## REVISION FOR 2<sup>ND</sup> TERM TEST ENGLISH 9

		<u>d is pronounces from t</u>		<u>S.</u>
1. A. me <u>th</u> od	B. dea <u>th</u>	C. <u>th</u> ink	D. <u>th</u> ose	
2. A. n <u>a</u> ture	B. n <u>a</u> tural	C. expl <u>ai</u> n	D. n <u>a</u> tion	
3. A. kit <u>ch</u> en	B. tor <u>ch</u>	C. me <u>ch</u> anic C. cl <u>ea</u> n	D. chur <u>ch</u>	
4. A. oc <u>ea</u> n	B. b <u>ea</u> ch	C. cl <u>ea</u> n C. com <u>b</u>	D. r <u>ea</u> son	
5. A. clim <u>b</u>	B. subur <u>b</u>	C. com <u>b</u>	D. dou <u>b</u> t	
6. A. sprayed	B. reduced	C. minimized	D. covered	
7. A. re <u>c</u> ent	B. replacing	C. efficient C. tumble C. refuse	D. faucet	
8. A. <u>u</u> ltimate	B. structure	C. t <u>u</u> mble	D. suggest	
9. A. f <u>u</u> el	B. supper	C. ref <u>u</u> se	D. d <u>u</u> ty	
10. A. decide	B. precise	C. cities	D. besides	
11. A. p <u>i</u> cnic	B. s <u>i</u> milar	C. myst <u>e</u> rious	D. Dynamite	
II. Give the corre	ct form of the verbs	in brackets.		
1. The students (le	arn)	English for three ye	ars.	
2. When Nam and	Ba (come), I (take)	a sh	ower.	
3. If we go on litte	ring, our environmer	nt (be)	seriously polluted.	
4. My father used	(work)	for that company	when he (be) young.	
5. Yesterday when	I (arrive)	at the station	n, the train (already/leav	ve)
	, so I (miss)	it.		
6. If I am free, I (g	(o)	to the cinema.		
7. What about (pra	ictice)	English every day	<i>/</i> .	
8. I wish I (can)	pl	ay the piano.		
9. She (not come)	·	here yesterday.		
10. They (already	see)	that play.		
11. I (interview)	tc	omorrow.		
12. I suggest (turn	)	off TV before going or	ıt.	
13. If he comes he	re in spring, he (have	e)	a chance to go to the flo	ower fair.
14. If he (know) _		_ this story, he' d help y	ou.	
15. I (not see)		Mary since last month.		
16. They (work) _	1	_ in the garden at two o nish)	'clock yesterday.	
17. If she has time	this morning, she (fi	nısh)	this drawing.	
		·		
19. If I (have)	enc	ough money now, I (buy	")	_ a computer.
20. If he (be)	the prime	e minister, he (spend) m	ore money on educatio	n.
21. The bell (ring)	(1)	while I (have) we (live) in the c	lunch.	
22. When the war	(ena)	we (live) in the c	ountryside.	
23. Marconi (invei	nt)	radio a long time ag	[O.	
		to me for over a mor		
25. The war (break	()	out before I(be) born	l. •	
26. A good diction	iary (buy)	yesterday monner yet?	orning.	
27. You (nave)	a:	nner yet?		
	)		(~~)	to Evenes
		French before he	(go)	to France.
50. 50 Iai, I (II0l, S	see)	a callici.		
III. Rewrite the fol				
1. They began livi	ng in this village 20 y	ears ago.		
$\rightarrow$ They have				

→ I have	
3. Tom began playing tennis at 6 o'clock.	
→ Tom has	
4. They last repaired the castle in 1968.	
→ They haven't	
5. Hurry up or we will miss the bus.	
→ If	
6. I will buy that book. I will give it to you.	
→ If	
7. Unless you study harder, you won't pass the final exam.	
→ If	
8. He is unhealthy because he doesn't do morning exercises.	
→ If	
9. I don't visit my friend because I have to go to school today.	
→ If	
10. Peter doesn't have the key, so he can't get into the house.	
→ If	
11. Why don't we take a taxi to the cinema?	
→ I suggest	
12. What about speaking English in class?	
→ I suggest that we	
13. I spent half an hour writing this letter.	
→ It took me	
14. It's time to start.	
→ It's time we	
15. Hoa is very tall. She can play basketball.	
→ Hoa is tall enough	
16. Going fishing in the summer is very interesting.	
→ It is	
17. His leg was broken, but he managed to get out of the car.	
→ Although	
18. She is working late next Saturday, so she can't come to the party.	
→ Because Lan	
19. In spite of being tired, John finished his homework.	

2. I started to drive to work a month ago.

$\rightarrow$ Although	
20. Lan broke the glass because of her carelessness.	
→ Because Lan	
21. She couldn't come to class because of her illness.	
→ Since	
2. Children often give their mothers flowers on the Women	
→ Children's mothers	
23. Although it was a bad day, we went out for a picnic.	
→ In spite of	
24. Despite her doctor's warnings, Carol has continued to s	
→ Even though	
25. Although his leg was broken, he managed to get out of	
→ In spite of	
IV. Fill in the blanks the correct relative pronouns/ adver	
<ol> <li>The man your mother is talking to is my</li> <li>Ha Long Bay is a beautiful spot thousand</li> </ol>	
3. The students are standing in front of the	
4. Hoa's parents, are farmers, work very h	
5. The children like to play football is very	
6. These are the latest news you might wa	
7. Ba and his friends are fond of the performing animals	
8. The beach the students are cleaning up	
9. The parrot can speak some words belon	
10. This is the best movie I have seen.	
11. He is enjoys reading books are on comp	outer science.
12. Mother's Day is the day the children sl	how their love to their mother.
13. Tet is a Vietnamese festival takes place	in late January or early February.
14. The little girl is wearing the red dress si	ings beautifully.
15. Thu enjoyed her trip to Da Lat her gran	dparents lived long ago.
16. Lan's parents came back to Ha Noi they	y visited last year.
17. They like Asian food is sold in that man	rket.
18. Mary, sits next to me, is good at maths.	
10.34 (0)	building, is not very big.
19. My office, is on the second floor of the	•

2. That man seems very lonely. His wife and family are away.
<ul><li>→</li><li>3.He is a reliable friend. I can trust him with anything.</li></ul>
→
4.That mountain is difficult to climb. It has many dangerous slopes.  →
5. Those pigeons have been stolen. They were very valuable  →
6. Our dog, Lucky is seven years old. He is a great favorite with the family.  →
7. The man is coming for tea. He wrote this poem.  →
8. my brother Jack is a pop singer. You saw him yesterday.  →
9. The magazine is very interesting. You lent it to me.  →
10. The dress is lovely. You are wearing it.  →
11. Is the hat very expensive? You were wearing it yesterday.  →
12. The restaurant always serves good food. We enjoy having dinner there.  →
13. The man is a teacher. You spoke to him in the street. →
14. There is the lady. Her purse has been stolen.  →
15. Where is the man? He sold me these sun-glasses.  →
16. The paint on the seat is still wet. You are sitting on it.  →
→
18. Her father has just returned. He has been to Paris.  →
19. Bill wants to go out with me. We saw him at the dance.

,	
20	. Flies carry disease. They come mostly in the summer.
$\rightarrow$	
21	. Swimming is a good sport. It makes people strong.
$\rightarrow$	
	. Grass is always green in England. Cows and horses love it.
$\rightarrow$	
23	. Air is made up of many gases. We breathe it.
$\rightarrow$	
24	. Jackie Chan is a famous actor. I know his sister well.
$\rightarrow$	
25	. The house needs mending. We are living in it.
$\rightarrow$	
26	. This tree should be cut down. The branches of the tree are dead.
$\rightarrow$	
27	. Tell me the reason. You left the city for it.
$\rightarrow$	
28	. That river is not safe for swimming. Its water is polluted.
$\rightarrow$	
29	. Can you suggest the time? We'll meet at that time.
$\rightarrow$	
30	. Mr Johnson is going to Spain. His daughter has been living there for 4 years.
$\rightarrow$	
./T	Put the following sentences into reported speech.
1.	"Are you going to visit your aunt tomorrow?" asked Tom.
$\rightarrow$	
	"Listen to me and don't make a noise," said the teacher to his students.
$\rightarrow$	
3 "	T'm tired of eating fish" said Mary to Helen.
$\rightarrow$	
4.	"The sun always rises in the east," said our teacher.
$\rightarrow$	
5.	"Where are you going for your holidays?" asked Martha.

## VII. Gap-fill:

give up take off turn on live on carr	.,
1. "" he said. "This is not the time for sleeping"	
2. "" in that chair, please." said the doctor.	
3. The bus is moving too fast and I couldn't it.	
4. I'm going to smoking tomorrow.	
5. I'm going to the station and ask about the tra	ains.
6. May I the ceiling fan? It's so hot here.	
7. They the money his father gives them.	
8. Your plane at 6:00.	
9. You haven't my instructions.	
10. We are to our holiday.	

## VIII. Fill in the blanks with the words given.

and or but so	because	however	therefore	then	before	after
1. What would you like, tea coffee?						
2. I was late for class this morning the bus was late.						
3. Nam didn't study hard,		she didn't	pass his exam			
4. Nga was very tired.	, sł	ne tried to fi	nish her home	work.		
5. We can't walk home	it is	very dark.				
6. It's raining heavily,	she c	can't go for	a walk.			
7. I got out of the car	— walk	ted into the	house.			
8. The weather was lovely.		, we stayed	l in the garden	•		
9. we went to	bed; I lo	cked all doo	ors.			
10. We turned off the lights and	•	lef	t the room.			
11. I had a shower		I played for	otball.			
12. The little boy was wet and cold,			he wasn't hurt			
13. It was very cold.	, v	we didn't go	out.			
14. I sat in the kitchen		read a book				
15. I do some exercises		I go to wor	k in the morni	ng.		

IX. Supply the correct form of the word in brackets.	
1. We must stop the of our beaches.	(pollute)
2. Drinking too much whisky is to your health.	(harm)
3. She is reading a story. 4 on your new job!	(humor)
4. on your new job!	(congratulate)
	disaster. (nature)
<ul> <li>5. Typhoon, hurricane, and cyclone are different words for the same</li> <li>6. Alexander Fleming was the of penicillin.</li> <li>7. Earthquakes often come together with volcanic</li> <li>8. Christopher Columbus was one of the great</li> </ul>	(discover)
7. Earthquakes often come together with volcanic .	(erupt)
8. Christopher Columbus was one of the great	
<ul><li>8. Christopher Columbus was one of the great</li><li>9. Among the deaf and dumb, is done by means of sign language.</li></ul>	(communicate)
10. countries need help from ones.	(develop)
11. She became rich after the of the first book.  12. How often do you go in the woods?	(publish)
12. How often do you go in the woods?	(hike)
13. In 1863 President Lincoln gave to all American slaves.	(free)
14. The festival is held in March.	(tradition)
15. The company will invest 2 million dollars to its factories.	(modern)
16. She got into an with her brother.	(argue)
17. Her favorite type of clothing is an blouse.	(embroider)
18. My brother likes wearing jeans.	(fade)
19. Everyone was very to me.	(friend)
20. We were most by the beauty of the landscape.	(impress)
21. The story about UFOs caught the of the whole class.	(imagine)
22. There are a lot of places in the world.	(interest)
23. He is a famous	(science)
24: She has many projects.	(science)
24: She has many projects. 25. It's a right !	(decide)
	(000100)
X. Fill in each gap with a suitable preposition.	
1. I am looking forward your reply.	
2. Clean air provides us a healthy supply of oxygen.	
3. The girl is waiting her father the school gate.	
4. Sorry, I'm a hurry.	
5. What a pity! We left him saying goodbye.	
6. The school library is open every student.	
6. The school library is open every student. 7. I'm very grateful you for your invaluable help.	
8. He smiled me and then spoke me a foreign langua	ige.
9. People are looking more oil deposits.	
10. You have to put your toys and go to bed. It's late.	
11. Why don't we turn television? The seven-o'clock news is on now.	
12. They turn the water while they repair a burst pipe.	
13. If we keep using more and more cars, we'll run out of gas.	
14. There is a power cut and all the lights went	
15. Who is looking the baby when you are away?	
16. Are you still looking a job?	
17. Her father gave smoking last month.	
17. Her father gave smoking last month.  18. Lan often looks her younger sister when her mother is out of town.	
19. It will be raining the coast of Vung Tau.  20. The children are going to a park the other side of the river.	
20. The children are going to a park the other side of the river.	

16. I had to walk to work \_\_\_\_\_ the car wouldn't start.