

**I. Give the correct forms of the words in parentheses.**

1. He tries to memorize the new words by saying them \_\_\_\_\_ times. (count)
2. They first \_\_\_\_\_ the device in 1867. (introduction)
3. My new friend is quite \_\_\_\_\_. He often makes us laugh. (humor)
4. Could you show me the way to the local \_\_\_\_\_? (orphan)
5. Don't leave the light on. It wastes \_\_\_\_\_. (electric)
6. Ho Chi Minh City is an important \_\_\_\_\_ center. (commerce)
7. She \_\_\_\_\_ displayed her prize. (proud)
8. They are slow \_\_\_\_\_. (learn)
9. The form must have the \_\_\_\_\_ of the owner. (sign)
10. You don't have to \_\_\_\_\_ all these grammar points (memory)
11. The \_\_\_\_\_ of African is increasing day by day. (emigrate)
12. He felt upset because of his \_\_\_\_\_ job (succeed)
13. The farmer and his wife looked at the gold egg in \_\_\_\_\_. (amaze)
14. \_\_\_\_\_, he can't find the job. (fortunate)
15. Miss Kale likes this chair because it is \_\_\_\_\_. (comfort)
16. You should follow the \_\_\_\_\_ precautions . (safe)
17. He was very \_\_\_\_\_ about driving the first car of his own. (excite)
18. Children need to have a good \_\_\_\_\_. (educate)
19. Some companies use bonuses as an \_\_\_\_\_ to their staff to work harder. (encourage)
20. Miss Kale doesn't like this chair because it is \_\_\_\_\_. (comfort)
21. My grandfather can read \_\_\_\_\_ without glasses. (good)
22. You'd better do some \_\_\_\_\_ for the final exam. (revise)
23. He was \_\_\_\_\_ of his achievements in the field of art. (pride)
24. She actively \_\_\_\_\_ in social work. (participation)
25. Hoa and Nien used to be next- door \_\_\_\_\_. (neighborhood)
26. Last year I had an \_\_\_\_\_ summer holiday. (enjoy )
27. It's necessary that every member of our club join in a \_\_\_\_\_ program. (recycle)
28. \_\_\_\_\_, he can't find the job. (fortunate)
29. Miss Kale doesn't like this chair because it is \_\_\_\_\_. (comfort)
30. His \_\_\_\_\_ often shocks others. (behave)
31. Eating a lot of vegetables is very \_\_\_\_\_ for everyone .( need )
32. You'd better do some \_\_\_\_\_ for the final exams .( revise )
33. What is the correct \_\_\_\_\_ or this word ?( pronounce )
34. Please bring this form back to me with the \_\_\_\_\_ of your form teacher. ( sign )
35. There's very little \_\_\_\_\_ between the two countries. (cooperate)
36. "Aodai" is a \_\_\_\_\_ dress of Vietnam. (tradition)
37. I often stay up late. I don't get used to \_\_\_\_\_ early. (sleep)
38. The Bella \_\_\_\_\_ that house two years ago. (buy)

**IV. Read the passage carefully**

1. Lan's mother, Mrs. Quyen, is reading one of the posters about safety precautions in the home at her local community center. She learns that young children may do harm to themselves by eating or drinking something such as chemicals and drugs because they look like soft drinks or candy. So we must put all these things in locked cupboards. We must also remember that kitchen is a dangerous place for young children because there are many dangerous things. These include scissors, knives, fire and hot water. Children may also cause a fire themselves by playing with matches or get an electric shock by putting something into electric sockets. That's why we must always keep these things out of children's reach.

**A. Decide whether the following statements are true or false.**

19. Mrs. Quyen is at home reading a poster about safety precautions now.
20. We must put all soft drinks and candy in locked cupboards.
21. Playing in a kitchen, young children may be hurt by hot water.
22. It is possible for young children to get an electric shock when they play with matches.

**B. Choose the correct answer.**

23. What is the passage mainly about?
  - A. Useful posters Mrs. Quyen reads at her local community center.
  - B. The dangers of chemicals and drugs in the home.
  - C. Some safety precautions in the home Mrs. Quyen learns at her local community center.
  - D. The dangers of chemicals, drugs, scissors, knives, fire and hot water in the home.
24. Which of the following can be inferred from the passage?
  - A. Soft drinks and candy are as dangerous as chemicals and drugs.
  - B. Some usual things in the home may be dangerous for young children.
  - C. Children must not be taken to the kitchen.
  - D. We must not put electric sockets on the floor.

## 2. The Ho Chi Minh Young Pioneer Organization (The Ho Chi Minh YPO)

### SCHOOL NOTICE BOARD

#### RAISING FUNDS WITH "PIG-SAVING PLANS"

- + Collect old clothes and shoes, sandals for recycling.
- + Collect old newspapers and magazines for sale.
- + Offer used textbooks and school things for reusing.
- + Make handmade things for sale.
- + Keep small money change for saving.
- + Donate stamps and envelopes for posting
- + Reduce waste papers and drafts when using.

#### A. Decide whether the following statements are true or false.

1. Students have to do things on the notice board.
2. The notice says that students should keep and use their textbooks carefully.
3. The Ho Chi Minh YPO planned these activities.
4. Teachers must take part in this program.

#### \* Choose the correct answer

5. What is the main idea of the notice board?  
A. How to recycle things                      B. How to save money  
C. How to collect things                      D. How to earn money for "Pig-saving plans"
6. What does the word "donate" refer to?  
A. ask for              B. give              C. buy              D. sell .

## 3. The 45th

### President of America

Donald Trump is an American businessman and the President-elect of the United States. He is scheduled to take office as the 45th President on January 20, 2017. He was born on June 14, 1946, in Jamaica Estates, Queens, a neighborhood in New York City. He was the second youngest child of five children. Trump left the school at the age of 13 and was enrolled

in the New York Military Academy (NYMA), where he finished eighth grade and high school. Trump attended Fordham University in the Bronx for two years, beginning in August 1964. While there, he worked at the family's company. Trump graduated from Wharton in May 1968 with a Bachelor of Science in Economics. In 2003, Trump became the executive producer and host of the NBC reality show "The Apprentice", in which a group of competitors battled for a high-level management job in one of Trump's commercial enterprises. In June 2015, Trump announced his candidacy for president as a Republican and quickly emerged as the front-runner for his party's nomination. On November 8, 2016, he defeated

Hillary Clinton in the general election and became the 45<sup>th</sup> President of America after the pre-president Barack Obama.

19. Donald Trump was born in New York City.
20. He graduated from NYMA with a Bachelor of Science in Economics.
21. He was a candidate for president as a Republican.
22. He defeated Barack Obama to become the new President of America.

#### B. Choose the correct answer

23. Who is the 44th president of America?  
A. Donald Trump C. Hillary Clinton B. Bill Clinton D. Barrack Obama
24. How old is Donald Trump?  
A. seventy B. seventeen C. seventy-one D. sixty-nine

## 4. Hi Lan!

Last Sunday, I had a very interesting day with my classmates. We took part in the city's campaign which is called the Green Sunday. All of us were divided into groups to walk along some main streets in the city. With the slogan "Every day is a Green Sunday", we tried to make people understand the importance of trees and plants in our life. Each group came to some houses to sweep their gardens, empty the garbage, grow some plants or trees and killed mosquitoes around the houses. We also swept and grew trees along the two sides of the streets. What do you think of these activities? If you like, please join us next week.

Hope to work with you.

Your friend, Hoa

25. Hoa joined the Green Sunday campaign last month.
26. Hoa and her classmates helped the elderly people and the poor.
27. It was a very interesting day.
28. Hoa asked Lan not to join her group next week.

**Choose the correct answers:**

29. Why did they walk along some main streets? Because \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. they planted trees and plants.                      B. they killed mosquitoes.  
C. they understood the importance of trees and  
D. they helped people understand the role of trees and plants in our life. plants in our life.

30. To improve our environment, students should \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. go along some streets.                      B. not empty the garbage.  
C. grow trees on the sides of the streets                      D. not kill mosquitoes.

5. The Y&Y is planning to help the community by encouraging all members to participate in a recycling program. All you have to do is to collect used glass , paper and cans , and send them for recycling . By doing this , we can have save natural resources and earn some money for the organization.

If possible , you can participate in other program such as raising funds for the poor , helping street children and planting trees and flowers along the sidewalks or in the park.

**Decide if the statements that follow are True or False:**

1. The organization is planning for producing program.
2. It is compulsory to participate program.
3. This program helps save natural resources.
4. The members can take part in many other program

**Choose the correct answers for each question:**

5. what is best title for passage ?

- A. Encouraging to protect environment                      B Earning money for organization  
C. creating new works for members                      D. producing new products

6. Which program is Not in the passage?

- A. recycling      B. Raising fund      C. Planting tree      D. Taking care of older

6. In Scotland, there is a popular legend about a monster. The monster lives in a lake called Loch Ness, near the town of Inverness. Loch Ness is 32 km long, 5 km wide, and very, very deep. The monster's name is Nessie. People say that she is very big, and that she has got a long neck, like a snake.

The legend of the monster is very famous, and millions of tourists from all over the world come to Loch Ness.

Everybody wants to be the first person to see Nessie. Come to Scotland and Loch Ness – that person may be you!

- Legend: trùy n thủy tê - monster: quái vậ

19. There is a famous legend about a monster in Scotland

20. The length of Loch Ness is 5 km

21. The tourist want to be the first person to see the monster

22. Millions of tourists saw Nessie

23. According to the writer, you may be the first person \_\_\_\_\_ saw Nessie.

- A. Who                      B. What                      C. Which                      D. When

24. They said that she looks like \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. a monkey      B. a fish                      C. a snake                      D. a turtle

7. Ho Chi Minh Communist Youth Union is an organization of Vietnamese youth. It often holds social activities such as Helping the Handicapped, Cleaning the Environment, Green Summer volunteers Campaign, and other similar movements. These activities aim to help the young develop their public awareness and form their personality.

• Ever since the Union was founded, its aims and principles, established by President Ho Chi Minh, have been the guidelines for the young Vietnamese people of today and tomorrow.

1. President Ho Chi Minh established the guidelines for the Vietnamese Youth .
2. The aims of The Youth Union has changed recently.
3. By taking part in these activities , Vietnamese Youth can develop their personality.
4. The members of The Youth Union don't like participating in social activities.

8. Preparing for a test is easy if you have good study habits! However if you have ignored studying as you are learning the material, no amount of cramming will help you take the test. However, here are a few tips to help you prepare for the test. Firstly, getting a good night's sleep before the test is very important. Staying up all night to cram for a test will only make your brain slow the next day. Secondly, flashcards are easier to review than written notes. During homework time, make your notes into flash cards. Thirdly, find a Study Buddy! Doing homework with someone is a lot more fun than doing it alone! And finally, only review the information you had the most difficulty with in the morning. Make sure you get up a little earlier than normal so you can do a quick review.

**A. Decide whether the following statements are true or false.**

1. It's difficult to prepare for a test, even if you have good study habits.
2. Don't stay up all night. Sleep well before the test.
3. You have to find someone to study with.
4. Review everything that you have learnt in the morning.

**B. Choose the correct answer.**

5. How many tips are there to help you prepare for the test?  
A. 2     B. 3     C. 4     D. 5
6. Which of the following is NOT mentioned in the passage above?  
A. Ask your teacher the unit what key points you will be expected to know for the test.  
B. Get together with friends for a study session.  
C. Cramming is not the best way to approach an exam.  
D. Use flashcards to review than written notes.

**V. Choose the word or phrase (A, B,C or D) that best fits the blank space in the following passage.**

1. Hang is thirteen years old. She is a pretty girl with \_\_\_\_\_ (25) hair. She lives at 805, Hau Giang Street in Ho Chi Minh City with her parents and her \_\_\_\_\_ (26) Hanh and Huong. She is a hard-working student who always \_\_\_\_\_ (27) good grades. Her classmates often say, "Hang is very sociable \_\_\_\_\_ (28) helpful. She is always willing to help us \_\_\_\_\_ (29) difficult exercises..." That's why Hang has a lot of friends. Her best friends are Mai and Lan, with whom she often \_\_\_\_\_ (30) her feelings.

- |                        |                    |                    |                     |
|------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------|
| 25. A. long black wavy | B. black long wavy | C. wavy black long | D. long wavy black  |
| 26. A. younger sisters | B. two young       | C. younger two     | D. two young sister |
| 27. A. gives           | B. works           | C. gets            | D. makes            |
| 28. A. but             | B. and             | C. or              | D. also             |
| 29. A. with            | B. for             | C. of              | D. at               |
| 30. A. talks           | B. shares          | C. tells           | D. says             |

2. In the first year of lower secondary Nam had some (1)\_\_\_\_\_ in learning English . His (2) \_\_\_\_ of English words was really bad and his English grammar was worse. He didn't know how to improve it. One afternoon after the lesson, his English teacher told him (3) \_\_ for her out of the classroom. She took him to school library and showed him cassettes of pronunciation drills kept in a glass bookcase. She told him how to use an English- English (4) \_\_\_\_ to improve his English grammar. He made (5) \_\_\_\_\_ progress and only one year later. He (6)\_\_\_\_\_ the first prize in the English Speaking Contest held for secondary school students in his hometown.

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|----------------------|-------------------|-----------------|----------------|
| 25. A. words         | B. grades         | C. difficulties | D. sounds      |
| 26. A. pronunciation | B. pronunciations | C. pronounce    | D. pronouncing |
| 27. A. waited        | B. wait           | C. to wait      | D. not to wait |
| 28. A. book          | B. atlas          | C. brochure     | D. dictionary  |
| 29. A. much          | B. many           | C. some         | D. no          |
| 30. A. had           | B. won            | C. knew         | D. gave        |

3. In Scotland, there is a popular legend\_\_\_\_(25) a monster. The monster lives in a lake \_\_\_\_ (26) Loch Ness, near the town of Inverness. Loch Ness is 32 km \_\_\_\_\_(27), 5km wide and very, very deep. The monster's name is Nessie. People say that she is very big and she has a long neck, like \_\_\_\_\_(28) snake.

The legend of the monster is very \_\_\_\_ (29) and millions of tourists from all over the world come to Loch Ness.

Everybody wants to be the first person to see Nessie. Come to Scotland and Loch Ness – that person may \_\_\_\_ (30) you!

- |               |           |             |             |
|---------------|-----------|-------------|-------------|
| 25. A. in     | B. at     | C. on       | D. about    |
| 26. A. called | B. calls  | C. calling  | D. call     |
| 27. A. length | B. long   | C. lengthen | D. longer   |
| 28. A. a      | B. an     | C. the      | D.Ø         |
| 29. A. fame   | B. famous | C. famously | D. infamous |
| 30. A. are    | B. was    | C. were     | D. be       |

4. Many household (15) \_\_\_\_\_ are very dangerous. Young children may think that chemicals and drugs are soft drinks or candy, so they may drink or eat (16) \_\_\_\_\_. Therefore you must put them in locked cupboard. You must not let children play in the kitchen because it is dangerous. Children (17) \_\_\_\_\_ play with matches. Just one match can (18) \_\_\_\_\_ fire. Each year, fires (19) \_\_\_\_\_ houses and injure people. You must (20) \_\_\_\_\_ electrical sockets so that children cannot try to put anything into them.

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|-----------------|--------------|------------------|------------|
| 15. A. subjects | B. appliance | C. thing         | D. objects |
| 16. A. they     | B. theirs    | C. their         | D. them    |
| 17. A. must     | B. mustn't   | C. don't have to | D. have to |
| 18. A. do       | B. cause     | C. have          | D. play    |
| 19. A. destroy  | B. hurt      | C. collapse      | D. kill    |
| 20. A. close    | B. discover  | C. wraps         | D. cover   |

5. A new shopping (1) \_\_\_\_\_ is opening in Nam's neighborhood today. It is very different (2) \_\_\_\_\_ the present shopping area.

All the shops are under one roof. That will be very (3) \_\_\_\_\_, especially during the hot and humid summer months.

Customers will shop (4) \_\_\_\_\_ comfort and (5) \_\_\_\_\_ the weather. Some people in the neighborhood, (6) \_\_\_\_\_, are not happy about the changes.

- |                    |                    |                 |                    |
|--------------------|--------------------|-----------------|--------------------|
| 1) A. mall         | B. discount        | C. Comfort      | D. market          |
| 2) A. with         | B. from            | C. for          | D. in              |
| 3) A. convenience  | B. convenient      | C. inconvenient | D. conveniently    |
| 4) A. on           | B. with            | C. in           | D. at              |
| 5) A. don't notice | B. haven't noticed | C. won't notice | D. aren't noticing |
| 6) A. but          | B. however         | C. although     | D. and             |

6. Some people learn a second language (15) \_\_\_\_\_. Other people have trouble learning (16) \_\_\_\_\_ new language.

There are several ways to make learning English a little easier and (17) \_\_\_\_\_ interesting. The first step is to feel about learning English. If you believe that you can (18) \_\_\_\_\_, you will learn. Be patient! You do not have (19) \_\_\_\_\_ everything all at once. It is natural to make mistakes when you learn (20) \_\_\_\_\_ new.

- |                   |                  |               |                  |
|-------------------|------------------|---------------|------------------|
| 15. A. ease       | B. easy          | C. easily     | D. easiest       |
| 16. A. two        | B. a             | C. an         | D. three         |
| 17. A. as         | B. at            | C. more       | D. than          |
| 18. A. learn      | B. to learn      | C. learnt     | D. learning      |
| 19. A. understand | B. to understand | C. understood | D. be understood |
| 20. A. something  | B. nothing       | C. think      | D. thought       |

7. There are also (25) \_\_\_\_\_ ways of learning the same number of words. For example, (26) \_\_\_\_\_ you try to learn ten

words in two days, you can do so in two ways. You can learn the first five words the first day, and then learn the other five

the next day. However, because (27) \_\_\_\_\_ is necessary; you can learn all the ten words the first day and revise them the

next day. This helps you (28) \_\_\_\_\_ the words more times. Language learners should try different ways of learning words

so as to find (29) \_\_\_\_\_ the best way for themselves. Ask (30) \_\_\_\_\_ the question: How should I learn words?

- |                    |               |                |                |
|--------------------|---------------|----------------|----------------|
| 25. A. differ      | B. different  | C. differently | D. indifferent |
| 26. A. so          | B. however    | C. after that  | D. if          |
| 27. A. revision    | B. revise     | C. review      | D. revising    |
| 28. A. to practice | B. practicing | C. practice    | D. practices   |
| 29. A. up          | B. out        | C. in          | D. off         |
| 30. A. yourself    | B. yourselves | C. myself      | D. themselves  |

8. Lan wanted to (1)\_\_\_\_\_for the activities for this summer, and the secretary helped her do that. She got (2)\_\_\_\_\_and filled it out for Lan. She asked Lan about her personal details such(3)\_\_\_\_\_her name, her date of birth, her address, her phone number, and so on. Lan also told the secretary about her(4)\_\_\_\_\_(drawing, outdoor activities and acting). After(5)\_\_\_\_\_filling out the form, the secretary told Lan to (6)\_\_\_\_\_the form to her teacher immediately and ask her to sign it.

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|---------------------|--------------|---------------|------------------------|
| 1. A. enroll        | B .write     | C .play       | D .take                |
| 2. A. an order form | B. a receipt | C .a document | D .an application form |
| 3. A. as            | B .like      | C .at         | D. that                |
| 4. A. things        | B. study     | C .hobbies    | D .chores              |
| 5. A. to finish     | B .finished  | C .finish     | D. finishing           |
| 6. A. take          | B .bring     | C .send       | D .make                |

9. Have you ever wanted to do something (25) \_\_\_\_\_? Five years ago Bill Slade read about an organization calls Earth Watch. Earth Watch finds (26) \_\_\_\_\_ for expeditions to study and explore different parts of the world. Bill decided (27) \_\_\_\_\_ an expedition to study elephants in Africa. And he counted birds in the rain forests of South America. He planted (28) \_\_\_\_\_ in Europe and he studied whales in the Pacific Ocean. Bill said, 'It was (29)\_\_\_\_\_work, but we had a lot of fun, and I learned a lot, (30)\_\_\_\_\_.'

- |                   |               |                |                    |
|-------------------|---------------|----------------|--------------------|
| 25. A. different  | B. the same   | C. differently | D. difficultly     |
| 26. A. volunteers | B. activities | C. programs    | D. resources       |
| 27. A. join       | B. to join    | C. joining     | D. to joining      |
| 28. A. banks      | B. parks      | C. lakes       | D. trees           |
| 29. A. easy       | B. hardly     | C. hard        | D. easily          |
| 30. A. also       | B. too        | C. either      | D. all are correct |

#### VI. Rearrange the words in the correct order:

1. speak nor hear / with deaf-mutes, / At Boston University he worked / who could neither //  
→ \_\_\_\_\_
2. going to play at / is The Kids in Town / the City Concert Center tonight / The band that is //  
→ \_\_\_\_\_
3. time on it / My English teacher / to spend more / asked me // //  
→ \_\_\_\_\_
4. and the small man was the master / The tiger wanted to know / was the servant / why the strong buffalo// //  
→ \_\_\_\_\_
5. will take their business / on Tran Phu Street think / the shopping mall / The owners of the small stores//  
→ \_\_\_\_\_
6. and flowers in the school garden / and water them / We're going to plant trees // every afternoon after class  
→ \_\_\_\_\_
7. so as to find out / Language learners should try / the best way for themselves / different ways of learning words.  
→ \_\_\_\_\_
8. a speaking contest / is going to hold / to celebrate the Teachers' Day / The school English Speaking Club.  
→ \_\_\_\_\_
9. organized a / They have/ to discuss the situation / meeting in order// //  
→ \_\_\_\_\_
10. for you / every day / It is necessary/ to revise your lessons // //  
→ \_\_\_\_\_
11. writing a letter / Nam/ twenty minutes / spent // //  
→ \_\_\_\_\_
12. Nam / for three years/ haven't seen / I // //  
→ \_\_\_\_\_
13. children's reach / You have to / objects out of / keep all dangerous // //  
→ \_\_\_\_\_
14. and earn some money / for the organization / save natural resources / We can help // //  
→ \_\_\_\_\_
15. is going to hold / to celebrate the Teacher's Day / a speaking contest / My school // //  
→ \_\_\_\_\_

16. often holds social activities / and Cleaning the Environment / The Youth Union / such as Helping Street children

→ \_\_\_\_\_

17. her students / The teacher / proud of / was / .

→ \_\_\_\_\_

19. in the competition / very hard / The Vietnamese team / worked / .

→ \_\_\_\_\_

**VII. Rewrite the sentences so that they are nearest in meaning to the sentence printed before them:**

1. Mary doesn't spend as much money as she used to.

→ Mary used \_\_\_\_\_

2. She enjoys listening to classical music before sleeping.

→ She is \_\_\_\_\_

3. The new iphone is too expensive for him to buy.

→ The new iphone isn't \_\_\_\_\_

4. The store owner last swept the floor two weeks ago.

→ The store owner has not \_\_\_\_\_

5. The weather was fine. We could go camping.

◇ the weather was fine enough \_\_\_\_\_

6. They weren't bad at English anymore.

◇ They used \_\_\_\_\_

7. My sister doesn't like washing up after meals.

◇ My sister is not \_\_\_\_\_

8. The lifeguard said, "Don't swim out too far, boys."

◇ The lifeguard told \_\_\_\_\_

9. No longer does he dream of becoming famous.

→ He used \_\_\_\_\_

10. "All of you have to do your homework yourselves" said the teacher.

→ The teacher advised the students that \_\_\_\_\_

11. He last came back to his mother land twenty years ago.

→ He has \_\_\_\_\_

12. She tried her best. She didn't want to fail her exam.

→ She tried her best in \_\_\_\_\_

13. "why don't you go this way?"

→ The officer asked me \_\_\_\_\_

14. They often went fishing when they were young.

→ They used \_\_\_\_\_

15. Peter is too short to play basketball.

→ Peter isn't \_\_\_\_\_

16. We began to learn English three years ago.

→ We have \_\_\_\_\_

17. I advise you to put your money in the bank.

→ You ought \_\_\_\_\_

18. It's useful to know a foreign language.

→ Knowing \_\_\_\_\_

19. Tom began to collect stamps in 2004.

→ Tom has \_\_\_\_\_

20. Nam said: "Please turn off the lights"

→ Nam asked her sister \_\_\_\_\_

21. "Please open your English book", the teacher said to Nam.

◇ The teacher asked Nam \_\_\_\_\_

22. Jack lived in Chicago but he doesn't live in Chicago now.

◇ Jack used \_\_\_\_\_

23. Lan is too young to drive a car.

◇ Lan isn't \_\_\_\_\_

24. She started learning English two years ago.

◇ She has \_\_\_\_\_

25. "Show me your passport, please ."

→ The officer asked me \_\_\_\_\_

26. I went / walked to school in fifteen minutes .

→ It took \_\_\_\_\_

27. My grandma had to do everything without the help of modern equipment.

→ My grandma used \_\_\_\_\_

28. No one helped Hung with the homework.

→ Hung did \_\_\_\_\_

29. "Don't worry about us " They said to their mother.

→ They told \_\_\_\_\_

30. Swimming in Lo Gom River is very dangerous.

→ It is \_\_\_\_\_

31. The last time we visited Thailand was two years ago.

→ I have \_\_\_\_\_

33. Mr. Baker often went hunting when he was young.

→ Mr. Baker used \_\_\_\_\_

34. Their mother said to them, "Don't make so much noise".

→ Their mother asked \_\_\_\_\_

35. "You shouldn't smoke cigarettes" said the doctor to Mr. Brown.



→ The doctor told Mr. Brown \_\_\_\_\_

36. He works carefully.

→ He is a \_\_\_\_\_



## SIGNS AND SIGNALS EXERCISE 6, 7, 8, 9

- |     |  |   |   |
|-----|--|---|---|
| 1.  | <p>A. a head only</p> <p>B. no turn left</p>                             |    | <p>C. no entry</p> <p>D. no U-turn</p>                |
| 2.  | <p>A. caution toxic</p> <p>B. dangerous chemical</p>                     |    | <p>C. warning toxic</p> <p>D. no mobile phone</p>     |
| 3.  | <p>A. don't pick flower</p> <p>B. keep out of the grass</p>              |   | <p>C. B and D</p> <p>D. no littering</p>              |
| 4.  | <p>A. Radioactive sign</p> <p>B. High voltage</p>                        |   | <p>C. chemical weapon</p> <p>D. caution road sign</p> |
| 5.  | <p>A. no drinking wine</p> <p>B. no smoking</p>                          |  | <p>C. no parking</p> <p>D. no fire area</p>           |
| 6.  | <p>A. please be quiet</p> <p>B. keep silent please</p>                   |  | <p>C. A, B and D</p> <p>D. do not talk</p>            |
| 7.  | <p>A. pedestrian crossing ahead</p> <p>B. no walking</p>                 |  | <p>C. B and D</p> <p>D. no entry</p>                  |
| 8.  | <p>A. cycle crossing</p> <p>B. no turn right</p>                         |  | <p>C. crossroads ahead</p> <p>D. no cycling</p>       |
| 9.  | <p>A. no overtaking</p> <p>B. no turn left</p>                           |  | <p>C. no entry</p> <p>D. no U-turn</p>                |
| 10. | <p>A. don't pick flower</p> <p>B. keep out of the grass</p> <p>grass</p> |  | <p>C. B and D</p> <p>D. don't walk on the</p>         |

11. A. please put trash in litterbug  
B. do not throw trash
12. A. don't drink wine alcohol  
B. A and C
13. A. caution toxic  
B. dangerous chemical
14. A. do not touch  
B. dangerous chemical children's reach
15. A. do not touch  
B. don't drink
16. A. no drink  
B. no food
17. A. no lighters allowed  
B. no matches
18. A. don't catch fish  
B. don't put into socket
19. A. a head only  
B. no turn right
20. A. roundabout  
B. no parking
21. A. crossroad ahead  
B. narrow road ahead
22. A. a head only
- C. don't be a
- D. A, B and C
- C. no drinking
- D. no eating
- C. warning toxic
- D. A, B and C
- C. warning toxic
- D. keep out of
- C. go ahead
- D. no U-turn
- C. no eating
- D. drink allowed
- C. A, B, and D
- D. no fire area
- C. crossroads ahead
- D. No U-turn
- C. crossroads ahead
- D. no U-turn
- C. no turn right
- D. go straight ahead
- C. roundabout ahead
- D. no U-turn
- C. crossroads ahead



- B. no turn left
23. A. school ahead  
B. Y-intersection crossing ahead
24. A. roundabout  
B. crossroads ahead
25. A. no parking  
B. no waiting allowed
26. A. knives not allowed  
B. no sharp objects
27. A. stop and give away  
B. emergency exit
28. A. no entry  
B. no walking crossing ahead
29. A. school ahead  
B. slippery road
30. A. parking lot  
B. can park here
31. A. can wait here  
B. water closet
32. A. stop and give away  
B. emergency exit allowed
33. A. first aid station  
B. emergency
34. A. must stop
- D. no U-turn
- C. right hand curve  
D. pedestrian
- C. double bend  
D. one way traffic
- C. road works  
D. children aren't
- C. never leave  
D. A, B and C
- C. first-aid  
D. no exit here
- C. can cycle  
D. pedestrian
- C. no dog walking  
D. A, B and C
- C. can't park here  
D. A and B
- C. stop  
D. don't use toilet
- C. no cutting tree  
D. cutting tree
- C. first aid station  
D. A, B and C
- C. no dog walking



- B. slippery road
- D. can go
- 35.
- A. no parking  
B. can park here
- C. can't go  
D. can go
- 36.
- A. no drones  
B. no fly zone
- C. airport warning  
D. A, B and D
- 37.
- A. no camera  
B. emergency exit prohibited
- C. A and D  
D. photography
- 38.
- A. no entry  
B. no walking
- C. maximum speed  
D. pedestrian crossing ahead
- 39.
- A. school ahead  
B. bend to right
- C. no dog walking  
D. must slow down
- 40.
- A. parking lot  
B. can park here
- C. bus prohibited  
D. do not pass
- 41.
- A. don't free fish prohibited  
B. D and C
- C. catching fish  
D. don't catch fish
- 42.
- A. stop and give away  
B. no turn
- C. no van allowed  
D. no exit here
- 43.
- A. intersection  
B. A and C crossing ahead
- C. crossroad ahead  
D. pedestrian
- 44.
- A. no electricity socket  
B. sharp object
- C. do not put into the  
D. toxic
- 45.
- A. radioactive  
B. flammable
- C. general danger  
D. electrical hazard
- 46.
- A. old man ahead risk
- C. elderly people at

B. A and C

D. pedestrian zone

47.

- A. stop and give away
- B. road works environment

- C. no walking
- D. danger for the

48.

- A. school ahead
- B. no walking crossing ahead



- C. no children
- D. pedestrian

49.

- A. no entry
- B. slippery road



- C. wild animals
- D. uneven road

50.

- A. parking lot
- B. crossroad



- C. can't park here
- D. road narrow ahead