.

🡪 He spent

**UNIT 2: HEALTH**

**LESSON 2-1 (New words)**

**I. New words**

1. feel (v) /fiːl/ : có cảm giác, cảm thấy

-> feeling (n) /ˈfiːlɪŋ/ : sự cảm thấy

1. fever (n) /ˈfiːvər/ : cơn sốt
2. get rest (v) /ɡet rest/ : nghỉ ngơi
3. have – had – had (v) : sở hữu, có
4. keep – kept – kept (v) : giữ, lưu, duy trì
5. late (adv) /leɪt/ : chậm, muộn, trễ
6. lazy (adj) /ˈleɪzi/ : lười biếng

-> laziness (n) /ˈleɪzinəs/ : sự lười biếng

1. medicine (n) /ˈmedɪsn/ : thuốc

-> medical (adj) /ˈmedɪkəl/ : thuộc về y khoa

1. sore throat (n) /sɔːr ˈθroʊt/ : đau họng
2. stay up late (v) /steɪ ʌp leɪt / : thức khuya
3. take – took - taken (v) : lấy
4. vitamin (n) /ˈvaɪtəmɪn/ : vitamin
5. warm (adj) /wɔːrm/ : ấm

-> warmth (n) /wɔːmθ/ : sự ấm áp

1. weak (adj) /wiːk/ : yếu

-> weakness (n) /ˈwiːknəs/ : sự yếu ớt

**II. Choose the word or phrase (A, B, C or D) that best fits the space in each sentence.**

1. She has no energy and can’t do any work. She feels \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. weak B. hot C. healthy D. well

2. My mother has a cough and a\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. It hurts when she drinks.

A. rest B. medicine C. sore throat D. vitamin

3. Wearing a thick jacket and scarf to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in the winter is good for your health.

A. get some rest B. take vitamins C. stay up late D. keep warm

4. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ fast food do you eat every week?

A. How many B. How often C. How much D. How

**UNIT 2: HEALTH**

**LESSON 2-2 (Grammar)**

**I. Grammar**

**\* SHOULD/ SHOULDN’T:** give advice/ ask for advice

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| S | SHOULD + V1….. |
| Ex: You **should** eat fresh fruit. | |
| S | SHOULD NOT/ SHOULDN’T + V1…. |
| Ex: You **should not** eat a lot of fast food. | |

**REMEMBER:**

SHOULD = OUGHT TO + V1

SHOULD NOT = OUGHT NOT TO + V1

**II. Choose the correct answer should or shouldn’t**

1. You ***should/ shouldn’t*** stay up too late because it’s not good for your health.
2. No one ***should/ shouldn’t*** be late for school tomorrow because we will have an exam.
3. You ***should/ shouldn’t*** go for a check-up regularly.
4. What ***should/ shouldn’t*** I do to learn better?
5. My father thinks that I ***should/ shouldn’t*** play online games.

**III.** **Read the following passage. Decide if the statements from 1 to 4 are True or False and choosethe correct answer (A, B, C or D) for the questions 5 and 6.**

Sleep is of great importance to our life. It provides our body time for relaxation.  We wake up to be energetic for a day of work or school. How much sleep do we need? We are all different. A baby needs 16 hours of sleep every day. Children 6 to 12 years old need an average of 10 to 12 hours of sleep. A teenager needs 9 to 10 hours of sleep. An adult needs an average of 7 to 8 hours a night. There are some people who need only 3 hours of sleep. Others need10 hours of sleep. After the age of 50, the average sleep time goes down to 6.5 hours a night. We need less sleep as we get older. Most people have some nights when they cannot sleep. Continual lack of sleep causes bad health problems and  a child’s growth.

1. Sleep is very important for everyone. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

2. Peole don’t need to sleep. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

3. 6.5 hours a night is the average sleep time of the age of 50. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

4. We become younger when we need less sleep. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

5. How many hours of sleep does a teenager need every day? - \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. 7 to 8 hours B. 8 to 9 hours C. 9 to 10 hours D. 10 to 11 hours

6.The health problems and a child’s growth are bad because of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. continual lack of sleep B. a dificult book

C. lack of energy D. people’s food

**⁕⁕⁕⁕⁕**

**UNIT 2: HEALTH**

**LESSON 2-3 (Pronunciation)**

**I. Find the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation.**

1. A. work**s** B. open**s** C. stop**s** D. ask**s**

2. A. arriv**ed** B. believ**ed** C. receiv**ed** D.hop**ed**

3. A. beaut**y** B. eas**y**  C. laz**y**  D. den**y**

4. A. **d**arkness B. chil**d** C. gran**d**mother D. **d**aughter

5. A. ad**d**ress B. han**d**kerchief C. We**d**nesday D. san**d**wich

**II. Find the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress.**



1. A. money B. machine C. many D. mother

2. A. about B. around C. between D.under

3. A. restaurant B. grandfather C. breakfast D. computer

4. A. paper B. police C. people D. purpose

5. A. medicine B. important C. appearance D. successful

**III. Choose the word (A, B, C or D) that best fits the space in the following passage.**

(1)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ people around the world are (2)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ fat because they eat too much “junk food”.

Junk food comes from factories where scientists add a lot of sugar, salt and vegetable oil to make it taste good. They do this because they want to make money. They don’t care (3)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ your health: that is your job. Junk food tastes good, too. That’s why people drink huge bags of (4)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ tea and coke, and eat a big bag of potato chips, and still be hungry. Your body is the most valuable thing you will ever have in your life, so you should treat your body like a temple – not a garbage bin. Don’t eat (5) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

1. A. A lot of B. Many C. Lots of D. A, B and C

2. A. gets B. getting C. making D. makes

3. A. on B. in C. about D. with

4. A. weak B. tired C. healthy D. iced

5. A. junk food B. healthy food C. fresh fruit D. delicious lunch

**IV. Rearrange the groups of words in a correct order to make complete sentences.**

1. day/ drink /should/ each of us/ How much water /a/? //

🡪 How much water

2. every day/ Teenagers/ watch/ should/ too much/ not/ television /.//



🡪 Teenagers

3. because/ A lot of/ eat/ they/ Japanese people/ fish and vegetables/ a healthy diet/ have /.//

🡪 A lot of

4. doesn’t/ Peter/ any/ have/ at/ homework/ Math/ weekends /.//

🡪Peter

5. has/ She/ stomachache/and/ a/ sick/ feels/.//

🡪 She